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AT THE DEMOCRAT BUILDING,
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LOUISVILLE DAILY DEMOCRAT.

VOL. XXIV. LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY: SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 9, 1868. NO. 259.

AMUSEMENTS.

LOUISVILLE THEATER.

LA GRANGE! BRIGNOLI!
FOR TWO NIGHTS IN OPERA.
THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, MAY 14 and 15.

Mr. Fuller takes great pleasure in announcing that he has succeeded in securing the world-renowned La Grange-Brignoli Company for two nights, to give on Thursday and Friday, May 14 and 15, two Grand Operatic performances.

PROGRAMME:

Thursday Evening, May 14, 1868, will include the first act of
LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR!
Second act of
BELLINI'S NORMA!
The fourth act of
IL TROVATORE!
Including the celebrated "Miserere."
Musical Director.......................SIG. NICOLAO.

Friday Evening, May 15, 1868, will be performed Rossini's charming comic opera,
IL BARBIERRE DI SEVIGLIA!
M'LLE BONHEUR and SIG. CICCONI in several Choice Morceaux between the acts.

Admission, $1 00; Secured seats, 50 cents extra; Family Circle, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at the box office of the theater, commencing Tuesday morning, May 12, at 9 o'clock.
my9 td

I. O. R. M.

THE FIFTY-SIXTH ANNUAL FESTIVAL
OF THE
IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN
WILL BE HELD MONDAY, MAY 11,
AT WOODLAND GARDEN.

The following tribes will participate in the celebration:

KENTUCKY TRIBE, No. 4;
TECUMSEH TRIBE, No. 6;
DELAWARE TRIBE, No. 7;
SENECA TRIBE, No. 9.

The procession will move from the hall of Delaware Tribe, No. 7, corner of Market and First, and proceed as follows: Down Market to Fourth; thence to Jefferson; up Jefferson to Brook; thence to Market; up Market to Hancock; thence to Main; up Main to Shelby; thence to Market, and thence direct to the Woodland Garden.

To this festival not only members of the order, but their friends and the public in general are respectfully invited. By order of the
my6 td COMMITTEE.

LOUISVILLE THEATER.

GEORGE F. FULLER, Manager.
POSITIVELY LAST WEEK.
GREATEST DRAMATIC TRIUMPH.
HOUSES CROWDED NIGHTLY

With the elite and fashion of the city. The best critics of America, especially those who have had the opportunity of visiting the theaters of Paris, Milan and London, are enthusiastic in their praises of the great production of

LA BICHE AU BOIS,
or the
ENCHANTED FAWN,

With DE POL'S GREAT EUROPEAN BALLET TROUPE, The piece produced under the supervision of Mr. B. F. WHITMAN.

LAST WEEK OF WHITMAN'S
GRAND TRANSFORMATION SCENE.

Saturday afternoon GRAND MATINEE. Secure seats during the day in order to avoid the great rush at the Box Office in the evening.

PRICES OF ADMISSION—Dress Circle and Parquette, $1; Second Tier, 50c; Gallery, 25c; Colored Box, 50c.

Box book now open. No extra charge for reserved seats. my3

MEETINGS.

NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Elizabethtown and Paducah Railroad Company will take place the first Saturday in June (6th), at the office of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company, in Louisville.
my6 1w A. A. GORDON, Sec'y.

NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF KENTUCKY.—Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the National Life Insurance Company of Kentucky will be held at their office in this city, on Monday, May 11th, 1868, for the election of directors to serve the ensuing year.
my2 td J. S. MOORE, Secretary.

STEAMBOATS, &C.

For Cairo, Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans.
The low-pressure steamer
RICHMOND,
J. STUT NEAL.......................Master
JOHN S. WOOLFOLK.......................Clerk
Leaves as above on Tuesday, 12th inst., at 5 P. M.
JUDGE & FORSEE, Agents, 44 Wall st.

FOR CAIRO, MEMPHIS, VICKSBURG AND NEW ORLEANS.

BELLE LEE,

A. MCGILL, Master; ADOLPH MARTIN, Clerk.

The Belle Lee will leave as above on her next trip SATURDAY, May 16, at 5 o'clock P. M.
my1 td

FOR CINCINNATI.
Old Reliable United States Mail Line Steamers. Fare $3 50, including meals and stateroom—one dollar less than by railroad.

UNITED STATES MAIL MORNING LINE AT 9 A. M. One of the magnificent steamers,
MAJ. ANDERSON, R. M. WADE, Master,
GEN. BUELL, E. P. CRIDER, Master,
Landing at all intermediate points.

EVENING LINE AT 3 P. M.
One of the new and splendid double-decked palace steamers
AMERICA, D. WHITTEN, Master,
UNITED STATES, F. CARTER, Master,
Landing only at Madison.

Both lines making sure connections at Cincinnati with all the early morning trains for the Eastern cities.

Tickets for sale and baggage checked on board steamers for all points East.

All the above boats leave from the Company's wharf-boat, foot of Third street.
mf29 tf JOE CAMPION, Agent.

PITTSBURG COAL.

T. C. POMEROY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALER IN PITTSBURG COAL,

No. 99½ Third st., between Market and Jefferson,

fe29 3m LOUISVILLE, KY.

DENTISTRY.

DR. H. SAUNDERS,
DENTIST.

Persons wishing Dentistry had better call at No. 68 Jefferson street, where they can have as good, if not better than in any other office in the city.

Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas. ap26 tf

J. F. CANINE,
DENTIST,
And Manufacturer of Porcelain Teeth,
170 Fifth street, bet. Green and Walnut, west side,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

TEETH extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas. ja14 tf

OHIO VALLEY WHITE LEAD WORKS,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
LEWIS, SCHOONMAKER & CO., Prop'rs.

CIRCULAR PRICE LIST.

Prices subject to market changes without notice.

Lewis, Schoonmaker & Co.'s perfectly pure	15c
Ohio Valley White Lead Works, pure	14c
Alaska Snow White, pure	13c
DeSoto, pure	11c
Arctic Works, pure	10c
Champion Mills, pure	9c
Great Western	7½c
Pure Dry White Lead	13c
Lewis, S. & Co.'s pure French Zinc, in oil	16c
" " " " in Demar V.	20c
" " " American Zinc, in oil	16c
Imperial Pure Zinc	12c
Arctic Pure Zinc	7½c
Pure Putty, in bladders	5½c
Pure Putty, in 25lb tin cans	5¾c
Pure Putty, in bbls and tubs	5c
Bar Lead, manuf'd from the softest pig lead	11c

White Lead and Zinc, in oil, in 25lb tin cans, packed in 100lb cases ½c advance on above prices.

The usual discount made to the trade. Terms—Cash, with current rate of exchange. Special arrangements made for low rates of freight. Office and Factory, Eighth st., near Broadway. ap14 1m

IRVINE & MERWIN,
LUMBER DEALERS,
Corner Main and Hancock streets,
Have on hand a large stock of Rough and Dressed
PINE LUMBER,
JOIST, SCANTLING,
AND LATHS;
16 and 18 inch Pine and Poplar Shingles;
Doors, Blinds, Sash, &c.
ap18 3m

CITY ITEMS.

Appointments for Preaching on Sunday.

The Bishops and other clergy of the M. E. Church, South, now in this city, will occupy pulpits to-morrow (Sunday) as follows:

METHODIST CHURCHES.

Walnut-street—11 o'clock A. M., Bishop Pierce, of Georgia. 8 o'clock P. M., Rev. A. P. L. Green, of Nashville, Tenn.

Broadway—11 o'clock A. M., Bishop D. S. Doggett, of Virginia. 8 o'clock P. M., Rev. J. B. McFerrin, D. D., of Nashville, Tenn.

Chestnut-street—11 o'clock A. M., Bishop E. M. Marvin, of Missouri. 8 o'clock P. M., Rev. W. A. Smith, D. D., of St. Louis, Mo.

Shelby-street—11 o'clock A. M., Bishop H. H. Kavanaugh, of Kentucky. 8 o'clock P. M., Bishop G. F. Pierce, of Georgia.

Twelfth-street—11 o'clock A. M., Bishop H. N. McTyeire, of Tennessee. 8 o'clock P. M., Bishop H. H. Kavanaugh, of Kentucky.

Portland—11 o'clock A. M., Rev. E. W. Sehon, D. D., of Baltimore. 8 o'clock P. M., Bishop H. N. McTyeire, of Tennessee.

Asbury—11 o'clock A. M., Rev. J. B. McFerrin, D. D., of Nrshville. 8 o'clock P. M., Bishop E. M. Marvin, of Missouri.

Roselane—11 o'clock A. M., Rev. S. L. Murrell, o Franklin, Ky. 8 o'clock P. M., Rev. Thos. Taylor of Tennessee.

Rudy's Chapel—11 o'clock A. M., Rev. S. Speer, D. D.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCHES.

Second Church—(Dr. Robinson's)—11 o'clock A. M., Rev. W. A. Smith, D. D., of St. Louis. 8 o'clock P. M., Rev. W. C. Johnson, of Memphis, Tenn.

Chestnut-street—(Dr. McKee's)—11 o'clock A. M., Rev. Charles Taylor, D. D., of Millersburg, Ky.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Walnut-street—11 o'clock A. M., Rev. A. L. P. Green, D. D., of Nashville, Tenn. 8 o'clock P. M., Rev. E. W. Sehon, D. D., of Baltimore, Md.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL MASS MEETINGS.

Mass meetings of the Methodist Sunday schools will be held as follows at 3 o'clock P. M.:

Broadway—Corner Floyd and Broadway. The schools of Broadway, Shelby street, Roselane, Asbury and Bethel churches, will meet at Broadway. Addresses will be delivered by Bishop Doggett and Dr. Sehon, and other interesting exercises will occur.

Chestnut-street—Chestnut below Eighth. The schools of Chestnut, Walnut, Twelfth-street and Portland churches will meet at the Chestnut-street church, and be addressed by Drs. Taylor and Green, and have other exercises of interest.

Bishop Wightman has left the city and consequently is not announced for any service to-morrow.

Self-Lighting Gas Burner.

Another investigation has come to *light*, which, for economy and mechanical simplicity, surpasses anything of the kind ever brought before the public. It is a gas burner, self-lighting, no electricity, no friction, no chemicals; turn the key anytime you choose, and the gas is lighted. No alterations are required to fit them upon old gas fixtures, and there is a saving of from thirty to fifty per cent. in gas bills. This is not *gas*—but the *burner*.

Mr. J. Fallow, well known to most of our citizens, is the sole agent for the sale of them in this city. He can be found at Speed, Magens & Co., Third street, between Main and Market, and is fully prepared at short notice to put them on in place of old ones. The advertisement concerning them will be found elsewhere in the Democrat this morning.

Green & Green, corner Fourth and Main streets, will open some new bows and ties this morning.

To Plumbers, &c.

J. S. Lithgow & Co. advertise for sale the celebrated Guyahoga Falls sewer-pipe, which is said to be equal, if not superior, to any pipe made in this country. It is made of an extra clay, and will last forever.

Any person who controls a small capital can hear of a good chance to invest in a planing mill by applying to Mr. John B. Davies, at the Washington Foundery. The advertisement appears in the column headed "Wanted."

The "Seven boys" on exhibition in Green & Green's window, on Fourth street. Copies inside.

When you want the best card photographs for $2 per dozen, and would *avoid a mistake* in the gallery, remember J. C. Elrod, the old and well-known photographer, has but the *one* gallery, and will be found only in No. 136, which is his old gallery, the second one below Fourth, on Main street. Best light in the city for babies, and easily found if you only look for
my9 d6 J. C. ELROD.

NEW HATS.—At Green & Green's straw goods ready as soon as *it thaws*.

Rev. A. C. Osborn, D. D., of St. Louis, Missouri, will preach at the Chestnut-street Baptist Church Sunday morning and evening, May 10th. Services at 11 o'clock A. M. and ¼ before 8 P. M. my9 d2*

The largest, finest and cheapest stock of hats, caps and straw goods are to be found at L. Kooper's, No. 122 Market, between Floyd Preston, and No. 651 Market, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth. my8 1m

Notice to Stone Cutters.

The stone cutters of Louisville desire to notify to their brethren throughout the country that in consequence of the employers having reduced their wages, they have for self-protection been compelled to strike. There is no demand for workmen of our business in this city. There are more now here than can find employment at reasonable prices. We caution them, therefore, not to come to Louisville,

By order of the Stone Cutters' Association of Louisville. my7 d3

New lisle, gauze and barred muslin undershirts at Green & Green's.

The Democratic executive committee of Jefferson county will meet at 11 o'clock A. M., on Saturday, May 9th, at the office of the chairman, northeast corner of Market and Fourth streets.

J. FRY LAWRENCE, Chairman.

Porcelain pictures are made to perfection by Elrod & Bro.; also, all kinds of photographs, Cabinet Imperials, Cards, &c., plain and colored. No. 134 Main street, first gallery below Fourth. my3 1w

A. J. Spurrier,

House and sign painter, 58 Fourth street, corner of Main. ap5 tf

Shoes. Shoes.

I have one of the finest and best selections of ladies' leather and lasting gaiters on hand; most of them are of home manufacture, and first-rate quality, at the most liberal prices.

CARL ERDMAN,
No. 116 Grayson st., bet. Eighth and Ninth.
mr18 d2m

The *finest* silk hat is made at Green & Green's. They intend to keep up the old reputation of the house by keeping the finest goods.

Madison Ale.

Our old friend, L. Weber, on Fourth street, etween Main and the river, is prepared to supply families, hotels, saloons, steamboats, invalids and convalescents (delivered anywhere in the city) with the best Madison ale. He sends it by express to all points of the country. The physicians highly recommend it. Try it. feb26 tf

From this date, we sell Alexander's best kid gloves, either black, fancy and parti-colored, or white, at two dollars a pair.

J. WINTER,
Corner of Third and Market.
J. L. DEPPEN,
mr20 tf Corner of Fourth and Market.

WE ask the attention of purchasers to our large stock of

LUMBER AND SHINGLES,

Which we offer at the lowest market rates. We also keep constantly on hand a full stock of

PACKING BOXES, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS AND DRESSED LUMBER.

Lumber yard on Walnut street, between East and Floyd.
Warerooms on First street, below the Galt House.
ap22 1m BREEDEN & BRADLEY.

JOHN WALLACE,
MARBELIZED IRON MANTELS.
Manufacturer of WALLACE'S PATENT GRATE,
No. 119 Third st., bet. Market and Jefferson,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

I am prepared to execute promptly and satisfactorily, at home or abroad, every variety of Grate, Range and Mantel Setting. my3 3m

THE DEMOCRAT AND THE PEOPLE.

Our carriers note an increasee for the week ending May 2d of TWO HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-EIGHT additional subscribers. This makes a total increase in six weeks of **two thousand, two hundred and eighty-seven.**

This is unparalleled in the history of Louisville journalism. It only shows that the Democrat, in its new and cheap form, meets with general acceptation.

Indeed, we see no good reason why it may not go on to increase in the same ratio for many months to come.

RECAPITULATION.

Increase of the Daily Democrat for the week Ending March 28th	603
Increase of the Daily Democrat for the week ending April the 4th	456
Increase for the week ending April 11th	431
Increase for the week ending April 18th	246
Increase for the week ending April 25th	273
Increase for the week ending May 2nd	278
Total increase in six weeks	2,287

Advertising is to business what a good fertilizer is to the earth; it makes cent. per cent. returns.

Advertise in a paper of universal circulation; a paper which maintains right principles in all things; a paper acceptable alike to good men of all parties and creeds; and such a paper the Democrat is conceded to be by all men whose opinion is worth having.

The Paul Pry Business.

If there be one thing above another in the conduct of a public journal that should be studiously avoided, it is interference with the private affairs of the individual citizen. And yet we see daily violations of this plain rule by the conductors of the press. In order to gratify the prurient curiosity of the masses about the concerns of their neighbors, they parade in their columns the financial condition of the leading members of the community and give prominence to facts relative to their pecuniary standing. This has become a particular feature of sensational journalism, and is one of the most despicable modes of catering to the innate spirit of inquisiton and intermeddling, with which so many persons are afflicted.

In the publication of income returns this abominable system appears in its worst shape. With as much propriety might the cash book or ledger of the merchant be reproduced in the columns of a newspaper as these returns that are made to the Government officials in confidence. We do not blame the latter. It is the publisher, who desires to gratify his own prying disposition and that of a small class of readers, who we hold responsible for this gross violation of the decencies of life.

Our neighbor's business is his own, not ours. Whether he makes nothing or a hundred thousand per annum concerns himself, not us nor the public. We shall therefore carefully eschew this practice of parading the private affairs of the private citizen for the scrutiny of a curious world.

Weather Bulletin—May 8th.

ST. LOUIS—Cloudy and cool. Upper rivers all rising. Several towns on the Upper Mississippi, below Keokuk, are entirely surrounded by water, and communication with the back country cut off.

AUGUSTA, ME.—Heavy snow storm.

EVANSVILLE—Very pleasant. River rising.

LONDON—Delightful.

MEMPHIS—Clear and pleasant. River falling. Arkansas receding rapidly. White river falling.

NASHVILLE—Clear and cool. River rising.

CINCINNATI—Quite cool. River rising; 38 feet in the channel and 64 under the bridge.

LOUISVILLE—Cloudy and cool. This morning at 2 o'clock continues chilly, with clouds.

Virginia.

The Conservative Democrats of Virginia in session at Richmond have nominated for Governor Colonel Robert E. Withers. This is a most admirable selection and will unite the white masses. The nominee is the very able and gallant editor of the Lynchburg Daily News.

The convention nominated for Lieutenant-Governor, James Walker, of Pulaski; for Attorney-General, J. L. Marye, of Spottsylvania, and Marmaduke Johnson, for Congressman at large.

Rev. E. T. Perkins.

We are glad to announce the arrival in the city of Rev. E. T. Perkins, late of Leesburg, Loudon county, Virginia. He comes among us to assume the rectorship of Saint Paul's Church, with the highest possible reputation for scholarship, theological culture and piety. Mr. Perkins was especially recommended for his present position by his immediate predecessor, Bishop Whittle. Services will be held in Saint Paul's to-morrow (Sunday) morning and evening.

Florida.

A dispatch received in Washington yesterday by General R. C. Schenck, states that the new Radical constitution of Florida has been adopted, and that the Legislature is Republican. Now for two more Radicals in the United States Senate.

NEWS ITEMS.

By Telegraph to the Democrat.]

—Gold closed yesterday in New York at 139¾.

—The house of Wm. J. Lean, No. 68 South Thirty-eighth street, New York, was robbed Thursday night of $6,000 worth of jewelry.

—Dr. Israel W. Putnam, of Middleboro, Mass., died on Sunday, in his eighty-second year. He was for twenty years a trustee of Dartmouth College.

—The mills of C. & F. Moghery, seven miles from Philadelphia, on the Haverford road, was struck by lightning Thursday night. Building and contents totally destroyed.

—A revenue collector and his deputy in New York have released ten rectifying houses which had been seized for selling illicit whisky. They were heavily bribed.

—Thomas Brown and wife were murdered in Portsmouth, N. H., Thursday night, and their house robbed of seven hundred dollars in money and valuables. Josiah Pike, a former employe of Brown, was arrested on suspicion.

—The case of Commonwealth vs. city of Philadelphia, for the balance of arrears of taxes and interest due the Commonwealth, was tried in the Dauphin county Court of Common Pleas yesterday. A verdict was rendered against the city for $87,342 46.

—A large meeting of colored Conservatives was held in Savannah, Ga., Thursday evening. A United States flag was presented to the meeting by the white citizens. Speeches were made by white and colorod men, and great enthusiasm was manifested.

—In New York, England and others, arrested for running a distillery, have been released. Commissioner Osborn decided that England was in the employ of the United States Marshal, who had charge of the distillery, and that the revenue officer who made the arrest was a trespasser.

—After debate yesterday the national Lutheran Synod, in session at Harrisburg, Pa., admitted the delegate from the Illinois Synod. Rev. Dr. Popleman, of Alabama was elected president for the next two years; R. M. Sheligh, of New Jersey, secretary, and A. F. Ackershous, of New York, treasurer. The convention will continue in session for a week.

—The steamer City of New York, from Liverpool, arrived at Halifax yesterday.

—Col. A. G. Hazard, the celebrated powder manufacturer, of Enfield, Conn., died in New York Thursday.

—The Episcopal convention, of Georgia, met in Savannah Thursday. Bishop Beckenth presided.

—The Springfield and London railroad, in Ohio, was sold yesterday, with all its fixtures, by the U. S. Marshal, for $100,000. Jacob W. Pierce, of Boston, was the purchaser.

—One of the series of State conventions of Fenians, which are now being held in the principal States, convened in Hartford, Connecticut, yesterday. About fifty delegates were present and the utmost unanimity and enthusiasm prevailed. General O'Neil laid before the convention the present state of the organization, and his plan for the future, which met with the approval of all, and the delegates thereupon pledged an amount, proving that Connecticut is in earnest, and will not be behind her sister States.

—A tornado passed through Putnam county, Ind., Thursday afternoon. The hotel at Greencastle Junction was destroyed. The roof of the residence of V. Peck, near Greencastle, was lifted off and carried several hundred yards, and most of the timber on his farm and all of his fencing was leveled to the earth. Mr. Crawfly had four mules killed. Levi Browning had three horses and one cow killed. John O'Brien, five miles south of Greencastle, had his barn destroyed, the woods for several miles were badly damaged and in many places trees three feet in diameter were twisted off.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

—Mike Hogg & Co. are open again, all action against them in the United States Court having been set aside.

MORE ATTORNEYS.—J. W. Hays, jr., and John Boyle took the oath prescribed by law and were admitted attorneys to practice in the City Court.

—We had the pleasure of meeting Mr Harry Bates, of the National Theater, Cincinnati, in the city yesterday. He is looking healthy and handsome as usual.

AT THE JAIL.—Up to a late hour last night there were recorded upon the register at the jail 10 persons, all of whom had been arrested and committed there for imbibing more than the law allows.

—Capt. G. W. Womack offers his farm of two hundred acres, on the Shelbyville pike, for sale or exchange for city property. This land is delightfully situated, several building sites are upon it, and to those looking to a country location we know of nothing better offering just now.

REAL ESTATE SALE.—The elegant residence of Charles Miller, Esq., on Second Street, between Breckinridge and Kentucky, was sold yesterday at auction by S. P. Whaley at $19,050. Dr. Geo. W. Bayless was the purchaser. The terms were one-half cash and the balance in 6, 12, 18 and 24 months.

NOT A MAGAZINE.—Yesterday a peace warrant between two "American citizens of African descent" was tried in the City Court. When the prosecuting witness was on the stand he was questioned very closely as to what he said at a certain time. In reply he answered: "I can't 'member 'zactly all I said, kase my head hain't no magazine."

—The Sunday edition of the Democrat presents unusual advantages to advertisers. It is read by all classes throughout the city, and those whose goods and wares are ready and waiting the public demand, can do no better than to present them through the columns of the Democrat. Such advertisements as are intended for the Sunday edition should be handed in as early as convenient this evening.

LADIES' MASONIC AID SOCIETY.—At the last meeting of the Ladies' Masonic Widows' and Orphans' Society, Messrs. Grant and Butler were unanimously elected honorary members. This was a compliment most worthily bestowed. These gentlemen, and the pupils of their most excellent school, it will be remembered, recently gave a series of tableaux for the benefit of the Orphans' Home, which netted near one thousand dollars. Now, the ladies show their appreciation by a complimentary vote, which elects Messrs. Grant and Butler honorary members of the ladies' society.

THE LA GRANGE-BRIGNOLI TROUPE AT NEW ALBANY.—To-night our friends across the river will enjoy the exquisite pleasure of hearing a corps of the finest artistes that ever visited this country. The fine opera of Don Pasquale will be produced at the elegant Music Hall of New Albany, and we anticipate that there will be an immense gathering of the people of culture and taste of our neighboring city.

Last night this opera was produced at Weisiger Hall, before a very large and appreciative audience, who were charmed with the rendition of the various parts.

DOG FIGHT—SPORTMAN'S HALL.—Wednesday night there was a grand dog fight at the Butcher town pit, between J. Brown's celebrated dog "Ben," and the Butcher town dog "Prince," who was thought to be unconquerable. "Ben," though lame in one foot, won the fight in nineteen minutes, coming out of the contest with scarce a scratch. Mr. Brown, the owner of the dog "Ben," has opened in this city, on Main street, between Brook and Floyd, the Sportsman's Hall, where he has some of the most celebrated dogs in the country, as well as coons, wild cats and game cocks. His rat-pit is the first one established here, and in a short time sportsmen will be treated by him to rich sport. A champion rat-killing match will soon come off. Mr. Brown is prepared to raise, train or cure all dogs that are sent to him.

OPERA NEXT WEEK.—We felicitate our readers on the fact that Capt. Geo. F. Fuller, the popular and energetic manager of the Louisville theater, has succeeded in making arrangements with Mr. Shakosch, by which our citizens will have the pleasure of hearing the La Grange-Brignoli troupe next week, in several fine operas. On Thursday evening there will be presented the first act of Lucia di Lammermoor, with Madame La Grange as Lucia, and Brignoli as Edgarda; the second act of Norma, with Madame La Grange as Norma, M'lle Stella Bonheur as Adalgisa, and Sig. Lorini as Polione, and the fourth act of Il Trovatore, with Madame La Grange as Leonora and Brignoli as Maurice. On Friday evening will be presented Rossini's charming comic opera of Il Barbiere di Seviglia. Seats can be secured at the box-office of the theater, commencing Tuesday morning.

THE WHITE FAWN.—This spectacular sensation has had a run of two weeks at the Louisville Theater. There would have been a much larger audience there last night if the fact had not become known, through the day, that the *finale* of the entertainment, or the transformation scene, had been taken from the stage and sent lumbering on its way to St. Louis. A great many people who did go, went to see *that* only to come away disappointed. The entertainment closed last night with the *Can-Can*, and the managers of the Fawn had very little respect for our public to sneak off the best part of the show, simply because they had but one more night to stay here, and had pocketed all they thought they were going to get. It was, to say the least, a very small trick, and it will not be forgotten by the amusement loving public here. It would have been well enough to have sent the operator, who presides at the piano, along with the transformation scene, as he is fond of "fast time," for he fairly murdered the soul of music and poetry on Thursday night, in playing the accompaniments to the songs sung by Miss Jennie Kimball—the life and soul of the White Fawn. He may be a very fine educated musician, but he has a bad idea of how a song should be sung, and his accompaniments seem to be more like a *trade* with him than an accomplishment. As to Miss Jennie Kimball, Miss Hettie Martin, Miss Nellie Johnson, Mr. Murphy, Mr. Chas. De Groat, Frank Frayne, and the ballet, they are each and all good, and seemed at home in everything they undertook. What is left of the White Fawn will be given to the public this afternoon in a matinee, and to-night the drop curtain will hide for the last time in this city *La Biche au Bois*, or the Enchanted Fawn.

MEETING OF THE COUNCIL—POLICE MATTERS—MAYOR'S VETO MESSAGE OF THE NEW POLICE ORDINANCE—THE ORDINANCE PASSED OVER MAYOR'S VETO—OTHER PROCEEDINGS.—The General Council, pursuant to adjournment, met at the usual hour last evening, there being a full attendance in each board.

A communication was received from the Mayor, calling the attention of the Council to the fact that furniture cars were allowed to stand on Jefferson street, between Fifth and Sixth, and recommending that said stand be removed. The matter was referred to the revision committee.

Henry Woolford, treasurer of the sinking fund, made his report for the month of April, which showed the receipts to have been $20,713 72, and the expenditures, $47,833 65.

A message from the Mayor, vetoing the police ordinance, which was passed last Monday night, was read.

In the upper board the ordinance was passed over the veto of the Mayor by a vote of 9 to 1, Mr. Story, from the First ward, voting in the negative. In the lower board the ordinance was passed over the Mayor's veto by a vote of 19 to 4, Messrs. Daniel, German, Robinson and Vissman voting in the negative.

A large number of petitions were read and referred to the appropriate committees.

A resolution passed raising a joint committee of two from the lower and one from the upper board in conjunction with the City Attorney to confer with the Louisville and Portland railroad, &c., in regard to the construction of the basin. Dr. G. W. Walling and H. F. Vissman were appointed from the lower board.

The Council, without transacting any other business of importance, adjourned to meet again to-night.

A SUMPTUOUS OFFICE.—One of the most elegant, handsomely fitted up and attractive places of business in the city is No. 1 Masonic Tempel, occupied by Messrs. Wm. Sumner & Co., the general agents in Kentucky and Southern Indiana, for the sale of that popular and indispensable household article, the Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine. It resembles far more a gentleman's parlor than an office for the transaction of common place mercantile affairs. The floor is covered with a fine Brussels carpet, the walls are handsomely decorated, sofas and easy chairs invite one to rest and feel at home, beautiful chandeliers are pendant from the ceiling and above and beyond all is the graceful courtesy, the kindly manner and the general good fellowship of Mr. O. G. Holt, the local agent of the company.

To the rear is a new apartment, occupied by workmen engaged in repairs and for the instruction of agents. Below stairs is an ample store-room where every description of machine is kept.

The Wheeler & Wilson was never so popular, and so deservedly so, as at the present time. There are now thirty wagons in the State constantly employed in the delivery of machines to purchasers, and the demand increases with every day. It has become indeed quite as much of a household necessity as a cooking stove or dining table. It produces economy, health, pleasure and genuine comfort wherever it is introduced.

We especially advise our lady friends to call at this elegant office and inspect the merits of these beautiful savers of time and fatigue.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.—The following is a list of the real estate transfers in the city of Louisville, from the 1st May, 1868, to the 8th, inclusive:

Robert Ferguson to E. P. Walsh, Walnut st, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second, 30x161 feet	$600
H. Zoemisch to Henry Koch, Madison st, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth, 24 1-6x161 feet	1,500
Virginia Penny to John Gardner, First st, south of College, 22x110	1,100
R. A. Johnson to Robert Atwood, Breckinridge street, between Floyd and Preston, 105x200 feet	1,225
E. Opitz to Joseph Mendel, northwest corner of Eighth street and Broadway, 17x118 feet	6,000
Isham Henderson to Peter Speth, Magazine street, between Fifthenth and Sixteenth, 40x200 feet	1,000
Robert Ferguson to W. J. Tapp, southwest corner of Walnut and Twenty-first, 30x161 feet	600
F. Ewald to H. Bickell, Madison street, bet. Jackson and Hancock, 40x105 feet	4,000
John Kraus to L. Jung, Kellar street, bet. Shelby and Campbell, 25x156 feet	2,400
John J. Bolling to N. Weisenberger, southwest corner Franklin and Cabell streets, 20x150 feet	1,450
M. Christ to John Jann, Garden street, 27x300 feet	1,200
P. Schenckel to H. Holzheimer, Shelby st, between Jefferson and Green, 20x105 ft	2,250
Elijah Ireland to J. A. Ireland, Jefferson county, 17¼ acres	200
J. W. Briscoe to C. W. Fields, Jefferson county, 252 acres	2,000
M. Eberhart to P. S. Barber, between Grayson and Walnut streets, 74x87 ft	500
P. S. Barber to M. Eberhart, Walnut street, near Twentieth, 68¾x44 feet	500
I. Henderson to Henry Trifflick, Seventeenth street south of Portland avenue, 25x110 feet	[illegible]
A. Lockry to Joseph Kleeber, Shelby street, between Main and Market, 26x105	900
Peter Speth to V. D. Gaetano, Chestnut st, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth, 35x200 feet	2,275
V. D. Gaetano to Wm. H. Sale, Chestnut st, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth, 35x200 feet	1,925
A. Lochry to Squire Lochry, 300 acres in Jefferson county	6,000
Pat. Joyes to John Fidler, Portland, lot No. 91, square 105, 105x198 feet	800
D. K. Ashcraft, &c., to Isaac Cromie, Broadway, between Eleventh and Twelfth sts, 51x182 feet	3,600
Cath. Conrad to Christ. Conrad, Preston st, south of Caldwell, 50x160 feet	1,000
Jas. Anderson Jr., to R. A. Claxton, Chestnut street, between Seventeenth and Eighteenth, 58x200 feet	2,900
John Engeln to G. W. Conaway, Third st. extended, 50x190 feet	1,750
S. B. Buckner to W. N. Haldeman, Sixth street, between Chestnut and Broadway, 78 feet front through to Center	21,000

MARRIAGE LICENSES.—The following were the marriage licenses issued by the Clerk of the Jefferson County Court from the 1st of to the 8th of May, 1868:

Frank Christmann and Maggie Schwable.
Thos. Barret and Kate Flynn.
Eugene A. Elder and Kate L. Conn.
Wm. Kendrigan and Julia Quinn.
John Foren and Hanora Callahan.
James A. Crowell and Margaret Alice Glenn.
Peter Connelly and Cornelia Davy.
John A. Ely and Myra Duncan.
Wm. Crawford and Margaret A. Quise.
W. W. Cabell and Mary E. Penick.
John O'Neil and R. Annie Spencer.
Stephen Engel and Maggie Siegel.
Leonidas B. Austin and Mary Emma Toomey.
Algei Rush and Eddie P. Summers.
James A. Morrison and Mary Gowans.
Chas. Bullman and Josephine Braunbauer.
Joseph Ritter and Mary E. Boden.
A. N. Fisher and Eliza Jane Conklin.
O. L. Pitney and Mary E Fisher.
Ernest Hoffeldt and Malinda Grandermann.
John Probst and Maria Kappeller.

SANITARY MATTERS—MEETING OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH LAST NIGHT—HEALTH OFFICER'S REPORT—FULL PROCEEDINGS. The Board of Health met at their rooms at the usual hour last evening, Doctors Crowe, Bell, Forsyth, Cooke and Goodman being present. The following report from Dr. Penny, Health Officer, was read and adopted:

HEALTH OFFICER'S MONTHLY REPORT.

Hon. Board of Health:

GENTLEMEN—During the past month the Sanitary Inspectors have completed the inspection of vaults for the entire city, save in those localities where it was deemed unnecessary.

Upon revisiting the premises where work has been ordered done, they find that with but very few exceptions the notices have been promptly obeyed.

The work now being done is the inspection of cellars, yards and alleys. I am pleased to report that there is a fair prospect of having the alleys properly cleaned in both districts. I have made preparation for the supply and distribution of disinfectants, and will have the alleys disinfected immediately after they are cleaned.

There are several pumps in the city which are subject to overflow from the gutters at every heavy rain. This evil should be remedied or the pumps condemned.

Mortality for the month of April is 138.

ALEX. PENNY, Health Officer.

The following communication from Dr. Crowe, the President of the board, to the Mayor and Street Commissioners, was then read and approved:

HEALTH OFFICE,
LOUISVILLE, May 6, 1868.

Sir: Your attention is respectfully called to the vast amount of filth accumulating upon the streets and alleys of the city. This, if not removed before the warm weather sets in, will prove a fruitful source of disease.

Your attention is respectfully called to the urgent necessity of the immediate increase of the force under the direction of the Street Inspectors.

Very respectfully, &c.,
JOHN E. CROWE, M. D.,
President Board of Health.

Dr. Forsyth offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the committee on streets, for the Eastern and Western districts, be requested to report in favor of repairing all wells subject to overflow from heavy rains, or condemn said wells as public nuisances, and use proper means to prevent the use of water from said wells, by the citizens, until the Health Officer report the same pure and fit for use.

On motion of Dr. Cook, the resolution was adopted.

The following resolution, on motion of Dr. Goodman, was adopted:

Resolved, That the thanks of the board are tendered to the Sanitary Inspectors for the thorough, judicious, peaceful and faithful manner in which they have discharged their duties, and that they be requested to continue the same thorough vigilance, during the hot weather, that has characterised them thus far.

On motion of Dr. Goodman the resolution was adopted.

On motion of Dr. Bell the board adjourned to meet again May 22d, 1868.

The Democrat is supplied at Fifteen Cents per week.

[Reported for the Louisville Democrat.]

Proceedings of the Courts.

CITY COURT—HON. E. S. CRAIG, JUDGE.

Court met at 9 o'clock, and the following business was disposed of: Lafayette D. Enson, stealing a mule from Peter Glover; sent to the house of refuge. Merritt Woolfolk, stealing a cow and calf from some unknown person; continued till Monday. James Norton, assaulting Deborah and J. Enright; continued. Howard and W. L. James, suspected felons; discharged. John Schwarb, disorderly conduct; continued till Monday. James Alexander, negro, disorderly conduct; fined $3. George Wilson, who looks like a gorilla, was next presented for drunkenness; he was fined $3. John Osborne, charged with being drunk, owned up and paid a fine of $3. Pat. Quinley was fined $3 for a drunk. Amanda Johnson, presented for disorderly conduct, was discharged. James Monroe, seventy-two years old, got so full of mean whisky that he took a bed in one of the street gutters. It being his first offense, he was discharged. Owen Burns, with but one arm, got too drunk to navigate; upon promise to go back to his home in Shelby he was let off. Henry Divine, fined $3 for being dead drunk. Mary Collins, aged 18, a wanderer upon the face of the earth, with no home, was presented for drunkenness, and was committed to St. Xavier's Institute. James Anjurn, a crazy negro, was fined $3 and held in $100 for sixty days for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. Walker Wade, negro, stealing $3 50 from Major Wade (both said to be relations of Ben. Wade); bail in $100 to answer a misdemeanor. Lumber Simons, stealing a horse from John Held; discharged. Emma Atkins, stealing a diamond ring from General Boyle; continued until to-day and bond fixed in $300.

CRIMINAL COURT—FIFTH DAY OF THE MAY TERM—HON. GEO. W. JOHNSTON, JUDGE.

In the case of John Hughes and Jos. Burton, indicted for larceny, which was commenced Thursday, the jury yesterday returned a verdict of guilty against John Hughes, convicting him for two years, and found Burton not guilty.

Thos. and W. Williams, negroes, stealing corn from John Hikes on the 11th of December, 1867. Found guilty and convicted for one year each.

The indictment against Reuben Sanders for larceny was dismissed, and the goods alleged to have been stolen turned over to the prosecuting witness.

The case of John Wells for larceny was continued, and a capias issued for his arrest.

Elizabeth Randolph was next put upon trial for larceny, but the case had not closed when court adjourned.

Court meets again at 9½ o'clock this morning.

INDICTMENTS.

The grand jury of the Circuit Court, which was in session yesterday, returned the following indictments: Walter and J. H. Burton, arson; David Williams, larceny; Pat. McGrath, assault to kill; George Sherman, Mary Sherman and Conrad Steinmitz, larceny; Richard Stobzel, obtaining goods under false pretenses. The indictment against Valentine Weisman, for arson, was ignored.

CHANCERY COURT.

This court, the Hon. Henry Pirtle, Chancellor, was in session yesterday. A large amount of business was disposed of, but nothing of public interest was transacted.

SENT TO THE HOUSE OF REFUGE.

We mentioned a few days since the arrest of Lafayette D. Enson upon the charge of stealing a mule from Peter Glover. The case was tried in the City Court yesterday morning, and owing to the age of Enson he was committed to the house of refuge until he shall become twenty-one years of age.

—This is the regular motion day in the Court of Common Pleas, Hon. H. J. Stites, Judge.

TELEGRAPH NEWS.

ATLANTIC CABLE.

By Telegraph to the Democrat.]

ABYSSINIAN WAR—BRITISH BARBARITY.

LONDON, May 8.—Official dispatches were received at the India office from Gen. Napier, dated at Tolanta, Abyssinia, on the 21st of April. After the capture of Magdala, three guns and mortars belonging to the Abyssinian Government were destroyed, and the town razed to the rock on which it stood. General Napier reports that the Queen and the heir apparent to the throne are in camp. The army will reach Red Sea coast in May. All the troops are well, and the army trains will be up with the advance of the returning forces.

TRAIN HAS NO PROPERTY.

DUBLIN, May 8.—The case of G. F. Train was before the bankruptcy court to-day. In reply to a question Train said he had no property himself, and no control over that pertaining to his wife. He was recommitted for further examination.

LONDON, May 8, P. M.—Weather delightful. Consols 94. Money bonds, 70⅝a70¾. Others unchanged.

FRANKFORT, May 8, P. M.—Bonds 75⅞.

LIVERPOOL, May 8.—Cotton heavy; 1d lower; uplanns on the spot and afloat 12¼d. Orleans 12½d. Sales 6,000. The Manchester market for fabrics and yarns heavy and lower. Barley nominal at 5s 6d; Turpene 31s 6d. Others unchanged.

ANTWERP, May 8, P. M.—Petroleum dull at 44½f.

GEN. NAGLE RELEASED.

DUBLIN, May 8.—Nagle, and other Fenian prisoners of the Jacmet packet, were released from confinement on their own pledge to the authorities. They celebrated their freedom yesterday afternoon, by calling on Mr. Train.

LONDON, May 8.—The Times has official advices from Salanta, Abyssinia, to April 21st. Napier expected to start for the Red Sea coast with the entire army, about the 25th of May. The city of Magdala was burned by the British forces.

METHODIST CONFERENCE.

By Telegraph to the Democrat.]

OPERATIONS OF TRACT SOCIETY

CHICAGO, May 8.—The conference assembled at the usual hour. The corresponding secretary of the tract society submitted a report showing the total receipts of four years to be $5,385,3[illegible]; disbursements, $4,922,041; number of pages of tracts printed during four years, 33,858,000.

SUNDAY SCHOOL STATISTICS.

The report of the Sunday school union show the receipts of four years to be $7,840,154; disbursements, $8,719,106; total number of schools last enumeration, 155,292; officers and teachers, 171,695; scholars, 1,089,525; conversions reported during four years, 119,428.

ADMISSION OF SOUTHERN DELEGATES.

Rev. Dr. Hitchcock moved that the subject under discussion yesterday—the admission of Southern delegates—be taken up and adopted.

Rev. Geo. Peck, D. D., of New York, addressed the conference. He agreed with Dr. Curry on the point that the mission conference had no right of representation according to the law of the church, and gave a history of the legislation which originated the liberal mission conference in 1836, showing that the influence of the Southern delegates in the general conference of that year had caused the insertion of the prohibition. He argued, however, that the bishops had been authorized to organize regular conferences in the Southern States, and that they had done so in the manner usual in such cases from the beginning. Dr. Peck went on to show that in former years, and in the intervals of the general conference, bishops had organized annual conferences even without enabling act, and that these bodies had elected delegates to the general conference, and they had been cordially received.

Dr. E. O. Haven took the floor and spoke for an hour endeavoring to show by record, that no legal barrier is in the way of their admission.

At the close of the address, Dr. Baker, of the Pittsburg conference, moved the previous question, which was not seconded.

Dr. Carey, of St. Louis, obtained the floor, and addressed the conference on behalf of Southern claimants. He confined himself mainly to the constitutional aspects of the case, showing that no legislation of this body could be invalidated by the admission of the claimants.

Dr. Nelson, of Wyoming, offered a resolution designed to equalize the time of speakers on both sides.

This resolution called forth an animated debate, which was carried on amid a good deal of confusion. It was finally adopted; after which the conference adjourned to meet to-morrow.

SANDWICH ISLANDS.

By Telegraph to the Democrat.]

TWO THOUSAND EARTHQUAKES—VOLCANIC ERUPTIONS—NEW ISLANDS FORMED—RIVERS OF FIRE—GREAT LOSS OF LIFE.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 8.—The bark Comet, from Sandwich Islands, brings accounts of a terrible volcanic eruption at Mauno Loa. The demonstrations began on March 27th, and on the 28th over one hundred earthquake shocks were felt. During the two weeks following to April 13th two thousand earthquake shocks occurred. At Wauschina the earth opened in many places. A tidal wave, sixty feet high over tops of cocoa trees, swept a quarter of a mile inland, sweeping human beings, houses, and everything moveable before it. A terrible shock prostrated the church and houses, killing many. In all, one hundred lives were lost, besides thousands of horses and cattle.

The crater vomited fire, rocks and lava. A river of red-hot lava, five or six miles long, flowed to the sea at the rate of ten miles an hour, destroying everything before it, and forming an island, and a new crater two miles wide, and throws rocks and streams of lava a thousand feet high. Streams of lava flowed to the sea, and, at one time the illumination, at night, extended over fifty miles. The lava has pushed out from the shore one mile. Three miles from shore a conical island rose suddenly, emitting a column of steam and smoke, while the Kono packet was passing, splattering mud on the vessel.

The greatest shock occurred April 2. Prior to the eruption, there was a great shower of ashes and pumice. During the great shock tne swaying motion of the earth was dreadful. No person could stand in the midst of this tremendous shock. An eruption of red earth poured down the mountain, rushing across the plain three miles in three minutes, and ceased. Then came the great tidal wave and then the streams of lava. The villages on shore were all destroyed by this wave. The earth opened under the sea and reddened the water and the earth. The eruption swallowed thirty persons and the sea many more. Great suffering and terror prevailed in the whole region affected. A sloop, the Live Yankee, had been dispatched with provisions to rescue and relieve.

The Honolulu correspondence of the bulletin gives details of volcanic disturbances, showing that earthquake shocks extended to all the islands of the Havayon group; but no damage was known, except around Mauno La, numerous extensive land slides, accompanied by other phenomena, destroying life and property. A hill fifteen hundred feet high was thrown a thousand feet, over tops of trees, and landed in a valley below Gassis, destroying vegetable and animal life. Bottomless fissures opened in the mountain sides. One stream of lava flame, under ground, broke out in four jets, six miles from the sea, and threw lava and stones 1,500 feet high.

The new island thrown up is four hundred feet high, and is now joined to the main land by a stream of lava a mile wide. A large stream of water has burst from the mountain where the earth eruption occurred. About three hundred miles in circumference is desolated and at least half a million dollars worth of property destroyed.

The king of the Sandwich Islands has issued a proclamation for the relief of the sufferers. Many visitors have gone from Honolulu, and many will go from San Francisco. The worst is thought to be over, but the lava flow continues.

CUBAN CABLE.

By Telegraph to the Democrat.]

THE WEST INDIES.

HAVANA, May 8.—Late advices from St. Thomas report that the American steamers De Soto, Shawmuet and Saco are in port.

Santa Anna's property on the island has been sold at auction.

The finances of Hayti are daily growing worse. President Salnave was expected at the capital. The meeting of the Haytien Congress has been postponed.

St. Domingo advices say that business is utterly prostrated. The country is unsettled, and it is said that the people have been fooled by Baez, who brought no specie with him, and is expected to return to Curacoa before his inauguration as President.

ANARCHY IN VENEZUELA.

The revolution in Venezuela is increasing. A cessation of hostilities for fourteen days has been agreed upon, but the revolutionists and President Falcon were unable to arrange matters. The ministers had resigned. Anarchy reigned in several of the States. Efforts, however, are being made to re-establish peace. Congress had not yet assembled for want of a quorum.

ON THE LOOK OUT.

HAVANA, May 8.—The Spanish man-of-war Blaseo de Garay is said to be watching the American bark Alice Ball, of St. Thomas, with orders to sink or take her at all hazards, when she leaves, irrespective of the presence of the American ships-of-war.

Note.—Information has already been received that the Alice Ball, which was laden with munitions of war for the Peruvian government, sailed for her destination.—[REP.

SAILING OF NEGROES.

HAVANA, May 8.—Several wealthy negroes (free) sailed as cabin passengers in the English steamer for Southampton. Several hundred people of color visited the steamer to bid their friends adieu. The Captain General says that the negroes have returned to Africa, but that the em2grants themselves go to England, to make an attempt to enlist the sympathy of the people in the blacks.

NEW YORK.

By Telegraph to the Democrat.]

THE BIBLE.

NEW YORK, May 8.—At a meeting of the Board of Managers of the Bethel Society yesterday, two new auxiliaries were recognized, one in Ohio and the other in Iowa. The entire number of books granted was 11,469 volumes.

[redacted]

nearly all for New York.

The grain and hay crops in California and Nevada promise an unequalled yield.

NASHVILLE.

By Telegraph to the Democrat.]

THE RACES.

NASHVILLE, May 8.—There were three races on the Nashville course to-day. The first, a mile and a quarter dash, purse $200, was won by Pat Malloy, beating Jack Hale, Viola, Magazine, Little Edith and Ooltowah. Time 2:18¾.

Second, race, two miles and repeat, $500 purse, was won by Chickamauga in three heats, beating Maggie Hunter and Conflict. Time 3:50¼, 3:54½, 4. Conflict took the second heat.

Third race, mile heat, $100 purse, for untried three-year olds, was won by skirmisher, beating Elgin, Donovan and Little Edith. Time 1:52¾.

WASHINGTON.

FOR MAYOR.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Sayles Bowen, postmaster of Washington, was this afternoon nominated by the Republican city convention for Mayor.

SOUTH CAROLINA WHITES PROTEST.

Col. J. P. Thomas, J. G. Gibbs and Col. L. D. Childs, representing the State central executive cammittee of the Democracy of South Carolina, have come hither to present to Congress a remonstrance on the part of the white people of South Carolina against the constitution recently adopted by the reconstruction convention. To-day the committee appeared before the reconstruction committee of the House.

Mr. Stevens received them with courtesy. Col. Thomas, chairman of the committee, remarked that in the analysis of the proposition of the constitution for South Carolina there were two objections which stood out in bold relief—unqualified negro suffrage and the taxation power. He argued to show their disastrous effects upon both races. The constitution established taxation with representation. Those who have no property are to tax those who have all the property. Under the constitution, $200,000 might be raised in the way of taxes, $100,000 of which for educational purposes, and yet these advantages were to be enjoyed by the blacks alone, as white children would not attend black schools. The State, heretofore, in its most prosperous days, had not been able to bear a tax of more than from three to four hundred thousand dollars annually. Colonel Thomas, in conclusion, said he felt it to be his duty to state to the committee that while people are now willing to concede to the negroes the whole of the civil rights and also a qualified suffrage, yet the white race would never acquiesce in negro rule. You may make us pass, he said, under the yoke, and we shall have to do so, but by every means which God and Congress have left us, under the Constitution and laws, we will resist this domination of an inferior race by peaceful means, by political efforts, by industrial efforts—will carry on this political contest until we gain the control which of right belongs to the power of mind; nor, said Colonel Thomas, can you have prosperity in the South under your reconstruction scheme; but give the South a fair showing interest, and restore each State to the Union on a joint basis, and again will our people return with willing hearts to the Union, and the same energy, the same self-sacrificing, the same valor which they gave the lost cause will they give to the Union, provided you meet them in a spirit of magnanimity and concede to them rights to which they deem themselves entitled.

DOCTORS' ADJOURN.

The American Medical Association adjourned to meet in New Orleans on the 1st Monday in May, 1868.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

By Telegraph to the Democrat.]

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Mr. Stewart presented the protest of the American free trade league against the bill to aid in the construction and employment of American-built steamers for foreign mail service.

The secretary of the interior was asked for all correspondence as to the most improved mode of irrigation of public lands.

Mr. Higby presented a memorial from the California Legislature, asking for aid for rail and wagon-road purposes.

Mr. Flanders introduced a bill to aid in the construction of a railroad from Walla-Walla river to the Columbia. Referred.

Mr. Butler moved to expunge Robinson's resolution of yesterday from the journal, but the Speaker stating that it had not been entered therein, it not having been entertained as a question of privilege, he withdrew the motion.

On motion the House agreed to adjourn today until Monday.

ARKANSAS ADMITTED.

Mr. Stevens, from reconstruction committee, reported back the bill to admit Arkansas to representation in Congress. After some discussion between Messrs. Eldridge, Stevens, Beck, Baker, Spalding, Boutwell and Robinson as to the policy of delay until the members could examine the constitution adopted by Arkansas and the report of the committee thereon.

Mr. Stevens then moved the previous question; he then yielded a part of his hour to close the debate to Messrs. Woodward, Beck and Pile, who discussed the general subject, after which he spoke briefly in reply to the objections made by Messrs. Woodward and Beck to the bill as to the objection from a member of another side that they were not prepared to vote on the question. He said if it were postponed for eternity he should still find them unprepared. There had been a great clamor against his side of the House for keeping out these unreconstructed States and now there was objections made to letting them in.

Mr. Eldridge then moved that the vote be taken, when it was passed by yeas 110; nays 32.

Messrs. Baker, Loon, Spalding and Williams (Republicans) voted nay and the Speaker voted aye.

Mr. Robinson then moved to make the bill read: A bill to keep Arkansas an equal and independent State out of the Union, unless the people submit to despotism. Rejected.

Mr. Shanks introduced a joint resolution to declare the officers elected in South Carolina to be for the provisional government of that State. Referred to the reconstruction committee.

ADMISSION OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

Mr. Paine, from the reconstruction committee, reported a bill to admit South Carolina to representation in Congress. Ordered to be printed and recommitted.

IRONCLADS.

Mr. Van Wyck, from the committee on retrenchment, offered a resolution reciting that the ironclads Oceola and Catawba had been recently sold to Swift & Co., and there was reason to believe that they were to be sold and delivered to the Peruvian government, now at war with a friendly power, and requesting the President forthwith to order the seizure and detention of these vessels until the matter be investigated by Congress.

Mr. Washburne, of Ill., reported a bill to supply deficiencies for the execution of the laws in the Third Military district for the year ending June 30, 1868, which was referred to the committee of the whole on the state of the Union and made the special order for Monday.

The House, at 4 o'clock, went into committee of the whole on the state of the Union, Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, chairman, and was addressed by Mr. Cook on the policy of reconstruction, defending that of Congress, and condeming that of the President.

The House then adjourned.

VIRGINIA.

By Telegraph to the Democrat.]

CONSERVATIVE CONVENTION.

RICHMOND, May 8.—The Conservative convention to-day nominated Robt. E. Withers, of Lynchburg, for Governor; General James Walker, of Pulaski, Lieutenant Governor; J. T. Hayne, jr., of Spottsylvania, Attorney General, and Marmaduke Johnson, of Richmond, for Congressman at large.

The vote for Governor was: Withers 52; J. B. Baldwin 49. Messrs. Withers and Walker are eligible to office under the reconstruction acts of Congress, but not under the test oath of the new constitution.

B. Beycock, J. Baldwin, Fayette Mullen, G. Blow and Thos. E. Flurnoy were appointed delegates at large to the Democratic National Convention.

A resolution was adopted thanking the naturalized citizens for their heretofore unanimous co-operation with the party.

The convention then adjourned *sine die*, no platform being adopted.

NEGRO RADICALS BOLTING.

RICHMOND, May 8.—Gen. Schofield has appointed Francis De Cordy Mayor of Norfolk, vice the last appointee who could not take the oath. Some dissatisfied members of the Republican convention have gotten up a ticket with H. B. Bourden, of Norfolk, for Governor; Dr. G. Bain, a negro of Norfolk, and C. B. Bending present Attorney for that position. The movement is not likely to amount to anything. Two hundred and eighty-three municipal officers have been appointed by Gen. Schofield since July 1st.

THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

By Telegraph to the Democrat.]

FORTIFYING.

OTTAWA, May 8.—In the House of Commons last night a motion for the House to go into committee of the whole on a resolution to provide £1,110,000 for the building of fortifications excited a lively debate till an early hour this morning, when the resolution passed by large majority.

SEAL FISHERIES.

ST. JOHNS, N. B., May 8.—Intelligence from New Foundland says the seal fisheries have been on the whole successful. Up to the 28th ult. 250,000 seals had arrived at St. Johns. In the harbor of Grace some casualties are reported. Twenty-four men belonging to the Deer Hound have been missing for three weeks.

MEMPHIS.

By Telegraph to the Democrat.]

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.

MEMPHIS, May 8.—C. W. Gayer, a prominent merchant, was thrown from his carriage this morning and dangerously injured. Miss Charlotte Harrison and Miss Bryant, who were also in the carriage, were seriously injured.

Pat. Matthews, a negro, while attempting to carry off the coal from C. G. McPherson's residence, on Adams street, this morning, was shot by a trap-gun and mortally wounded.

MEXICO.

By Telegraph to the Democrat.]

CONSPIRACIES DISCOVERED AND SUPPRESSED.

HAVANA, May 7.—Further Mexican advices state another conspiracy was discovered in the city of Mexico, and the leaders arrested, including one Colonel Machado. A conspiracy was also frustrated in Orizaba.

Two hundred muskets have been ordered from the United States to arm the National Guard at Vera Cruz.

Two million dollars were sent to Europe by the steamer Mersey.

"The Whites and the Blues" is a new drama which Alexander Dumas has made out of an old novel.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

☞ Business Cards will be Inserted in this Column at the rate of $1 50 per line per month.

ALL KINDS of Smokers' Goods at Warner's, southwest corner Third and Jefferson.

BOUCHE, CHAS. J.—Eagle Coffee, Spice and Mustard Mills, corner Sixth and Grayson sts.

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS—For all the States, and Notary Public. Office 164 Jefferson street. N. R. WILSON.

CROMEY, WILLIAM—Dealer in Paper and Gunpowder, 290 south side Main street, between Seventh and Eighth.

COOK & GOODMAN—Importers and dealers in Watches, Jewelry, Diamonds, Silver and Plated Ware, Spectacles, Optics, Clocks, &c., 128 Third street, between Jefferson and Green.

DEMOCRAT—Book and Job Printing House, Green street, near Postoffice.

HOLLINGSWORTH & JOHNSON'S Business College, located in Temperance Hall building, north side Market street, bet. Fourth and Fifth.

HAYS, ROBERT W.—Attorney at Law, Center street, near Jefferson.

IVORY WORKING.—Charles Neiss, Turner and Carver in Ivory, Market street, between Sixth and Seventh, Louisville. Billiard, Pool and Rondo Balls, Cane Handles, Breast-pins and other work.

ISERT, J. A.—Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Gaiters Brogans, &c., No. 44 south side Market street, between Second and Third.

J. M. WRIGHT, ATTORNEY AT LAW, No. 8 Hamilton Building, corner Sixth and Main.

JAMES, THOMAS & CO.—Successors to Fults, James & Co., dealers in Pittsburg, Youghiogheny and other Coal. Office No. 86 Sixth street, between Market and Jefferson.

KENNEDY & IRWIN—Coal Dealers, No. 102½ Third street, between Market and Jefferson.

MORTON, JOHN P. & CO.—Publishers, Booksellers, Stationers, Book and Job Printers, 156 West Main street.

QUEENSWARE.—J. DOLFINGER & CO., No. 96 Market street, bet. Third and Fourth sts.

ROGERS, A. G. & SON—House-furnishing Emporium, No. 146, south side Market st., between Fourth and Fifth.

SLATE ROOFING.—ALEXANDER MITCHELL is now prepared to do all kinds of ornamental and plain slate roofing, guaranteed water-tight. Office at Bourlier's Store, Main street, near Seventh, where all orders will be received.

STANCLIFF & ANDREWARTHA—Architects, No. 9 Hamilton Building, corner Sixth and Main.

SPICES—Ground and Unground, Electric Yeast Powder. C. J. BOUCHE, cor. Sixth & Grayson.

SPROULE & MANDEVILLE—Fine Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods, corner Fourth and Main streets.

WILSON, PETER & Co.—Wholesale Druggists and Proprietors of the Louisville Chemical Works, corner Fifth and Main streets.

WARNER'S SMOKERS' EMPORIUM—Best brands Cigars and Tobacco.

Daily Democrat.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
HARNEY, HUGHES & CO.
—OFFICE—
South side Green Street, two doors below the Customhouse.

SATURDAY, MAY 9, 1868.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Governor,
JOHN W. STEVENSON.
For Judge of the Court of Common Pleas,
HENRY J. STITES.
For Chancellor,
THOS. B. COCHRAN.
For Circuit Judge,
HORATIO W. BRUCE.
For Commonwealth's Attorney,
PHIL. LEE.
For Marshal of the Chancery Court,
F. C. WELMAN.
For Marshal of the City Court,
WILL. HORAN.
For Clerk of the Chancery Court,
THOMAS W. THOMPSON.
For Clerk of the Circuit Court,
JOHN S. CAIN.
For Sheriff,
JOHN M. MARTIN.
For City and County Attorney,
F. HAGAN.

OUR AGENTS.

Norris & Son, next door to P. O., Lexington, Ky.
Wm. L. Jesse, next door to P. O., Frankfort, Ky.

Striking Anomalies and Inconsistencies of the Trial.

The whole trial of impeachment has been as remarkable as anomalous. Commenced in mere party passion, its whole conduct has been so replete with inconsistencies that it never can be quoted as a precedent for any future trial of a President for such crimes as were contemplated by the Constitution. And it is not likely that it will ever serve as a precedent for any other trial of a President for daring to differ from Congress on mere points of political policy. That which is now going on is an experiment, an opportunity for the repetition of which will probably never occur. For, with the success of the impeachers in the removal of the President, the Executive department of the Government, if allowed to exist at all, will be suffered to exist but in name; our whole theory of government is overthrown and we will be without ground upon which to travel a similar journey. If, on the other hand, the acquittal of the President is achieved, the present attempt will be so odious in history that imitators can reasonably be looked for only a long way down the vista of time!

John Tyler was every whit as offensive to Congress in 1841-5, as has been Andrew Johnson at the present day. Impeachment was then talked of—*a very little;* it was too evident that the people were not ready to accept partisan differences as Constitutional crimes. And the Congress of that day would not have dared to impeach John Tyler! Even if the party in the majority could have controlled the requisite two-thirds, they were not ready; in fact, it did not enter into their most savage dreams, to defy the spirit of the charter of our liberties, the common sense and the respect of mankind. To assume an attribute so brazen as this, required the rolling around of an age when the Puritan, with his saintly professions and deceitful practices, became the ruling spirit in the land.

Having cut loose from all the moorings that men could see and rely upon, it is no wonder that at this late day—within three or four, of the probable termination of the trial—speculation continues to be as wild as ever as to what that termination will be. That such is the fact is striking testimony as to the characterless features of the trial. There would not be a doubt in the mind of one man out of a thousand as to the result, if it was evident that either mere party discipline or personal honesty was of controlling influence. It is doubtful, down to to-day, whether or not men as high in the land as United States Senators are going to obey their solemn oaths and the dictates of conscience! What a commentary upon the *morale* of the age and so-called republican institutions! But ten virtuous men were required to save Sodom; cannot seven Senators be found virtuous enough to save the institutions of their country? That is the question of the hour! It is a question which, it appears now, must be answered within a few days! Upon the nature of that answer hangs the record of our national character as it will be submitted to future ages.

One of "the very latest" anomalies of the trial is the apparent fact that "the record of the *secret* sessions is spread before the world every morning! The Senate declined to permit reporters to be present, very properly if it was intended that the sessions were to be secret; and yet those sessions are apparently almost as fully reported as are those with open doors! We don't propose to insist that the proceedings should be either open or secret; but merely suggest that it would be pleasanter to the spirit of consistency to have the character of the one or of the other preserved! Is this feature, too, characteristic of the men controlling the times—of professions in one direction and practices in another? Upon what an unreliable epoch have our destinies cast us!

The Chief Justice.

The Senate has decided to commence voting on the articles of impeachment on Tuesday next. Judge Chase has, to the surprise of many, given no sign of interposing any of the weight of the Judicial department of the Government in the closing scenes. The assumption would however be violent, in our estimation, which would rest his failure to make himself and his official prerogatives felt, if he maintains his existing negative position to the end, upon any other construction than that political sagacity which has always been considered a marked attribute of his political life. In other words, it is our belief that if Judge Chase does not take a preponderating part in shaping the final verdict, it will be because he has "felt his way" and deems such conspicuousness on his part unnecessary. He is politician enough to keep out of the fight if he feels assured that the Senate will fail to convict. It would be an unpardonable insult to his splendid intellect, to his sense of the dignity, the independence and august authority of the Supreme Court, to suppose that he is not judicial enough to prevent the crest of that tribunal from being lowered in his person by his failure to use all its authority for the prevention of the crime of conviction!

The construction of the court of impeachment, by the Constitution, assigns the Presidency thereof to the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, for the apparently evident purpose of combining two departments of the Government in the trial of an incumbent of the third; for the purpose of symbolizing the coordination of the Judiciary and Congress; for the purpose of interposing, if it should become necessary, judicial integrity amid the passions of political Senators; for the purpose of transforming the Senate, sitting upon a trial of impeachment, significantly into the most distinguished tribunal of justice known to our institutions. Hence, we believe, that it is an essential feature of the position which Judge Chase now occupies, and that it was so intended, that he should give, at the close of a trial like that over which he is now presiding, such constructions of the law, the testimony and the Constitution, applicable to the case before him, that conviction of the President under the charges and specifications which have been preferred will be impossible. We believe further, that if he fails in this high regard he will degrade his office beyond the expectation generally held of himself and his sense of the dignity of his position. We believe further, that the Chief Justice sees the subordination and degradation of the Judicial department of the Government to be an inevitable consequence of the subordination and degradation of the Executive; and that such is the intention of the impeachers. Hence we believe that, if Judge Chase finds it necessary, regard for his own selfish fame as well as a regard to his natural estimate of the sacred duties of his high office and his obligation to maintain and defend the independence and prerogatives of the Judicial department of the Government, will compel him to interpose the broad shield of the Constitution for the prevention of its sacrilege at the hands of impassioned Senators. And if he fails to so discharge his sacred duties, his fame will take rank in history but with that of the Senators who will have thrown from their base the pillars of Constitutional republicanism.

But the hour for action is close upon us. Up to the last moment we will cling to some confidence in the virtue of some Senators; and we will cling with confidence to him who wears the robes of Chief Justice that he will see that they remain spotless. But he must speak before the Senate speaks; if he does not he may be "too late," when the disgrace will be his as well as theirs.

☞It will have been observed that the Radical convention at Richmond has appointed one negro as a delegate to the National Convention at Chicago. There is a fitness of things in that. Let several others be appointed and "watch and see" whether they will be allowed to take their seats. The Methodist General Conference, now sitting in that city, has not yet quite made up its mind to admit negro delegates. Negro equality and even superiority does well enough in Northern estimation, for the South; but it is evidently not "hankered after" in the North.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

[redacted]

PROCLAMATION.
WHEREAS, In consideration of the near approach of summer, and the present extremely wet spring, it behooves all good citizens to contribute as far as practicable to comply with the sanitary regulations, thereby preventing, as far as possible, the scourge of an epidemic through sickness in any form; therefore, I respectfully enjoin on all good citizens to cause the immediate removal of all debris from their cellars, yards, &c. It is my intention to see that the sanitary regulations are strictly enforced against all persons who will not cheerfully comply with the above request.
PHILIP TOMPPERT, Mayor.
MAYOR'S OFFICE, May 8th, 1868. my9 3t

SEWER PIPE.
We have in yard all sizes of the
GUYAHOGA FALLS SEWER PIPE.
This pipe is made of AN EXTRA CLAY, and is the standard in all the northern cities. We guarantee it equal to any made in the United States.
Price 20 per cent. off the Cannelton list. Samples at the store corner Third and Main streets.
my9 tf J. S. LITHGOW & CO.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BITTERS.

The human stomach seems to require a tonic stimulant. From time whereof the memory of man runneth not to the contrary, tonic bitters have been used. Formerly men made their own bitters, and few thought of eating breakfast without first taking their "tansy." Those were days, however, when prohibitory laws were unknown, and, in consequence, liquors were pure. Dealers could then afford to be honest and sell nothing but the unadulterated. Now, however, what with government tax and court fines, pokeberry juice and alcohol must pass muster for "old rye" and "pure Bourbon." People have come to fear poisoning more than malarial diseases and dropped their "tansy." Right here is where HOSTETTER & SMITH, of Pittsburg, have proven benefactors. Years ago they commenced the manufacture of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, laying it down as a rule that has since been conscientiously followed, to use nothing but the purest liquors, manufactured expressly for them. By strict adherence to this rule they have won public confidence and reaped their reward in a large, profitable and steady business. Their BITTERS is known all over the country. They are the pioneers of the business, and have the largest manufactory in the world. Nor has success in their case, as in too many instances, rendered them careless; their Bitters is as pure and good to-day, as was the first distillation. We heartily recommend them as a tonic.

As a specific for dyspepsy, biliousness, constipation, nervousness, general debility, and remittent and intermittent fevers, its efficacy has never been questioned.

There are many worthless imitations; we earnestly caution the public against them.
my9 eod3&w1

DR. GEOGHEGAN'S HYDROPIPER
IS THE MOST EFFICIENT
BLOOD PURIFIER
EVER OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

A recipe accompanies each bottle. A great many physicians are prescribing it. Read the following certificates of its efficacy:

PRINCETON, KY., Jan. 1, 1868.

DR. GEOGHEGAN: I have used the Compound Extract of Hydropiper, manufactured by you, as a blood purifier, and I have no hesitation in saying that it is superior to anything that I have ever tried. I have been afflicted several times with boils and other evidences of impurity of blood, and have tried many kinds of Blood Purifiers and Sarsaparillas, but have found nothing that will compare with the "Hydropiper" as an alterative or purifier of the blood. My little boy is now taking it for disease of the ear and sore eyes with decided benefit.
Yours, respectfully,
R. T. DANIEL.

PRINCETON, KY., Jan. 1, 1868.

DR. GEOGHEGAN: About twelve years ago my infant child was afflicted with an eruption all over its body, insomuch that it was a running sore. We had to wrap it in a linen garment, greased with butter, and nurse it all the time. When we would remove the linen the surface of the body was raw and bloody. In short, my child was a most pitiable looking sight. The Hydropiper was recommended to me, and after giving it to my child for ten days it was cured sound and well. I have used it many times in my family since, whenever occasion called for its use, and have taken it myself, being afflicted with an eruption of the hands and feet on the approach of cold weather, and always with unvarying success. I consider it the best medicine I have ever tried for eruptions of the skin, and can cheerfully recommend it to the public as an unrivaled Blood Purifier.
C. T. DABNEY.
J. B. WILDER & CO., Gen. Agents, Louisville, Ky.
fel4 eodtf

A GOLDEN DAY
Has dawned for all who desire to resume in age one of the most glorious gifts of youth—the magnificent black or brown tinge which renders the hair an irresistible element of personal attraction.
INSTANTANEOUS BEAUTY
Springs from the application of but one hair dye in the world. The chemical elixir contains the vital principle and the coloring matter with which nature nourishes the most beautiful of the silken fabrics wherewith she adorns the
HEADS OF HER FAVORITES.
Need it be said that this wonder of civilization is
CRISTADORO'S HAIR-DYE,
The most genial, harmless, wholesome, and certain preparation of its kind in the whole universe?
Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 68 Maiden Lane, New York. Sold by all Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers. my7 deod&weow1m

AMERICAN HOUSE,
BOSTON, MASS.
The very important and extensive improvements which have recently been made in this popular Hotel, the largest in New England, enable the proprietors to offer to tourists, families and the traveling public, accommodations and conveniences superior to any other Hotel in the city. During the past summer additions have been made of numerous suites of apartments, with bathing rooms, water closets, &c., attached; one of Tufts' magnificent passenger elevators, the best ever constructed, conveys guests to the upper story of the house in one minute; the entries have been newly and richly carpeted, and the entire house thoroughly replenished and refurnished, making it, in all its appointments, equal to any hotel in the country.
Telegraph Office, Billiard Halls and Cafe on the first floor. LEWIS RICE & SON, Proprietors.
my4 3m

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.
This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world. The only *true* and *perfect Dye*—Harmless, Reliable, Instantaneous. No disappointment. No ridiculous tints. Natural Black or Brown. Remedies the ill effects of *Bad Dyes*. Invigorates the hair, leaving it soft and beautiful. The genuine is signed *William A. Batchelor*. All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers. Factory 81 Barclay street, New York.
ap9 1y

MANHOOD
And the Vigor of Youth restored in four weeks. Success guaranteed. DR. RICORD'S ESSENCE OF LIFE restores manly powers, from whatever cause arising; the effects of early pernicious habits, self-abuse, impotency and climate, give way at once to this wonderful medicine, if taken regularly according to the directions (which are very simple and require no restraint from business or pleasure). Failure is impossible. Sold in bottles at $2, or four quantities in one for $9. To be had only of the sole appointed agent in America, H. GERITZEN, 265 Second Ave., N. Y. fe22 1y

CITY ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE
Concerning the City Police.

Be it ordained by the General Council of the City of Louisville:

Sec. 1. That a police establishment is hereby created for said city, to consist of
1. A Superintendent of Police, who shall have control and command of the said establishment, and may divide the city into the needful number of police districts.
2. Eleven Lieutenants of Police, whose powers and duties shall be prescribed by the Superintendent of Police, subject to the laws and ordinances of the city.
3. Five Detective Policemen.
4. Ninety policemen, and
5. A Clerk of Police.

Sec. 2. That the members of said establishment shall be elected by the General Council, in joint session, for the term of one year. From the —— day of May, 1868, and until their successors shall be elected and qualified, subject to the right of the General Council to repeal this ordinance at any time, and thus annul the said establishment.

Sec. 3. That the members of said establishment shall receive for their services the following compensation, viz:

Superintendent	$166 66⅔	per month.
Lieutenants, each	100 00	per month.
Policemen, stationhouse keepers and detectives, each	82 00	per month.
Clerk	75 00	per month.

Sec. 4. The Superintendent shall give the bond, with surety, and take the oath, now required of the Chief of Police, and the other members of said establishment shall respectively take the oath and give the bond, with surety, now required of policemen, and Lieutenants and Clerk of Police.

Sec. 5. That the Superintendent of Police is authorized to rent a suitable room or rooms to conduct the business of the police establishment.

Sec. 6. That the said Superintendent shall have the possession and use of all the stationhouses and equipments, accoutrements and other accommodations and things heretofore provided by said city for the use and service of the police.

Sec. 7. That all ordinances and parts thereof in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

P. BANNON, P. B. C. C.
J. M. VAUGHAN, C. B. C. C.
JO. H. BUNCE, P. B. A.
OLIVER LUCAS, C. B. A.

Passed by the General Council May 8th, 1868, the Mayor's objections to the contrary notwithstanding.

P. BANNON, P. B. C. C.
J. M. VAUGHAN, C. B. C. C.
JO. H. BUNCE, P. B. A.
OLIVER LUCAS, C. B. A.
my9 d1

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ELIZABETHTOWN AND PADUCAH R.R.
Sam'l B. Thomas, President of the Elizabethtown and Paducah Railroad Co., will visit the below-named counties, at their county seats, on the days given, to make application to the County Courts of said counties to submit to the voters of the respective counties the question of subscription to the stock of the Elizabethtown and Paducah Railroad Company. At
Litchfield, Grayson county, Monday, May 11.
Hartford, Ohio county, Wednesday, May 13.
Greenville, Muhlenburg county, Friday, May 15.
Princeton, Caldwell county, Monday, May 18.
Eddyville, Lyon county, Wednesday, May 20.
Paducah, McCracken county, Friday and Saturday, May 22 and 23.
Smithland, Livingston county, Monday, May 25.
Marion, Crittenden county, Wednesday, May 27.
Dixon, Webster county, Friday, May 29.
Madisonville, Hopkins county, Saturday, May 30.
Calhoon, McLean county, Monday, June 1.
my9 d&wtje2

NOTICE TO STONE-CUTTERS.—This is to notify the stone-cutters that the strike of the Association against us is not for wages. We will pay first-class hands $4 50, carvers $5 per day.
my9 3t MACDONALD & SCHULER.

RAN AWAY—BOY—May 3d, 1868, a yellow boy named George, fifteen years old. His mother had him bound to me when quite small, and she wants him to remain with me until he is 21. I will give $25 reward for him if found out of the county or State, or a reasonable reward if found in the State. He took with him three coats, two shirts and two pairs pants; they were black sheep's wool, except a linen coat and one cotton shirt. His mother was born free, and was a widow woman by the name of Tylor. My residence is in Oldham county, three miles from West Port, and five from Lagrange. My Postoffice is West Port, Oldham county, Ky.
my8 3t* R. BENNETT.

TAX RECEIVER'S SALE.

SALE BY RECEIVER OF CITY TAXES.
LIST NO. 9.

The City Taxes against the property as hereinafter set forth not having been paid, I will expose to public sale at the Courthouse door, in the city of Louisville, Jefferson county, Ky., between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M., on Tuesday, May 12th, 1868, the following described pieces of property, or so much as may be necessary to satisfy the City and Railroad Taxes and interest thereon, and cost of advertising the several amounts of said taxes assessed upon said respective pieces of property being opposite thereto, and which taxes have been duly and legally assessed as aforesaid by and in favor of said city of Louisville as taxes for the year ending December 31st, 1867, and have been placed in my hands as Receiver of City Taxes of said city for collection.

Burk, W., of col., improvement Preston and Jackson, Brook and Caldwell	$4 20
Carpenter, F., improvement w. Shelby, Franklin and Creek	3 80
Carter, Rebecca, of col., improvement e. Floyd, Green and Lafayette	10 60
Ellis, Ed., of col., improvement w. Jackson, Breckinridge and Caldwell	4 84
Gallagher, Wm., improvement Jackson and Hancock, Fulton and Creek	8 02
Harris, Wm., of col., improvement s. Madison, East and Floyd	8 02
Koehler, Wm., improvement n. Jefferson, Jackson and Hancock	20 25
Mathews, Wm., of col., improvement e. Shelby, Preston and Jackson	3 46
McCaleb, S. D., improvement n. Market, Brook and Floyd	16 75
Meisgeier, John, improvement s. Market, Preston and Jackson	14 37
Mosby, Alf., of col., improvement n. e. corner Roselane and Jackson	9 50
Ricketts, Richard, of col., impovement s. Madison, East and Floyd	4 82
Deckers' heirs, improvement corner Floyd and Market	35 28
Hopkins, Ben. C., improvement w. Ninth, Walnut and Madison	7 38
Miller, John A. Mrs., improvement n. Chestnut, Ninth and Tenth	8 48
McGinnis, John, improvement w. Eleventh, Walnut and Madison	3 45

BRADOW, HENRY H.,
From J. R. Timmons. A certain lot of land lying in the city of Louisville, and bounded thus: Commencing at the northwest corner of Seventeenth and Maple streets; thence west with Maple street 66 feet and back same width parallel with Seventeenth street 166 feet to a twenty-foot alley. Deed book No. 122, page 406. $31 74

DENSER, CHARLOTTE,
From E. A. Preuss. A certain lot of land in the city of Louisville, and bounded thus: Beginning at a point on the north side of Market street 180 feet west from Seventeenth street; running thence west with the north side of Market street 20 feet; thence north at right angles 105 feet to a fifteen-foot alley; thence east with said alley twenty feet, and thence south in a straight line to the beginning. Book No. 12, page No. 8. $14 69

FLANARY, PATRICK,
From Wm. G. Marshall. A certain lot lying in the city of Louisville, and lying in Campbell's western addition and described thus: The east half No. 3, in square of No. 5, in range No. 2, in Campbell's western addition to city of Louisville, Ky., the said lot being 30 feet by 90 feet. Deed book No. 128, page 246. $6 50

GORREGAN, JOS.,
From Wm. Johnston, trustee. A certain tract of land in the city of Louisville, and bounded as follows: Beginning at a point 270 feet east of Sixth street; thence east on Ward street 30 feet, and running back to a 20-foot alley, and lying west of and adjoining the lot purchased by T. J. Nicholson. Deed book No. 126, page 641. $4 43

HAHN, W. P., and others.
A lot of ground in the city of Louisville, bounded as follows: Beginning 30 feet east of Preston street; thence east with Broadway 80 feet; thence northwardly parallel with Preston street to the alley 175 feet; thence with alley westwardly 80 ft.; thence southwardly to the beginning. $55 60

OWEN, WM. C.,
From P. S. Barber. A certain lot of land in the city of Louisville, and known as lot No. 60 in Barber's addition, having a front of 30 feet on the north side of Chestnut street and a depth of 161 feet to a 20-foot alley, thence west; line of said lot of ground is 510 feet east of and parallel to Montgomery street. Deed book No. 128, page 637. $22 00

SALTMARSH, ELLEN D.,
From A. M. Feldman. A certain lot of land in the city of Louisville, and bounded thus: Beginning on the south side of Portland avenue, and running thence with the avenue 32 feet, and running south the width at right angles 285 feet to a 60-foot street (Lytle street), it being thence west; part of the lot conveyed to Joyes and a part of 5 acre lot No. 20. Deed Book No. 128, page 433. $26 30

TRIGG, MRS. C.,
From P. R. Taylor. A certain tract of land in the city of Louisville, beginning at a point on the south side of Van Buren street 210 feet east of Marion street; thence east with Van Buren street 32 feet, and extending back same width 125 feet to Marion street beginning. Deed book 126, page 638. $5 77
my8 5t A. RAMMERS, Receiver.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
K. P. THIXTON & CO.,
No. 131 Sixth st., bet. Jefferson and Green.
HAVE HOUSES FOR RENT AND SALE.
Attend promptly to collections, sales and rental of property and all matters connected with real estate affairs. my8 tf

DAVID FERGUSON,
REAL ESTATE AGENT
AND
GENERAL AUCTIONEER.
Property bought and sold on commission at public and private sale. Houses rented and rents collected.
Office No. 137 Main street,
Between Bullitt and Fourth, up-stairs.
REFERENCES BY PERMISSION.
C. N. Warren & Co., Bankers; R. M. Cunningham, Cashier First National Bank; S. G. Henry & Co., Auctioneers; H. C. Pindell, Cashier Falls City Bank; Gardner & Co., Grocers; James Bridgeford, President Second National Bank; Jos. Werne, Jeweler; J. S. Lithgow, President Northern Bank of Kentucky; Tapp, Kennedy and Walsh, Dry Goods; W. F. Barret, President Water Works Co.; Terry, Wheat & Chesney, Grocers; T. Anderson & Co., Auctioneers; J. G. Barrett, Cashier Citizens' Bank; R. A. Robinson & Co., Druggists; W. C. Hite, Cashier Commercial Bank; Wm. Sinton, Insurance Agent; Norton, Galt & Co., Bankers; Bullock & Anderson, Attorneys at Law; also, refer to citizens generally. my5 1m

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE LOUISVILLE GAS CO., May 5, 1868.
Sealed proposals to furnish this Company with from one hundred thousand to three hundred thousand bushels best quality Pittsburg Coal, will be received at this office to the 15th inst. Said coal to be delivered in the coal shed, at the Gas Works, during the year 1868, in such quantities at a time as can be stored in the shed.
my6 td JOHN S. CAIN, Cashier.

TO RAILROAD CONTRACTORS.
EVANSVILLE, HENDERSON & NASHVILLE RAILROAD OFFICE,
HOPKINSVILLE, KY., April 27th, 1868.
Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, at this office, until May 15, 1868, for the grading, masonry, bridging, tracklaying and crossties, from Deer Creek to Madisonville, about 18 miles in length.
Also from Madisonville to Hopkinsville, about 35 miles, passing through the coal fields.
The work is to be commenced immediately and to be completed to Madisonville within a year.
Profiles and estimates will be ready for examination at this office on and after May 1st.
The Company reserves the right to reject any and all bids. J. T. BOYLE, President.
THOS. HASSARD, Engineer. ap30 td

DISSOLUTIONS.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.
We, the undersigned, of the firm of Coleman & Tichenor, have this day dissolved partnership by mutual consent, A. Coleman retiring. A. D. Tichenor will continue the business. Portland avenue, between Twelfth and Thirteenth.
AUGUST COLEMAN,
ALEX. D. TICHENOR.
Louisville, May 5th, 1868. my8 3t

CINCINNATI ELASTIC SPONGE CO.
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
ELASTIC SPONGE,
MATTRESSES, PILLOWS,
CHURCH, CARRIAGE,
CAR AND CHAIR CUSHIONS.
The best material known for all
UPHOLSTERY PURPOSES.
Cheaper than Feathers or Hair. Makes the Lightest, Softest, most Elastic and most Durable
MATTRESSES, PILLOWS, CUSHIONS, &c.
It does not Pack.
Is free from Odor.
Is always Clean.
Is free from Insect Life.
CHURCHES, HALLS, &c.,
Upholstered with CUSHION SPONGE, by experienced workmen. Satisfaction guaranteed or the money will be refunded.
TERMS CASH.
Southwest corner Fourth and Race streets,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
L. C. HOPKINS, President.
ROBERT FLETCHER, Treasurer.
For sale in Louisville by
JAS. McCULLOUGH,
my8 20t No. 103 Market street.

CARRIAGES.
W. F. SPYBEY,
Manufacturer of
CARRIAGES, ROCKAWAYS,
BUGGIES AND SPRING WAGONS,
Jefferson street, between Sixth and Seventh,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
A fine assortment of Carriages, Buggies, &c., on hand for sale low.
Repairing done at low rates. All work warranted.
my5 d&w2w

IN BANKRUPTCY.

☞All proofs of debts to be used in this State must be made before a register; if to be used out of this State, may be made before a register or a United States commissioner.

☞Blank forms for proof of debts, and Powers of Attorney, to be used in bankruptcy, may always be found at the office of Col. J. H. Ward, Register. No extra charge for filling them up.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 25th day of March, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
G. M. WORTHINGTON,
Of ———, in the county of Christian, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Bowlinggreen, Ky., before Frank. H. Bristow, Register, on the 20th day of May, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my9 2t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE—This is to give notice that on the 23d day of March, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
J. MURRELL & CO.,
Of ———, in the county of Barren, and State of Kentucky, who have been adjudged bankrupts, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Bowlinggreen, Ky., before Frank. H. Bristow, Register, on the 23d day of May, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my9 2t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 16th day of Jan'y, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
J. M. WALLER,
Of ———, in the county of Todd, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Bowlinggreen, Ky., before Frank. H. Bristow, Register, on the 4th day of June, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my9 2t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 24th day of Dec., A. D., 1867, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
J. M. BOREN,
Of ———, in the county of Allen, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Bowlinggreen, Ky., before Frank. H. Bristow, Register, on the 5th day of June, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my9 2t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 4th day of May, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
JAS. M. ROGERS,
Of ———, in the county of Hancock, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Owensboro, Ky., before James Stuart, Register, on the 4th day of June, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my9 1t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 4th day of May, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
GEO. N. McKAY,
Of Owensboro, in the county of Daviess, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Owensboro, Ky., before James Stuart, Register, on the 2d day of June, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my9 1t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 4th day of May, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
JOHN GRAHAM,
Of ———, in the county of Ohio, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Owensboro, Ky., before James Stuart, Register, on the 1st day of June, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my9 1t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 4th day of May, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
W. C. HOWELL,
Of ———, in the county of Daviess, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Owensboro, Ky., before James Stuart, Register, on the 5th day of June, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my9 1t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 4th day of May, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
JAS. F. MUNDAY,
Of ———, in the county of Daviess, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Owensboro, Ky., before James Stuart, Register, on the 9th day of June, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my9 1t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 4th day of May, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
JASON B. STREEBY,
Of Owensboro, in the county of Daviess, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Owensboro, Ky., before James Stuart, Register, on the 6th day of June, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my9 1t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 4th day of May, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
CYRUS W. BRUNER,
Of Union Star, in the county of Breckinridge, and State of Ky., who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Owensboro, Ky., before James Stuart, Register, on the 8th day of June, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my9 1t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 4th day of May, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
HENRY H. JOHNSTON,
Of Greenville, in the county of Muhlenburg, and State of Ky., who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Owensboro, Ky., before James Stuart, Register, on the 10th day of June, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my9 1t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 4th day of May, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
GEORGE NEIGHBOURS,
Of ———, in the county of Ohio, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Owensboro, Ky., before James Stuart, Register, on the 3d day of June, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my9 1t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 20th day of Feb'y, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
R. S. BREWER,
Of ———, in the county of Christian, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Bowlinggreen, Ky., before Frank. H. Bristow, Register, on the 21st day of May, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my9 2t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 20th day of Feb'y, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
THOS. W. VAUGHN,
Of ———, in the county of Christian, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Bowlinggreen, Ky., before Frank. H. Bristow, Register, on the 21st day of May, 1868, at 4 o'clock P. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my9 2t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—In the District Court of the United States, for the District of Kentucky—in bankruptcy. In the matter of
W. A. MURPHY,
Petition for final discharge filed May 5th, 1868. By order of court the creditors of W. A. Murphy, a bankrupt, are hereby notified to appear before me, at my office, in Lebanon, Ky., on the 26th day of May, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., to show cause, if any they have, why the bankrupt aforesaid should not be discharged from his debts.
JAS. M. FIDLER, Register.
EDWARD HILPP, Assignee,
my9 Sa2 Lebanon, Ky.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 1,009.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 13th day of April, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 1 still and appurtenances, 70 mash tubs, 1 corn mill, alleging in substance that the said articles were seized in Hart county on the 1st day of April, 1868, by E. L. Mottley, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Third District of Kentucky, for a violation of the 23d section of the act of 13th July, 1866, of the Internal Revenue laws.
And that said articles become thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the 1st day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated April, 1868. my8

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 984.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 17th day of March, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 1 still, capacity 160 gallons, 1 worm and flake stand, 4 mash tubs, alleging in substance that the said articles were seized on the 13th of March, 1868, by E. L. Mottley, Collector of Internal Revenue, for a violation of section 23 of the act of July 13, 1866, of the internal revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated March, 1868. my8

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. 1,020.
Whereas, an information has been filled in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 7th day of May, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 15 barrels of distilled spirits, alleging in substance that the said spirits were seized by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue at Louisville, on the 6th day of May, 1868, for a violation of section 45 of the act of July 13th, 1866, of the Internal Revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated May, 1868. my8

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 1,008.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 13th day of April, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 2 copper stills, 30 mash tubs, 1 flake stand—alleging, in substance, that the said articles were seized by E. L. Mottley, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Third District of Kentucky, at Hart county, on the 1st day of April, 1868, for a violation of the 23d section of the act of July 13, 1866, of the internal revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated April, 1868. my8

BITTERS.

INDORSED BY
PROMINENT PHYSICIANS, MINISTERS, AND OTHERS.
WALKER'S TONIC BITTERS
WILL CURE
Dyspepsy, Costiveness, Indigestion, Chills and Fever, Typhoid Fever, Bilious Fever, Torpid Liver, Neuralgia, Sick and Nervous Headaches, and Similar Diseases.

For Consumption, Chronic Coughs, Catarrh, Bronchitis, and Debility from any Disease, it is a safe, agreeable and reliable tonic. In all Kidney and Bladder troubles it will be found beneficial.

My famous Bitters, 'tis confessed,
In all the country are the best;
They have no rival far or near,
In all our spacious hemisphere.
I'm sure their fortunate concoctor
Has saved more lives than any doctor;
So keep them, friends, a prized deposit,
To stand at all times in your closet.

VOLUNTARY EVIDENCE as to their merit, after two years' trial, from well-known ladies and gentlemen, selected out of many received:

FROM MRS. MILLER STEWART.
VICKSBURG, MISS., March 15th, 1868.
W. H. Walker, Esq.:
Dear Sir—I have used your Tonic Bitters for the past two years, and have been much benefited thereby. I confidently recommend them to person suffering from Dyspepsy and General Debility.
Very truly yours,
MRS. MILLER STEWART.

FROM J. F. COX, Esq.
HODGENVILLE, LARUE COUNTY, KY., March 23d, 1868.
W. H. Walker, Esq.:
Dear Sir—For one year previous to my meeting you at Grayson Springs, last August, I had been subject to Fever and Ague Chills, and at your suggestion I used your Tonic Bitters freely, before my chill day, and I have not had a chill since and have enjoyed uninterrupted good health.
Your friend, &c.,
J. F. COX.

FROM MRS. A. M. MEEKER.
ATLANTA, GA., January, 1868.
W. H. Walker, Esq.:
Dear Sir—I hereby certify that I have used Walker's Tonic Bitters, and as a tonic they cannot be surpassed. I recommend my Southern friends to use them; they will invigorate and give new life.
Respectfully, &c.,
MRS. A. M. MEEKER.

LOUISVILLE, March 23d, 1868.
W. H. Walker, Esq.:
Dear Sir—We have used your Tonic Bitters with great satisfaction and can recommend them for their great medicinal qualities, and also as an agreeable invigorating beverage and superior tonic.

C. Chamberlin,	E. L. Huffman,
Vene P. Armstrong,	A. J. Mitchell,
Miller Stewart,	C. J. Walton,
Jas. Kennedy,	J. B. Walker,
Wm. Gay,	J. M. Duncan,
Philip Speed,	C. N. Warren,
R. L. Post,	Thomas Steele,
R. H. Crump,	O. A. Johnston

Wm. E. Hughes,

W. H. WALKER, SOLE PROPRIETOR.
W. H. WALKER & CO.,
WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALERS,
No. 25 Main street, Louisville, Ky.
☞For sale by all dealers everywhere.☜
ap11 Sa,Su,Tu,Th&weow1m

WALKER'S
COCKTAIL
BITTERS
Are unsurpassed for making all kinds of
COCKTAILS
AND
FLAVORING DRINKS.
W. H. WALKER & CO.,
No. 25 Main street, bet. First and Second,
ap11 1m Louisville, Ky.

FOR FAMILY USE.
Some extra fine DAYTON ALE, just received and bottled, and for sale by
C. C. RUFER, St. Charles Restaurant.
N. B.—Also barrels and half barrels. mr15 tf

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 1,019.
Whereas, an information has been filedin the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 6th day of May, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States against fifty-four barrels, three half-barrels and one fractional barrel of whisky, one copper still, two wooden stills, one flake stand, two copper pumps, one heater-box and pipe, one boiler and pipes, one copper worm, one receiving cistern, one low wine tub, one wooden trough, thirty mash-tubs and thirty-eight empty whisky barrels, alleging in substance that said articles were seized by R. M. Kelly, Collector of Internal Revenue at Clark county, on the 2d day of May, 1868, for the following reasons, to-wit:
1st. For a violation of section 5, act of March 31, 1868, and of section 45, act of July 13, 1866.
2d. For a violation of section 17, act of March 2, 1867.
3d. For a violation of section 14, act of July 13, 1866.
4th. For a violation of section 48, act of June 30, 1864, of the Internal Revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America and praying process against the same that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated May 7th, 1868. my8

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 986.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 17th day of March A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 2 copper stills, 14 mash tubs, 2 doubling kegs, 2 troughs, 2 barrels, containing 83 gallons brandy, 1 barrel, containing 41 gallons whisky; alleging in substance that the said articles were seized on the 13th of March, 1868, by Erasmus L. Mottley, Collector of Internal Revenue, for a violation of section 23 of the act of July 13th, 1866, of the Internal Revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said district, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated March, 1868. my8

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 1,018.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 6th day of May, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 1 water cask, 1 receiver, 5 bbls rectified whisky, 34 bbls spirits, 1 half bbl spirits, 80 boxes spirits, 1 bbl ginger brandy, 3 rectifiers, 21 stand casks, 2 bbls sherry brandy, 2 bbls apple brandy, 3 bbls peach brandy, 1 bbl ginger brandy, 2 bbls gin, 5 empty boxes, 61 empty bbls, 3 bundles hoop-iron, 8 bbls whisky, 45 empty bbls, 88 empty bbls, 65 empty half bbls, 82 ten-gallon kegs, empty, 15 five-gallon kegs, empty, 35 slack hhds, 1 cask gin, 2 casks coloring, 1 bbl bitters, alleging in substance that the said articles were seized at Louisville, on the 5th day of May, 1868, by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue, for a violation of section 26 of the act of July 13th, 1866, of the internal revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated May 6, 1868. my7

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 1,017.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 5th day of May, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 7 boxes manufactured tobacco, alleging in substance that the said tobacco was seized by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue, for the Fifth District of Kentucky, at Louisville, on the 4th day of May, 1868, for a violation of section 97, act of June 30, 1864, as amended.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated May 6, 1868. my7

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 999.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 1st day of April, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against twenty-five barrels of distilled spirits, alleging in substance that the said spirits were seized at Louisville on the 20th day of March, 1868, by Phillip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fifth District of Kentucky, for a violation of section 45 of the act of 13th July, 1866, of the internal revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said district, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated April, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 915.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District of Kentucky, on the 13th day of February, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 6 barrels of distilled spirits, alleging in substance that the said spirits were seized at Louisville on the 11th of February, 1868, by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue, for a violation of section 45 of the act of July 13th, 1866, of the Internal Revenue laws.
And that said articles became forfeited to the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said district, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated February, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 1,005.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 6th day of April, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein, in behalf of the United States, against 50 barrels of distilled spirits, alleging in substance that the said spirits were seized at Louisville, on the 4th day of April, 1868, by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fifth District of Kentucky, for a violation of section 45 of the act of 13th July, 1866, of the internal revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said district, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated April, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 943.
Whereas, an information has been filled in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 21st day of February, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 50 barrels of whisky, alleging in substance that the said whisky was seized by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue, on the 18th day of February, A. D., 1868, for a violation of the 45th section of the act of the 13th day of July, 1866, of the Internal Revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the moniton under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interest therein, that they be and appear before said Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of may, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 911.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 13th day of February, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the district of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 25 barrels of distilled spirits, alleging in substance that the said spirits were seized by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue, at Louisville, on the 10th February, 1868, for an alleged violation of section 45 of the act of 13th July, 1866, of the Internal Revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and apppear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said district, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated February, 1868. my6

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 1,013.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 25th day of April, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 35 barrels distilled spirits, alleging in substance that the said spirits were seized at Louisville on the 24th of April, 1868, by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fifth District of Kentucky, for a violation of section 45 of the act of July 13th, 1866, of the internal revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated April, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 1,004.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 3d day of April, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the Udited States, against 1 barrel of distilled spirits, alleging that the spirits were seized at Covington, Ky., on the 21st day of March, 1868, by James I. Hudnall, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Sixth District of Kentucky, for a violation of section 45 of the act of July 13th, 1868, of the Internal Revenue laws.
And that said article become thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said article or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated April, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 1,012.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 25th day of April, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 30 barrels of distilled spirits, alleging, in substance, that the said spirits were seized at Louisville, on the 23d April, 1868, by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fifth District of Kentucky, for a violation of section 45 of the act of July 13, 1866, of the internal revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated April, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 1,002.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 2d day of April, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 25 barrels of distilled spirits, alleging in substance that the said spirits were seized at Louisville, on the 2d day of April, 1868, by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue, for the Fifth District of Kentucky, for a violation of section 45 of the act of 13th of July, 1866, of the internal revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated April, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 998.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 1st day of April, A. D. 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States against 18 barrels of distilled spirits, alleging in substance that the said spirits were seized by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue at Louisville, on the 20th day of March, 1868, for a violation of section 26 of the act of July 13th, 1866, and also for a violation of section 45 of the same act of the Internal Revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held at the City of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated April, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 995.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 30th day of March, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esquire, attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 1 copper still and worm, 14 mash tubs, 40 gallons singlings and 12 tubs of beer, alleging in substance that the said articles were seized by E. L. Mottley, Collector of Internal Revenue at Allen county, Kentucky on the 20th day of March, 1868, for the following reasons, to-wit:
1st. For a violation of section 23 of the act of July 13th, 1866.
2d. For a violation of section 24 of the act of July 13th, 1866, of the internal revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said district, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated March, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 996.
Whereas, an information has been filed, in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 30th day of March, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 1 barrels apple brandy and 1 barrel whisky, alleging in substance that the said articles were seized at Burksville on the 9th day of March, 1868, by E. L. Mottley, Collector of Internal Revenue, for the following reasons, to-wit:
1st. For a violation of section 48 of the act of July 13th, 1866.
2d. For a violation of section 45 of the act of July 13th, 1866, of the internal revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said district, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated March, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 997.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 30th day of March, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 2 barrels whisky, 1 gray horse, 1 spring wagon and 1 set of harness, alleging in substance that the said articles were seized at Covington on the 18th of March, by James I. Hudnall, Collector of Internal Revenue, for the following reason, to wit:
For a violation of section 14 of the act of July 13th, 1866, of the internal revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated March, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 1,001.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 2d day of April, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf the United States, against 27 barrels of whisky, alleging in substance that the said whisky was seized at Louisville on the second day of April, 1868, by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fifth District of Kentucky, for a violation of the 45th section of the act of 13th of July, 1866, of the internal revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said district, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated April, 1868. my6

NEW FIRMS.

COPARTNERSHIP.
We, the undersigned, have this day entered into a copartnership, in the style and firm of C. G. Smith & Co., for the purpose of conducting a Grocery, Produce and Commission business, at No. 75 East Market street, between Floyd and Brook.
C. G. SMITH,
R. J. ELLIOTT.
Louisville, Ky., April 18, 1868. ap30 12t

FOR SALE--CITY.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE—A nice new Cottage house containing 6 rooms, which can be divided into two houses. Price $3,250. Would take a low-priced lot as part pay. Address C. T. J., Democrat office. my1 eod7

FOR EXCHANGE—COTTAGES—I have four new cottages (3 large rooms each) which I will exchange for building lots. State location and cash price of ground. Address Clark, Democrat office. my1 eod7

FOR SALE—HOUSE—A desirable residence, on the west side of First street, between Walnut and Chestnut streets, formerly occupied by Mrs. S. M. E. Marshall. This property is open for inspection, and if not sold immediately, will be disposed of at auction, on the premises, at 4 o'clock next Monday afternoon, May 11th, 1868. For further information apply to HENRY L. POPE, at Mechanics' Bank. my7 td

FOR LEASE—GROUND—For terms of 5 to 15 years, 2,000 front feet of lots in Breckinridge's addition, between Breckinridge, Kentucky, Brook and Preston streets.
HENNING & SPEED, Agents
my6 1m For W. S. Caldwell, 146 w. Jefferson.

FOR SALE—COTTAGES—Three brick cottages in good order, on High street, in Portland, in a good neighborhood, and property in good order. Apply to W. H. LAWRENCE, 159 Jefferson street, bet. Fourth and Fifth. my5

FOR SALE—GROUND—In all parts of the city, and at low prices. For particulars call at W. H. LAWRENCE'S, 159 Jefferson street, bet. Fourth and Fifth. my5

FOR SALE—BUGGIES—Several good second-hand open and top buggies; also, one rockaway for sale low at W. F. SPYBEY'S Carriage Factory, Jefferson street, bet. Sixth and Seventh. my5 6t

FOR SALE.

PORTABLE STEAM ENGINE.

A nearly new Portable 10-horse power Steam Engine and Boiler, all in complete order, with good 20 feet smoke-stack. Will be sold at a bargain if immediate application is made at this office of
my3 J. H. BOWMAN.

FOR SALE—OPEN WAGON—One of the lightest and best two-seat light wagons offered for sale, nearly as good as new, made by one of the best carriage makers in the city. Inquire of BOWMAN, Democrat office. ap29 tf

FOR SALE—FINE HORSE—A good young horse; will go all the gaits, and is a fine saddle horse either for lady or gentleman; works kind and gentle in rockaway or buggy; is a good family horse. Inquire of BOWMAN, Democrat office. ap29 tf

FOR SALE—BUGGY—A good shifting-top buggy, in good order. Inquire of BOWMAN, Democrat office. ap29 tf

FOR SALE—THE VARBLE DRY DOCKS—Consisting of five No. 1 sections of docks, all in complete order, now lying at the foot of Towhead Island. Apply to M. WOODS FERGUSON & CO., Jefferson Steam Saw Mills. ap17 tf

FOR SALE—HOUSE—Two-story house, situated on Marshall street, containing 10 rooms; to be sold at low figures. For particulars apply to W. H. LAWRENCE, 159 Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth. ap14 tf

FOR SALE--COUNTRY.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—LAND—I offer for sale a part or whole of my farm, containing 200 acres, situated 9 miles from the city, on the Shelbyville turnpike road, 1¼ miles from Hobbs' Station, on the Louisville and Cincinnati Railroad. This tract affords several beautiful building sites, with never-failing springs upon it. I will sell this land in part for improved property in the city of Louisville. For further particulars inquire at my store, No. 143 Main street.
my9 1f GEO. W. WOMACK.

FOR SALE—FARM—One farm of 120 acres, situated one mile back from Hickman. On the grounds are a two-story log house (snug and comfortable), of six rooms, and all out-buildings, except stable; good orchard; a very desirable place for a nursery farm. Will sell for part cash, balance in six and twelve months, or will exchange for city or county property. Inquire of W. H. LAWRENCE, 159 Jefferson street, bet. Fourth and Fifth. my5

FOR SALE—TEXAS LANDS—400 acres in Hernden county; 800 acres in Stephens county. Apply to W. H. LAWRENCE, 159 Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth. my5

FOR SALE—COUNTRY RESIDENCE—A desirable country residence and 116 acres of land, ¾ of a mile from Pewee Valley Station, L. and F. R. R., and 13½ miles from Louisville, on the Ballardsville pike. Improvements are a good double modern-style frame cottage, 7 rooms and kitchen, good double cottage for servants, excellent barn and carriage-house and other out-buildings. The place is tastefully ornamented, and abounds in fruit of all kinds adapted to this climate; the land is mostly in grass, with 20 acres in woods pasture. It is a fine stock or fruit farm; embraces several fine building sites convenient to never-failing springs of water; high rolling ground. Change in my business induces me to offer the above property as a bargain. Terms will be made easy.
For further information apply to me on the premises, or to Messrs. Morris & Southwick, Louisville, Ky.
WM. MOSES,
ap15 tf Pewee Valley, Ky.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE FARM—Situated 5½ miles below the city, between Cane Run gravel road and the river, one-half mile from each. Contains 155 acres—135 acres cleared and well inclosed, the rest in timber; 50 acres of fine meadow; good orchard and good water; comfortable hewed-log dwelling of eight rooms, and necessary out-buildings, all in good condition. To suit purchasers, would be divided into two lots of 90 and 65 acres, each having a good portion of cleared land and timber—improvements on the former. If not disposed of at private sale by Thursday, the 5th day of March, will be sold on that day, on the premises, at public auction. Apply to J. W. HUGHES & CO., No. 81½ Green street, bet. Second and Third; or to B. GUY, at his mill, on Main street, between Floyd and Preston. fe23 tf

FOR SALE—LANDS—In lots from 10 to 600 acres, to suit purchasers; 225 on the Brownsboro turnpike, 8 miles from Louisville; 225 10 miles from the city on or near the Lexington railroad; 100 to 150 on the Lexington road, 8 miles from the city; 150 on the Newburg road, 2½ miles from the city. These lands are all well watered, and suitable for dairy land, stock farms or gardening purposes. Terms easy. Fine limestone water in abundance. The most of these lands are well set in grass.
fe21 tf L. L. DORSEY, Jr.

WANTED.

WANTED—PARTNER.

To take an interest in a

PLANING MILL,

SASH AND BLIND FACTORY,

Doing a large and successful business. For further information apply to

JOHN B. DAVIES,

my9 tf Washington Foundery.

WANTED—1 bookkeeper, 1 copyist, 2 men with wives, 3 small families, 1 messenger, 8 canvassers, 2 waiters, 1 bar-tender; also, situations for 3 clerks, 2 salesmen, mechanics, &c. KENTUCKY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 129 Jefferson street.
my9 1t MILLER & CO., Agents.

WANTED—BOARDERS—A gentleman and wife and five or six single gentlemen can obtain excellent board at Mrs. W. W. Williams', 343 Jefferson street, below Ninth. References required. my3 3w

WANTED—PARTNER—With $2,000 or $3,000, in a reliable and well-established business, doing a large trade. Good reference given and required. Address, with name and where an interview can be had, C. B. A., Louisville Postoffice. my3 7t

WANTED—Persons in city or country wanting help or laborers of any kind, old or young, male or female, white or black, can be accommodated on short notice by applying at the Louisville Employment Agency, 101 Fifth street.
Persons in want of employment, whether as clerks, salesmen, laborers, servants, or in any other capacity, can find homes and good wages by applying at the same place. my2 tf

WANTED—SITUATION—By a young married man, who is a good accountant, and has had some experience in book-keeping. Can furnish the best of references as to character, &c. Address M., Democrat office. ap18 tf

WANTED—Parties having goods of any kind to sell privately will find a purchaser by addressing Postoffice Drawer 143. ap14 1m

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—COUNTRY SEAT—The splendid Coutry Seat, the residence of the late John H. Harney, situated on the Shelbyville pike, in the edge of Middletown, containing 65 acres, is offered for rent for the term of one year. The house is large and in good repair. The beautiful grounds, gardens, orchards, ice-house, well filled, and all necessary out-buildings, render it a delightful retreat. Hobbs' Depot is but a short distance. An omnibus connects with every train. This is emphatically a home within city reach, such as are seldom offered for rent. Apply to MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO., or at the Democrat office, for particulars. my8 tf

FOR RENT—HOTEL—A hotel centrally located in the city of Louisville, for rent for three years, containing twenty-five (25) rooms, well furnished. Furniture and fixtures for sale. Inquire of McNAIR & CO., Real Estate and Employment Agents, 101 Fifth street. my6 tf

FOR RENT—HOUSE—One new two-story brick house, on 26th cross street, or cross roads, with two acres of ground, all ready to plant seed. This place is within one or two squares of the old Portland railroad, and a good neighbornood. Apply to W. H. LAWRENCE, 159 Jefferson street, bet. Fourth and Fifth. my5

FOR RENT—HOUSES—On Portland avenue and in the city. Apply to W. H. LAWRENCE, 159 Jefferson street, bet. Fourth and Fifth. my5

FOR RENT—ROOMS—Four nice large rooms. Will be rented to one or two families. Apply at the northeast corner Eleventh and Green. my3 7

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—Three front rooms, pleasantly situated for the summer, can be had at No. 222 East Chestnut street. ap28 tf

BOARDING—Families and single men can be accommodated with good board, by day or week, at Mrs. HOWARD'S, second house from corner of First, on Walnut, north side. ap18 tf

BOARDING—The best and cheapest boarding-house in the city is Lucas' Restaurant, in Central Market. Three meal tickets for $1, or 21 for $5. Good board, and meal hours to suit the public. fe19 tf

1868, SPRING, 1868.

MILLINERY.

MRS. M. J. OSBORNE

Respectfully informs her customers that she has just returned from the East with a choice stock of

MILLINERY GOODS,

HATS,
BONNETS,
FLOWERS,
RIBBONS,
SATINS.

Also, French and American Hat and Bonnet Frames.
Bleaching and Pressing done in the latest style.
MRS. M. J. OSBORNE,
ap5 2m 101 Jefferson street.

AUCTION SALES.

C. H. GARTRELL & CO.,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 180 Main st., bet. Fifth and Sixth, south side.
(Formerly Dickinson & Bennett's old stand.)
LOUISVILLE, KY.
Cash advances on consignments. Consignments solicited. mr25

This Day.

BY S. T. MOORE,
No. 127 N. W. cor. Main and Fourth sts.
One very fine set of Rosewood Bed-room Furniture, fine inclosed and marble-top Washstands, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Chairs; fine Oak, Walnut and Cherry Extension Tables, Writing Desks, Tin Safes, Spring and Cotton-top Mattresses, Window Blinds, Window-sash Fixtures, Sewing Stands, Feather Beds, Carpets, Cook Stoves, and a general and large assortment of Household and Kitchen Furniture,
AT AUCTION.
SATURDAY Morning, May 9th, at 10 o'clock precisely. Terms cash.
my9 S. T. MOORE, Auctioneer.

BY MOORE & MALLET,
No. 81 Fifth street.
THIS (SATURDAY) morning, May 9th, 1868, at 10 o'clock, regular sale at our auction-rooms of Furniture, Mattresses, Carpets, Glassware, &c. Also, a constable's sale of a large lot of Groceries and Store Fixtures.
my9 MOORE & MALLET, Auct'rs.

Future Sales.

BY WHARTON & FOSTER,
Office, 63 Market st., bet. Second and Third.
CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS, ATTENTION!
LARGE SALE OF LUMBER!
On TUESDAY Afternoon, May 12, at 3 o'clock, we will sell at the lumber yard, on the corner of Twelfth and Broadway, a large lot of
POSTS, LUMBER AND SHINGLES,
In lots to suit purchasers.
WHARTON & FOSTER,
my8 5t Auctioneers.

BY MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO.,
60 Jefferson street.
Beautiful Third-street Residence
AT AUCTION.
ON THURSDAY Afternoon, May 14th, 1868, at 5 o'clock, we will sell, on the premises, one of the most desirable pieces of property in Louisville, being the convenient and modern-built two-story brick dwelling No. 415 Third street, between York and Breckinridge, with high lot 40 by 200 feet to a 20-foot paved alley. The house contains eight rooms besides hall, large bath-room, kitchen, wash-house and three servants' rooms, every room being well lighted and ventilated; good cellar, cistern, stable, coal-house, &c., on the premises. Few places in the city can compare with this in the beauty of the grounds and shrubbery. Fifteen large peach and apple trees on the lot; also large grape arbor with prolific vines. Terms reasonable and mane known at the sale.
my8 6t MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO., Auc'trs.

BY PEARSON & MEDDIS,
150 W. Main st., over Morton, Galt & Co.
ELEGANT BROADWAY RESIDENCE,
AT AUCTION.
ON FRIDAY Afternoon, May 15th, at 4½ o'clock, on the premises, situated on the south side of Broadway, between Sixth and Seventh, we will offer for sale one of the most desirable residences in the city. The house is a modern style two-story brick, with large attic, and contains 15 rooms, with all the improvements known to architects of the present day; good brick stable, with servants' rooms over it. The lot fronts 50 feet on Broadway and extends back 180 feet to a 20 foot paved alley, and is as handsomely ornamented as any on Broadway. Considering location, size and style of house and yard, we feel justified in saying this is one of the most desirable residences ever offered at auction in Louisville. We will take pleasure in showing the premises previous to day of sale. Terms at sale.
my7 PEARSON & MEDDIS, Auct'rs.

WHARTON & FOSTER,
REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL
AUCTIONEERS,
Office, No. 60 Market street, bet. Second and Third, north side.
By permission we refer to Messrs. D. P. Faulds, J. D. Guthrie, S. G. Henry, Wheeler & Little, J. S. Hubbard, F. C. Wellman, T. L. Jefferson, and Wm. E. Hughes, editor of Democrat. ap25 3m

WINES AND LIQUORS.

AUG. HORSTMANN,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
And wholesale dealer in
PURE COPPER-DISTILLED
BOURBON AND RYE WHISKIES,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
BRANDIES, GINS AND WINES.
Rectifier, and Manufacturer of the celebrated
UNIVERSE BITTERS,
ap12 eod1m 27 Fourth st., Louisville, Ky.

JAMES RIPY, Lawrenceburg, Ky. JAMES A. BURRELL, Louisville, Ky
MONROE WALKER, Anderson Co., Ky.

RIPY, BURRELL & CO.,
Wholesale dealers in
PURE COPPER DISTILLED
BOURBON AND RYE WHISKIES
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
BRANDIES, GINS AND WINES,
No. 77 FIFTH STREET,
Near the St. Charles. [mr27] LOUISVILLE, KY.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
GEORGE F. WOOD & BROTHER
No. 204 Main street,
AT WHOLESALE.
A large and well-selected stock of Boots and Shoes, just received and for sale at reduced prices.
mr17 2m

LACE GOODS AND TRIMMINGS.

G. KEWER,
MANUFACTURER OF
CORDS, TASSELS, GIMPS,
BUTTONS, FRINGES, &c.,
Sixth street, between Market and Jefferson.
☞ All work done at New York prices. Orders promptly attended to. ap21 3m

CHAS. C. BRENNER.

ARTISTS' MATERIALS,

PAINTS.

No. 75 MARKET STREET

Between Second and Third.

☞ Send for catalogue. fe18 eod3m

J. H. MONTGOMERY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 99 Jefferson street,

Has just received a large stock of Spring Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, suitable for the spring and summer trade, which I will make to order cheap for cash. I will guarantee a fit in all cases, or no sale.
Also, clothing cleaned and color restored on chemical principles. Ladies' dresses, shawls, parasols, ribbons, gloves, dyed to any shade or color that the goods will permit. Send your goods along and have them done right at once, and not take them to places where you get them spoiled. Then bring them to me to have them done right, and save yourselves the expense of paying twice for having your work done right. Look out for humbugs and sign shops. Economy is a leading path to wealth, and while you consult with your purse and your pride, economy laughs till she shakes her old side.
Remember the old reliable stand kept by
ap12 deod2m J. H. MONTGOMERY.

BROKERS' SALE
of Rich and Valuable Goods, comprising a great variety of Valuable and Useful Articles, for sale at ONE DOLLAR FOR EACH ARTICLE. For additional terms, and conditions of sale, send for circulars. The stock consists of every variety of DRY GOODS, SILVER-PLATED WARE, ALBUMS, CARPETINGS, BOOTS and SHOES, &c., &c. We commenced the sale of goods on this plan in the fall of 1863. Our goods are obtained by cash advances made on merchandise, or are purchased direct from the commission houses, manufacturers and importers. We are selling goods at less prices for retail than are sold by any jobber in New York or Boston at wholesale. By offering such inducements to the public, we have increased our sales to the amount of about one million dollars a year, as we have made sworn returns to the U. S. Assessor of over one hundred thousand a month. Every exertion on our part will be made, to give satisfaction to those who may favor us with their patronage. Address
ANDREWS & CO., 104 & 106 Sudbury st.,
ap30 d&w1m Boston, Massachusetts.

R. HUGH COURTNEY,
STREET BROKER
IN
STOCKS AND BONDS,
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY,
Can be found at Citizens' Bank. ap16 eod1m

PUBLIC SALES.

MARSHAL'S SALE.
John Kennedy's adm'r, against John Kennedy's heirs, } In Chancery, No. 20,075.
By virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on
MONDAY, MAY 11, 1868,
About the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Courthouse door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 6, 12 and 18 months, so much as may be necessary to satisfy the decree herein of the property in pleadings mentioned, viz:
TWO TRACTS OF LAND
In Jefferson county, Ky., about 10 miles from said city, and to the west of the county road, leading from the Lexington turnpike to the Taylorsville turnpike. The first described thus: Beginning at a stone in the county road, corner to Gaar; running thence with Alfred Gaar's line N 80¼ W 74 poles to a stake, corner to said Gaar and the Jacob Farm, now Ten. Broeck's; thence with his line S 50 W 66.3 poles to a stake in his line, corner to the tract assigned to Mrs. Kennedy as dower; thence with the line of the dower tract S 82½ E 72.7 poles; thence N 1 E 14 poles; thence S 84½ E 52 poles to a stake in the aforesaid county road and in Gaar's line; thence with the Gaar line and the road N 1 E 31.72 poles to the beginning, containing 25 acres.
The second beginning at a stake in the line of the Jacob Farm, now Ten. Broeck's, and western corner of the tract, assigned to Mrs. Kennedy as dower; thence with the lines of said dower tract S 82½ E 101 poles, S 36 E 3.9 poles, S 85½ E 46.84 poles to a stake in the county road and in Gaar's line; thence with said line and road S 1 W 21.78 poles to a stone in said road, corner to Gaar; thence with his line and the road S 11 W 35.75 poles to a stake in said road and in Gaar's line and corner to the 15 acres conveyed by Kennedy to Stackmann; thence with his lines N 82 W 19 poles N 50½ W 89 poles to a stake in the line of the Funk Farm, now Mrs. Hise's; thence with the same N 38 W 65.8 poles to a stone, corner to the same; thence N 43 W 67.5 poles to a stone, corner to Bullitt and said Jacob Farm; thence with the line of the latter N 50 E 47 poles to the beginning, containing 86¼ acres.
The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security.
THOS. A. MORGAN, M. L. C. C.
my6 td N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy.

MARSHAL'S SALE.
Jesse Robinson, against Josephus Perrin, &c., } In Chancery, No. 21,205.
By virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on
MONDAY, MAY 11, 1868,
About the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Courthouse door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 4, 8 and 12 months, so much as may be necessary to satisfy the decree herein of the property in pleadings mentioned, viz:
A TRACT OF LAND
In Jefferson county, Ky., on the turnpike leading from Louisville to Shelbyville, and bounded thus: Beginning at the east side of the culvert first one east of the bridge across Floyd's Fork and corner to Beckley; running thence S 56 W 11 poles to the middle pier of the bridge in the middle of Floyd's Fork; thence down the same with its meanders nearly as follows: S 39 E 164 poles; thence S 8 E 38 to two elms and a maple on the right bank of said creek and corner to Tucker; thence with the lines of the same N 58½ W 176 poles to a stone; thence N 67 W 153.6 poles to a stone, near a rock quarry; thence N 20¾ E 139 poles to a stone, on the side of a hill, one pole from a drain; thence N 82¾ E 67.2 poles to a stone on the left bank of said creek; thence down the same S 27½ E 6.7 poles to a stone; thence S 80½ E 37.5 poles to a stone; thence S 17 E 123.5 poles to the beginning, containing 215 acres, be the same more of less, and is the same conveyed to P. Griffin by D. H. Hall and wife.
The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security.
THOS. A. MORGAN, M. L. C. C.
my6 td N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy.

MARSHAL'S SALE.
John Pfleiderer, against C. Freudenberger, } In Chanc'y, No. 21,188.
By virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on
MONDAY, MAY 11, 1868,
About the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Courthouse door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of three months,
ONE FURNITURE WAGON.
The purchaser being required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid.
THOS. A. MORGAN, M. L. C. C.
my6 td N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy.

MARSHAL'S SALE.
Gheens & Co., against W. R. Hunter, &c., } In Chancery, No. 21,102.
By virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on
MONDAY, MAY 11, 1868,
About the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Courthouse door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 6 and 12 months, so much as may be necessary to satisfy the decree herein of the property in pleadings mentioned, viz:
LOT NO. 2
In Block No. 6, in Ormsby's subdivision in Bullitt's addition to said city.
The purchaser will be required to give bond, with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security.
THOS. A. MORGAN, M. L. C. C.
my6 td N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy.

MARSHAL'S SALE.
Morris Nathan, against S. & L. G. Dinkelspiel, &c., } In Ch'cy, No. 21,411.
By virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on
MONDAY, MAY 11, 1868,
About the hour of 4 o'clock P. M., sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, on a credit of three months, on the premises, occupied by the defendants, on the east side of Third street, between Main and Water, all the Machinery, Fixtures, Horse and Wagon, contained in, and in any way appertaining to, the laundry business, carried on by defendants.
The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security.
THOS. A. MORGAN, M. L. C. C.
my6 td N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy.

MARSHAL'S SALE.
W. H. Dulaney, against Sam'l Schwing, } In Chancery, No. 21,288.
By virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on
MONDAY, MAY 11, 1868,
About the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Courthouse door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 4, 8 and 12 months, so much as may be necessary to satisfy the decree herein of the property in pleadings mentioned, viz:
THE UNDIVIDED HALF
Of a House and Lot in said city, on the north side of Green street, between First and Second, fronting 32 feet on Green street and running back same width 91 feet.
The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security.
THOS. A. MORGAN, M. L. C. C.
my6 td N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy.

MARSHAL'S SALE.
E. N. Owings, &c., against S. N. Marshall, &c., } In Chancery, No. 20,576.
By virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on
MONDAY, MAY 11, 1868,
About the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Courthouse door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 4 and 8 months, the property in pleadings mentioned, viz:
LOT NO. 10,
In Jeffersontown, Jefferson county, Ky., fronting 66 feet on Main street and running back same width to an alley, with the improvements thereon, known as the Malone Lodge, No. 378, and the Presbyterian Church.
The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security.
THOS. A. MORGAN, M. L. C. C.
my6 td N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy.

MARSHAL'S SALE.
R. Starr, Adm'x, against E. Hughes, } In Chancery, No. 18,951.
By virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on
MONDAY, MAY 11, 1868,
About the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Courthouse door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 6 and 12 months, the property in pleadings mentioned, viz:
A LOT OF GROUND
In Portland, bounded thus: Beginning on the north side of Market street, 157 feet 6 inches west of Commercial street; thence westwardly with Market street 52 feet 6 inches and extending back same width northwardly 198 to an alley
The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security.
THOS. A. MORGAN, M. L. C. C.
my6 td N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy.

MAIN-STREET MILLS
FOR SALE.
Will be sold at auction, on the 11th day of May, 1868, if not sold before that time at private sale, the Main-st. Mills, including building, ground, office fixtures, sacks, A No. 1 safe, &c. This mill has run but one season, with everything in perfect and complete running order. It has the capacity of making 175 barrels of flour and grinding 500 bushels corn per day, running two buhrs on wheat and one buhr on corn. The buhrs are four feet diameter; engine 16 inch cylinder, 3 feet stroke; 2 boilers, 20 feet long, 42 inches diameter.
Terms—One-third cash; balance in six, twelve and eighteen months; notes, bearing interest, with approved security.
For further particulars apply to
GUY & DOUGLASS,
ap12 Main, between Floyd and Preston.

LAW CARDS.

HENRY HARTMAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office, 198 West Jefferson street,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care. my3 tf

S. G. SUDDARTH. WM. STEWART.
SUDDARTH & STEWART,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
COLUMBIA, KY.,
Will practice in all the Courts in adjoining counties.
mr23 3m

SELBY HARNEY,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
Office—Jefferson st., bet. Sixth and Center, opposite Courthouse,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
COLLECTIONS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. Refers to any business house or banking house in the city. jy11 tf

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 914.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 13th day of February, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 6 barrels distilled spirits, alleging in substance that the said spirits were seized at Louisville on the 10th February, 1868, by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue, for an alleged violation of section 45 of the act of 13th July, 1866, of the internal revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said district, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated February, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 991.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 28th day of March, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 50 barrels distilled spirits, alleging in substance that the said spirits were seized at Louisville, on the 20th day of March, 1868, by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fifth Collection District of Kentucky, for the following reasons, to-wit: For a violation of section 45 of the act of July 13, 1866, of the internal revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said district, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated March, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 981.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 10th day of March, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 20 barrels of whisky, alleging in substance that the said whisky was seized by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue, on the 9th of March, 1868, for the following reasons, to-wit:
1st. For a violation of section 45 of the act of 13th July, 1866, of the internal revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said district, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated March, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 916.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 13th day of February, A. D. 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 25 barrels distilled spirits, alleging in substance that the said spirits were seized at Louisville, on the 10th February, 1868, by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue, for an alleged violation of section 45 of the act of 13th July, 1866, of the Internal Revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held at the City of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D. 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated February, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 993.
Whereas, An information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 28th day of March, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against nine barrels distilled spirits, alleging in substance that the said whisky was seized on the 24th day of March, 1868, at Fayette county Ky., by R. M. Kelly, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Seventh Collection District of Kentucky for the following reasons, to-wit:
1st. For a violation of section 31 of the act of July 13th, 1866.
2d. For a violation of section 45 of the act of July 13th, 1866.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next may term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated March, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 1,006.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 6th day of April A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 4 barrels of distilled spirits, alleging in substance that the said spirits were seized at Louisville, in the 3d day of April, 1868, by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue for the 5th District of Kentucky, for a violation of section 45 of the act of the 13th of July, 1866, of the Internal Revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated April, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 990.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky on the 28th day of March, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 32 barrels and 1 fractional barrel high wines, 6 barrels whisky, 1 boiler, 1 engine, 1 corn mill, 1 mash tub, 6 fermenting tubs, 36 bushels corn, 1 log boiler, 1 copper still, 1 flake stand, 12 bushels corn, 2 bushels malt, 2 meal boxes, 1 bale hops, 1 rectifying tub, 1 whisky stand, 2 empty barrels and 13 empty kegs, alleging in substance that the said articles were seized at Canton, Ky., on the 20th day of March, 1868, by John D. Kelly, Collector of Internal Revenue for the First Collection District of Kentucky, for the following reasons, to-wit:
1st. For a violation of section 31 of the act of July 13, 1866.
2d. For a violation of section 34 of the act of July 13, 1866.
3d. For a violation of section 26 of the act of July 13, 1866.
4th. For a violation of section 45 of the act of 13th of July, 1866, of the internal revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held in the city of Louisville, in and for said district, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated March, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 978.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 10th day of March, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 5 barrels apple brandy, alleging in substance that the said brandy was seized on the 4th day of March, 1868, by R. M. Kelly, Collector of Internal Revenue, for the following reasons, to-wit:
1st. For a violation of section 41 of the act of 13th July, 1866, and of section 31, of the act of March 2, 1867, internal revenue laws.
2d. For a violation of section 48 of the act of June 30, 1864, of the internal revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said district, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated March, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 980.
Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 10th day of March, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against thirteen barrels of whisky, alleging in substance that the said whisky was seized on the 9th of March, 1868, by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue, for the following reason, to-wit:
1st. For a violation of section 45 of the act of July 13, 1866, of the internal revenue laws.
And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said district, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.
W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.
Dated March, 1868. my6

IN BANKRUPTCY.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 19th day of Dec., A. D., 1867, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
THOS. CAYCE,
Of ———, in the county of Christian, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Bowlinggreen, Ky., before Frank. H. Bristow, Register, on the 20th day of May, 1868, at 4 o'clock P. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my9 2t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 5th day of May, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
JOHN E. JETT,
Of ———, in the county of McCracken, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Paducah, Ky., before C. S. Marshall, Register, on the 15th day of June, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my8 2t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 2d day of May, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
GREEN JOHNSON,
Of ———, in the county of Wayne, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Monticello, Ky., before John W. Tuttle, Register, on the 1st day of June, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my8 2t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 2d day of May, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
WESLEY JOHNSON,
Of ———, in the county of Wayne, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Monticello, Ky., before John W. Tuttle, Register, on the 1st day of June, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my8 2t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 28th day of Feb'y, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
ROBERT T. CHELTON,
Of ———, in the county of Todd, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Bowlinggreen, Ky., before Frank. H. Bristow, Register, on the 3d day of June, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my8 2t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 28th day of Feb'y, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
JOHN L. SMITH,
Of ———, in the county of Warren, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Bowlinggreen, Ky., before Frank. H. Bristow, Register, on the 3d day of June, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my8 2t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 6th day of May, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
C. W. GREEN,
Of Columbus, in the county of Hickman, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Paducah, Ky., before C. S. Marshall, Register, on the 15th day of June, 1868, at 5 o'clock P. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my8 2t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 5th day of May, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
J. W. RYAN,
Of Mayfield, in the county of Graves, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Paducah, Ky., before Chas. S. Marshall, Register, on the 15th day of June, 1868, at 4 o'clock P. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my8 2t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 4th day of May, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
HERMAN GREENBAUM,
Of Louisville, in the county of Jefferson, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 14 Center street, Louisville, Ky., before John H. Ward, Register, on the 18th day of May, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my8 2t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 2d day of May, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
FRANK. LONGAKER,
Of Louisville, in the county of Jefferson, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 14 Center st., Louisville, Ky., before John H. Ward, Register, on the 18th day of May, 1868, at 9 o'clock A. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my8 2t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 4th day of May, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
BENJ. C. WATTS,
Of Louisville, in the county of Jefferson, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 14 Center street, Louisville, Ky., before J. H. Ward, Register, on the 19th day of May, 1868, at 9 o'clock A. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my8 2t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—In the District Court of the United States, for the District of Kentucky—In bankruptcy. In the matter of
JAS. D. HUNT.
Petition for final discharge filed on the 29th day of April, 1868. By order of Court the creditors of James D. Hunt, bankrupt, are hereby notified to appear before me, at my office, No. 323 Scott street, Covington, Ky., on the 29th day of May, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause, if any they have, why the bankrupt aforesaid should not be discharged from his debts.
JOHN W. FINNELL, Register.
JOHN T. LEVIS, Assignee.
Covington, April 29th, 1868. my2 Sa3

IN BANKRUPTCY.—In the District Court of the United States, for the District of Kentucky. In the matter of
R. H. COURTNEY,
Bankrupt. Petition for final discharge filed April 30th, 1868. By order of court the creditors are hereby notified to appear before me, at my office, No. 14 Center street, Louisville, Ky., on the 11th day of May, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M., to show cause, if any they have, why the bankrupt aforesaid should not be discharged from his debts.
J. H. WARD, Register.
STEPHEN E. JONES, Assignee. my2 Sa2

IN BANKRUPTCY.—In the District Court of the United States, for the District of Kentucky. In the matter of
MICHAEL GOLDSMITH,
Bankrupt. Petition for final discharge filed April 30th, 1868. By order of court the creditors are hereby notified to appear before me, at my office, No. 14 Center street, Louisville, Ky., on the 8th day of May, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause, if any they have, why the bankrupt aforesaid should not be discharged from his debts.
J. H. WARD, Register.
R. M. MOSBY, Assignee. my2 Sa2

NOTICE.—In the District Court of the United States, for the District of Kentucky—in bankruptcy. In the matter of
C. W. BLISS,
Bankrupt. Petition for final discharge filed April 30th, 1868. By order of court the creditors are hereby notified to appear before me, at my office, No. 14 Center street, Louisville, Ky., on the 12th day of May, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., to show cause, if any they have, why the bankrupt aforesaid should not be discharged from his debts.
J. H. WARD, Register.
STEPHEN E. JONES, Assignee. my2 Sa2

IN BANKRUPTCY.—District of Kentucky—ss. At Winchester, Ky., the 15th day of April, A. D., 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of
JOHN T. FACKLER,
Of Danville, in the county of Boyle, and State of Kentucky, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.
my2 Sa3 F. H. DUDLEY, Assignee.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—District of Kentucky—ss. At Winchester, Ky., the 16th day of April, A. D., 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of
FLAVIUS J. DEHONEY,
Of Frankfort, in the county of Franklin, and State of Kentucky, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.
my2 Sa3 F. H. DUDLEY, Assignee.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—District of Kentucky—ss. At Winchester, Ky., the 18th day of April, A. D., 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of
BENJAMIN F. JOHNSON,
Of the county of Franklin, and State of Kentucky, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.
my2 Sa3 F. H. DUDLEY, Assignee.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—District of Kentucky—ss. At Winchester, Ky., the 8th day of Feb., A. D., 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of
SILAS KERSEY,
Of Frankfort, in the county of Franklin, and State of Kentucky, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.
my2 Sa3 F. H. DUDLEY, Assignee.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that on the 5th day of Feb'y, A. D., 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of
THOS. ANDERSON,
Of ———, in the county of Christian, and State of Ky., who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property, by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Bowlinggreen, Ky., before Frank. H. Bristow, Register, on the 4th day of June, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.
W. A. MERIWETHER,
my9 2t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

NOTICE.—In the District Court of the United States, for the District of Kentucky; in bankruptcy. In the matter of
PATRICK FLANNERY.
Petition for final discharge filed on the 7th day of May, 1868. By order of court the creditors of Patrick Flannery, bankrupt, are hereby notified to appear before me, at my office, No. 323 Scott street, Covington, Ky., on the 5th day of June, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause, if any they have, why the bankrupt aforesaid should not be discharged from his debts. JOHN W. FINNELL, Register.
JOHN T. LEVIS, Assignee.
Covington, Ky., May 7, 1868. my9 Sa3

IN BANKRUPTCY.—District of Kentucky—ss. At Winchester, the 25th day of April, A. D., 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of
CHAS. F. SPENCER,
Of Lexington, in the county of Fayette, and State of Kentucky, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.
E. T. TAYLOR, Assignee,
my9 Sa3 Winchester, Ky.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—District of Kentucky—ss. At Hopkinsville, the 7th day of May., A. D., 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of
W. S. WALSH,
Of ———, in the county of Christian, and State of Kentucky, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.
my9 Sa3 W. D. RITTER, Assignee.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—District of Kentucky—ss. At Owensboro, the 16th day of April, A. D., 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of
MARC LEVY,
Of the county of Daviess, and State of Kentucky, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.
my9 Sa3 MAX. COHN, Assignee.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—District of Kentucky—ss. At Owensboro, the 6th day of May, A. D., 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of
AUSTIN HOLLMARK,
Of the county of Henderson, and State of Kentucky, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.
my9 Sa3 J. A. PRIEST, Assignee.

NOTICE.—In the District Court of the United States, for the District of Kentucky. In the matter of
SAMUEL L. HALSEY, Bankrupt.
Petition for final discharge filed May 7th, 1868. By order of Court the creditors are notified to appear before me, at my office, No. 14 Center street, Louisville, Ky., on the 20th day of May, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M., to show cause, if any they have, why the bankrupt aforesaid should not be discharged from his debts.
J. H. WARD, Register.
R. M. MOSBY, Assignee. my9 Sa2

IN BANKRUPTCY.—District of Kentucky—ss. At Louisville, the 8th day of May, A. D., 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of
MARTIN MERKLE,
Of Louisville, in the county of Jefferson, and State of Kentucky, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.
my9 Sa3 STEPHEN E. JONES, Assignee.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—District of Kentucky—ss. At Winchester, Ky., the 18th day of April A. D., 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of
JOHN M. GLINN,
Of the county of Scott, and State of Kentucky, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.
my2 Sa3 F. H. DUDLEY, Assignee.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—District of Kentucky—ss. At Louisville, the 24th day of April, A. D., 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of
A. C. SMITH,
Of Louisville, in the county of Jefferson, and State of Kentucky, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.
ap25 Sa3 R. M. MOSBY, Assignee.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—District of Kentucky—ss. At Louisville, the 24th day of April, A. D. 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of
J. M. OSTRANDER,
Of the county of Meade, and State of Kentucky, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.
ap25 Sa3 STEPHEN E. JONES, Assignee.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—District of Kentucky—ss. At Louisville, the 24th day of April, A. D., 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of
JOHN FUNK,
Of Henderson, in the county of Henderson, and State of Kentucky, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.
ap25 Sa3 STEPHEN E. JONES, Assignee.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—District of Kentucky—ss. At Louisville, the 24th day of April, A. D., 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of
THOS. C. WILEY,
Of Louisville, in the county of Jefferson, and State of Kentucky, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.
ap25 Sa3 R. M. MOSBY, Assignee.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—District of Kentucky—ss. At Louisville, the 24th day of April, A. D., 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of
BENJAMIN PFLAUMBACKER,
Of the county of Nelson, and State of Kentucky, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.
ap25 Sa3 R. M. MOSBY, Assignee.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—District of Kentucky—ss. At Louisville, the 24th day of April, A. D., 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of
J. Q. & J. BAKER,
Of the county of Owen, and State of Kentucky, within said District, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition, by the District Court of said District.
ap25 Sa3 R. M. MOSBY, Assignee.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—District of Kentucky—ss. At Louisville, the 24th day of April, A. D., 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of
JEROME WATSON,
Of ———, in the county of Henderson, and State of Kentucky, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.
ap25 Sa3 R. M. MOSBY, Assignee.

NOTICES.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE.
COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, 5TH DIS. KY., LOUISVILLE, May 1st, 1868.
COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.
All persons owing Internal Revenue Tax, whether from license or special tax, income, watches, carriages or billiard tables, are hereby notified that I have received from the Assessor his list of assessments, and the tax is now due and payable, and must be paid within this month.
Notice is hereby given that I will be in my office, in the Customhouse, each day, from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., to receive said taxes.
my2 tjel PHILIP SPEED, Collector.

NOTICE.—The undersigned having purchased the interest of my late partner, Mr. John S. Hubbard, of the firm of Shrader & Hubbard, Liquor Dealers, southwest corner of Main and Brook streets, the business hereafter will be continued in my name, where I will be glad to see all my old friends and customers. I intend to keep always on hand a full stock of pure Wines and Liquors, and sell at the lowest prices. R. A. SHRADER.
May 6th, 1868. my7 3t

NOTICE.—I have purchased the interest of John Cross & Co., in the wholesale Saddlery Hardware and Manufacturing business, and will continue the same at No. 242 south side of Main street, bet. Sixth and Seventh, Louisville, Ky.
my6 1m JOHN CROSS.

NOTICE.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Jefferson Southern Pond Draining Company, held on the 25th April, 1868, it was ordered that there should be a meeting of the land owners and proprietors of land within the boundary of said company, to meet at the livery stable of Williams & Steadman (formerly Davis & Bacon), on Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth streets, on Saturday, May 9th, 1868, to vote upon the acceptance of the amendment to their charter, and to elect seven Directors. The polls will be open from 10 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M.
E. D. STANDIFORD, Pres't.
E. G. MINOR, Sec'y. ap26 2w

NOTICE.—Tax-payers are hereby notified to call at the Assessor's office and examine their lists, and make complaint, if any, in writing, to the undersigned commissioners, within thirty days from date, April 19, 1868.
J. H. BUNCE, P. B. A.,
P. BANNON, P. B. C. C.,
WM. McCARRELL, C. A.
H. WOLFORD, C. T.,
ap19 d30 A. W. R. HARRIS, C. A.

LAKE ICE.

LAKE ICE, LAKE ICE.
JOHN P. CROMIE,
Wholesale and retail dealer in
PURE NORTHERN LAKE ICE,
Has now in store and offers for sale the largest stock and finest quality of
PURE LAKE ICE
Ever put up for this market, which he is prepared to deliver to customers at the lowest market rates. Special attention will be given to all orders for shipping by railroad or river.
Office No. 107 Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson, opposite the Courthouse.
my [illegible] JOHN P. CROMIE.

J. GOSNELL & BRO.,
Dealers in
NORTHERN AND RIVER ICE.
Particular attention given to delivery at all hours of the day. Office 117 Second street, between Market and Jefferson. ap15 tjel

FRANK S. GOSNELL
Furnishes private families with
NORTHERN LAKE AND HOME ICE.
Office—No. 112 Third street, between Market and Jefferson. mr25 dtjel

STILL FOOD.
The Beargrass Distillery will feed for owners, on slops, 1,000 hogs and cattle, and sell slops by the barrel, at the works of the late Kentucky Bourbon Company. my1 2w

Daily Democrat.

OUR SUMMARY.

THE RAIN.

Oh! the rain, the beautiful rain,
Filling the cistern, the tub and the drain;
Over the housetops, over the trees,
Sprinkling the heads of the people you meet.
Dancing,
Bubbling,
Rippling along.
Beautiful rain, with its liquid tongue!
Falling in drops on a fair lady's cheek,
Cooling her lips with a heaven-born leak;
Beautiful rain, from the cloudlets above,
Soft as a maiden, inconsistent as love!

—The summer term of Yale College will commence on May 14th.

—Four young ladies, three English and one Swiss, are studying medicine in Zurich.

—Miles O'Reilly has bought a tobacco farm of 700 acres about sixty miles south of Richmond.

—They say a daughter of Dumas is coming on the stage, and also that she has a frightful temper.

—The celebrated race horse "John" died recently near Washington, D. C., aged twenty-eight years.

—Flora Temple, the celebrated trotting mare, dropped a foal on April 30th. Flora is 23 years old.

—The sinking fund of the city of Pittsburg consists of $133,000 five per cent. bonds of the corporation.

—Dickens' first book, "The Life of Joe Grimaldi," is announced for republication in Philadelphia.

—A citizen of Lenox, Mass., has a cedar sundial stand which belonged to his ancestors in Scotland 148 years ago.

—Eleven colored men, it is stated, have been elected delegates from the South to the Republican National convention.

—Detroit has a population of 66,358 according to the census takers, but the newspapers claim 9,000 additional inhabitants.

—Mrs. Sarah Wooster has been appointed to oversee the poor and survey the highways of the parish of Ilmire, in England.

—Captain John T. Shirley, the celebrated Mississippi river captain, is about to leave Memphis and take up his residence in California.

—A silk dress pattern was recently thrown to a Boston danseuse on the stage, whether as a substantial compliment or a hint is not stated.

—A blue horse with a buff face is on exhibition in London. Perhaps he is a relic of the revolution of '76 and clings to the Continental uniform.

—Udolpho Wolf's income is $33,905, and Helmbold's is $22,040. These are the sweets of this life that they receive in compensation for their bitters.

—The Union Pacific railroad will be opened to Fort Sanders, 1,070 miles west of Chicago, this week. Nine hundred and fifty miles still remain to be completed.

—The Rochester Radical pressure is so strong that it is thought Frederick Douglass' scruples will be overcome, and that he will consent to run for Congress.

—Mr. Bennett's elegant country mansion at Fort Washington has a gilded dome, which, when the sun shines upon it, can be seen for miles, looking like a ball of fire.

—Cincinnati has had twelve suicides within the past two months. Cincinnati has passed Chicago in this particular horror, and is treading close on the bloody heels of Paris.

—Good butter is now selling from sixty to seventy-five cents a pound in Galveston, while Texas owns more neat cattle than any State in the Union, while it costs nothing to feed them.

—Some Roman Catholic nuns in London are about to open near Oxford street a *creche*, on the Paris plan; that is to say, a place where poor mothers can leave their infants while they go out to work.

—The "boring of the ears" of the King of Burmah's daughter is an occasion of great solemnity. The ceremony, as described by a recent visitor to that court, was magnificent in the extreme, and cost $500,000.

—"Among the gifts at a recent wooden wedding, at South End, in Boston, was a fashionable bonnet made of shavings. A very small shaving will make a bonnet." True, but a very small saving won't pay for it.

—James Fernance, surnamed old Pino, and living in Kansas City, is one hundred and seventeen years old. He has been a pioneer trapper most of his life, and is now busy cultivating tobacco on a twenty-acre lot.

— The Glengarry, or Scotch bonnet, has been adopted by the British army. Heretofore it was worn only by the Scottish regiments. A more durable head-gear could hardly be discovered; but it is lacking in a visor for the eyes.

—An Iowa railroad king, noticing a crowd of children standing around a circus entrance the other day, in Keokuk, because they had no money to get in with, paid for them all, 150 in number, and then went in himself to see them enjoy themselves.

—P. H. Burns, of the Western Union Telegraph company's line in Boston, having held the "Champion Telegraph Key" of New England and New York for eighteen months against all contestants, it now becomes his property, the allotted time having expired on the 29th inst. The "key," which is made of gold, is to be worn as a breastpin, and is a beautiful piece of workmanship.

[From the Nashville Banner.]

FRIGHTFUL TORNADO.

Chaos Come again in Williamson County—Houses Annihilated, Trees Snapped Asunder and Fences Blown to Fragments—Five Lives Known to have been Lost—Ethiopian Translation to an Unknown Sphere—Extraordinary Freaks of the Whirlwind.

Intelligence reached this city yesterday morning that a terrible tornado had passed across the northern portion of Williamson county, involving the destruction of property to the amount of many thousands of dollars, and, what was still worse, the loss of several lives.

THE FIRST WARNING.

George Hughes, residing on Joseph Reagan's land, two miles southwest of the city, received the earliest fury of the tornado. How long the destructive element had been lingering above the earth is somewhat uncertain, but that it first descended in the vicinity mentioned is generally agreed among those who took any interest in watching so extraordinary a phenomenon. Its course, three hundred yards wide, lay through the heaviest timber, yet mighty oaks were snapped in twain like pipe stems, and the lordly beeches were uprooted for miles. Shadrach Reed, who farms Lanty Johnson's land, had two of his cribs unroofed, while much of his best timber was leveled with the earth. His fencing disappeared in the air like a flash, and was heard of no more. From this point the whirlwind appears to have followed the hollows, prostrating everything that came in its path, until it reached the Franklin pike, when its destructive effects became still more manifest.

DESTRUCTION OF THE TOLL-HOUSE.

From Mr. W. McManus, who lives about two hundred yards from the toll-house previously mentioned, and who was on the spot immediately after its destruction, we get the following interesting statement:

The name of the toll-gate keeper was Thos. Chumbly. He was a brother of your City Marshal. Besides keeping the gate, he followed the trade of a shoemaker. He had a wife and four children. On Wednesday evening I had been shearing sheep. The threatening aspect of the weather induced me to go home about 6 o'clock. There was something altogether unusual and peculiar in the appearance of the clouds which created within me a foreboding for which I could not account. They seemed to be approaching from different directions, as if for the consummation of some terrible catastrophe. I had just got inside my house when the tempest expended itself on the house of my neighbor, about two hundred yards off. My own place had a narrow escape. The tornado passed, as it were, by the corner of the house. When I looked toward Chumbley's the toll-house had disappeared. I at once hastened in that direction, and found a terrible condition of affairs.

THE DEAD AND DYING.

Not a post or plank was left in its place. The house was literally a mass of ruins, yet the storm had not lasted five minutes. I first noticed that several cows and hogs had been blown against the stone fence on the opposite side of the pike, and seemed unable from terror or exhaustion to move. The little girl, seven years old, was crying and wringing her hands over her mother, who was lying with a large sleeper across her legs, terribly bruised from the shoulders down. Mrs. Chumbley's dress had been torn from her person; her wristbands were all that was left. Of her under clothing I found only a few strips. The little girl was badly, but not seriously, cut under the throat and mouth. About five feet to the left of his wife lay Mr. Chumbley. This was not, you should remember, among the ruins. Mrs. C. was more than half way across the pike, while Mr. C. had been blown still further, and was close against the stone fence. His face was horribly gashed up, and his right arm was broken in two places, but death had evidently been caused by wounds in the skull and breast, which were frightfully crushed. One of the children, a boy two years old, was found in the midst of a pile of bricks. The chimney had fallen on him, and only his face was to be seen. He was a mass of cuts and bruises. Another boy, five years old, was badly but not fatally injured. In addition to numerous cuts and bruises, his skull was slightly fractured, yet he was playing about to-day as if nothing had happened. Both of the boys were lying on their backs senseless when I discovered them, as was also Mrs. C. After looking for the baby, which was about one year old, I discovered it lying dead in the field across the pike—at least a hundred yards from the site of the house—with its skull mashed, a bruise in the forehead and a deep cut under its chin. Of the cradle in which it was lying when the storm came on, not a vestige was to be seen. It was then raining in torrents. I worked for half an hour relieving the sufferers and then went for help. I first called for aid, but the wind was howling so fiercely, that the nearest neighbor could not hear me.

FREAKS OF THE TORNADO.

But little of the furniture of Mr. Chumbley's house could be found, except in minute particles. The field opposite the tollhouse was strewn for hundreds of yards with the wreck of what had but recently been a happy home. A blanket was found about two miles off, and a shoe on which Mr. C. was working when he was killed, fell at least a mile and a half distant. The survivors are left utterly destitute.

THE DIRECTION IT WENT.

From the Franklin pike the tornado pursued a zig-zag course, but ranging in a northeasterly direction, for about five miles. Its path varied in width from 300 yards to a mile and a half. Hardly a tree or a fence withstood its terrible advance. The largest oaks were snapped at the thickest part of the trunk, and the fields were strewn with limbs and branches. After leveling the house occupied by Mr. James Edmundson, as mentioned below, the Angel of Destruction disdained to touch the earth for some distance, but near the Nolensville pike he again descended, left the mark of his wrath, crossed the pike, vented his fury for the last time on the habitations of men, and was heard of no more. At no place did the storm last more than from three to five minutes, but its work was accomplished with fearful effect. One hundred thousand dollars will not repair the damage that was done. Such a terrible visitation was never experienced in Tennessee, nor perhaps in the South, before.

In following the trail of the hurricane, we ascertained the following losses:

JAMES C. OWEN'S

Fencing and timber all blown down.

O. T. CRAIG'S

Chimneys blown down, and fences leveled and scattered. Nearly all the trees in the yard were also uprooted.

ADAM OWENS.

Here, too, were evidences of the fierceness of the storm. A portion of the house, but recently erected, was blown down, and the timbers scattered in every direction. The fences were also leveled with the ground. One of the most remarkable features of the storm, and one which seems almost incredible, is the fact that *about one acre of earth* was here blown or torn up to the depth of six or eight inches and carried off.

W. A. DAVIS'.

Before reaching the house of Mr. W. A. Davis it became evident that the storm had visited him with all its fury. Trees had been uprooted and tossed about in every direction, and fences and outhouses partially or wholly destroyed. Most of the windows and window blinds were broken. The chinaware was blown out of the cupboard through the doors and windows, and broken in pieces. The house itself, beyond the blowing down of chimneys, was not materially damaged. The outhouses, however, were entirely destroyed or nearly so. The house of Mr. Scruggs, who had been living on Mr. Davis' farm, was a complete wreck. Furniture, clothing, and all they possessed, was either destroyed or blown entirely away, leaving the family perfectly destitute of everything. Mrs. Scruggs was found lying in the rear of the sitting-room, under one of the logs of the house, with her clothing torn completely off. She received some painful bruises and cuts about the head and face. Mr. Davis' barn was a new one, measuring 54 by 60 feet. This was lifted up by the force of the wind and turned five feet off its foundation. The hay and fodder were all blown away. A portion of the cornice of the barn was found two miles off. A negro, who was in the barn, hearing the storm approaching started to leave, but was knocked down and caught by a falling rafter. Upon being extricated by Mr. Burnham he ran from the barn, when he was caught up by the wind and carried to the hight of about two hundred yards. This was the last seen of him. Strange as it may seem, it is given to us as true by several very reliable persons who witnessed this feat of the tempest. Among other incidents at Mr. Davis' we may mention that black birds were killed by being blown against the house. Two or three heavy grindstones were blown to a considerable distance, and the frames are still unheard of. The vegetables in his garden were torn up by the roots and his garden wholly destroyed.

A portion of the toll-gate on the Franklin pike (at least one and a half miles distant) made its way to Mr. Davis'. The rocker of a cradle was also found, perhaps the same in which the infant child of Mr. Chumbley had been borne away. A dressed stone, one foot square, was buried in his wheat field. Where it came from is unknown. The sickle of a reaper, which was sitting in his hall, was carried the distance of two hundred yards and buried under a heavy piece of timber. Fowls of every description went on the wings of the winds to parts unknown.

A wagon, weighing 1,900 pounds and loaded with 125 cedar rails, was forced 100 yards up a steep hill. Of a heavy four-horse wagon, only one wheel was left. A heavy wheat-thresher, weighing over two tuns, was lifted up by the force of the hurricane, kept suspended for at least two seconds, and turned completely over.

JAMES SNEED'S

Cabins and barns unroofed; timber and fences blown down.

DR. FROST'S.

Here we found the buggy-house blown down and a buggy destroyed. Near Dr. Frost's residence stands a hill, the crest of which was apparently untouched, whilst around the sides and base the course of the wind could be plainly traced, trees of all sizes having been rooted up or snapped off and tossed about in wild confusion. Some dozen head of horses were grazing on the hill, and were all more or less injured.

R. N. HERBERT'S

Outbuildings, fences and orchard destroyed—not a tree of the latter left.

MRS. MARGARET PHILLIPS.

The two-story frame house of Mrs. Margaret Phillips, situated on the Winstead Pike, about eleven miles from the city, was completely demolished, together with all the surroundings. Mr. G. W. Phillips, her nephew, states that he entered the house about twenty minutes before the storm came up. The clouds wore a yellowish tinge. He felt convinced that a tornado was at hand, and, for security, went to the cellar. There were in the house at the time Mrs. Phillips, her two daughters, son, nephew and two grandchildren, all of whom, save one of the young ladies, were down stairs. The storm lasted but a minute. After it had passed, his attention was directed to the cries of one of the grandchildren (three years old), whom he found covered up with the brick of a chimney. It was, however, but slightly injured. Mrs. Phillips' family were all more or less injured, fortunately, however, none seriously. Her loss will reach $5,000. Over twenty trees in the yard were uprooted and carried away. The furniture and everything in the house was broken to splinters.

JAMES EDMUNDSON'S.

James Edmundson, living on Dr. Carmack's farm, also suffered severely in consequence of the storm. His house was totally destroyed, even the sills of the foundation being blown off. Mr. Edmundson was blown out of the house into a smokehouse, and out through the roof, receiving some severe bruises and a cut in the head. This is Mr. Edmundson's own statement. Mrs. Edmundson had a hip dislocated. Their two children escaped unhurt. One negro man was badly mashed about the breast, and another had three ribs broken. A negro woman on the place also received injuries of a severe nature.

[For the Louisville Democrat.]

LAW OFFICE OF JAMES M. FIDLER, REGISTER IN BANKRUPTCY, LEBANON, KY., May 4, 1868.

It having become evident that the 33d section of the bankrupt act which provides that "no discharge shall be granted to a debtor whose assets do not pay fifty per centum of the claims against his estate" will be in force after the first of June, 1868, notice is hereby given that I will hold Court in Bankruptcy at the following times and places for the accommodation of those who desire to avail themselves of the bankrupt act:

Shelbyville, Tuesday, May 12th.
Shepherdsville, Wednesday, May 13th.
Bardstown, Thursday, May 14th.
Lebanon, from the 16th to 25th of May.
Columbia, Tuesday, May 26th.
Campbellsville, Wednesday, May 27th.
Elizabethtown, Friday, May 29th.

Petitions in bankruptcy can be sworn to before the following U. S. commissioners and forwarded either to myself or the clerk of the U. S. District Court, viz: O. C. Egbert, at Lawrenceburg; Wm. Stewart, at Columbia; S. A. Spencer, at Greensburg; Edward Hilpp, at Lebanon; Henry F. Middleton, at Shelbyville.

Communications addressed to me at Lebanon in my absence will be properly and promptly attended to.

JAMES M. FIDLER,
Register in Bankruptcy.

Nashville Coal Dealer in Trouble.

[From the Nashville Union.]

A bad story came down from Clarksville yesterday, which we give as a matter of news, and as we heard it, hoping there may be some extenuating circumstances in the case. A Cincinnati woman, known as Miss Harrison, who has been for some time traveling in this State, selling patterns, arrived in Clarksville, a few nights since and put up at the Henry House, where she was assigned a room. About eleven o'clock of the night of her arrival, G. B. Woodcock, of the firm of G. B. Woodcock & Co., coal dealers, 51 South Cherry street, Nashville, came into the office of the hotel, and sent up a note to Miss H., making infamous proposals, to which she indignantly replied and immediately sent for her trunk, in which was a pistol.

Woodcock, nothing daunted, soon followed the trunk, and entering the room, was met by the indignant woman, who drew her pistol upon him and attempted to fire, but the weapon only snapped, and the intruder at once assaulted her and attempted to violate her person. In this, however, he proved unsuccessful, and was compelled to leave the house.

Miss Harrison, it is said, had never before seen Woodcock, though she was in Nashville about a month. She now sues him for $5,000 damages, and yesterday attached a coalboat in the Cumberland belonging to him, and believed to contain some 5,000 bushels of coal. She has engaged an attorney at Clarksville, and will also engage a Nashville lawyer to prosecute her suit.

☞ For being badly shaken up in an accident on the Northeastern railroad, in England, Mr. Samuel Buxton sued for damages received on three accounts: 1st, for business losses; 2d, for structural sufferings; and 3d, *for agony endured in the anticipation of an untimely end.* He got eight hundred pounds sterling.

☞ We read in an exchange that a comet may now be seen with an instrument of low power, appearing like a hazy star, just skirting the northern border of the Pleiades, and moving in a northeasterly direction.

Daily Democrat.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

FRIDAY EVENING, May 8, 1868.

Present—President Bunce, and all the members, except Mr. Gies.

The reading of the minutes of the preceding meeting was dispensed with, and the same were approved.

The following message was received from his Honor the Mayor:

MAYOR'S OFFICE, May 5, 1868.

To the General Council:

GENTLEMEN—I return herewith an ordinance, entitled "an ordinance concerning the police," which originated in your board, because I disapprove of the same.

I presume that this measure has been passed under a strong desire to avoid expense to arise from resistance to an act of the General Assembly, approved 24th of February, 1868, entitled "an act providing for the organization of a police force for the city of Louisville and county of Jefferson," and possibly from an idea that duty demands obedience to that act. My attention has been called to the act and I have considered its provisions with great care, and I have consulted others whose opinions are entitled to respect, in order to inform myself as to the legitimate power of the General Assembly, and the exact scope and probable operation of the act. The result has been that I do not believe the act is binding on the city of Louisville, because it is unconstitutional. I am not willing to obey it until it has been subjected to judicial tests and its validity and binding force pronounced by the regularly constituted tribunals of the State; because it is plain that if the act obtains, great injury will result to the city—its franchise will have been successfully impaired, and the operations of the city government will be disturbed to a degree that the wisest cannot now foresee. Every one can see that the immediate result must be a loss of energy, promptness and efficiency in the administration of city affairs at points vital to the peace, order and security of the inhabitants of Louisville.

The act transfers from the Mayor and Council all connection with and management of the police force of the city, both ordinarily and upon extraordinary emergencies, and subjects the said force to the management and control of Police Commissioners of the city of Louisville and county of Jefferson. It not only takes from the Council the right to control said force by its ordinances, but it transfers to these commissioners the powers *over a variety of subjects intimately connected with the city's prosperity and good order*, and henceforth prohibits action thereon by the other departments of the city government. This is repeal by such modifications of the powers heretofore granted by the charter, substantially the charter itself, in many of its most important provisions, without the consent of the city, and for no cause which has been made to appear. It may be asked whether the Legislature does not possess the power and right to repeal, altogether, the city charter, and to amend it as suits the pleasure of the Legislature. I am informed that *dicta* imparting such an opinion may be found in the law books, as applied to public corporations, such as towns and cities, &c.; but probably no adjudication will be found expressly to the point, and when it has been adverted to, the language of the court has unanimously been qualified by terms imparting a limitation upon the legislative power without expressly binding it. According to the theory of the British constitution, Parliament has sovereign power of legislation, and it is said that Parliament may repeal a charter or amend it at pleasure, provided the corporation is a public corporation; but it cannot do so with a private corporation. If Parliament has such power, it has sedulously avoided the exercise of it, and when the Supreme Court of the United States has alluded to the claim of such power, it has appeared to waive rather than to concede the power, confining the discussion to the case then before the court, in which the decisions have been constantly against the power of the Legislature to impair the obligations entered into between the State and the corporation, contending against the assumed exercise of power. I make no question that the ordinances and by-laws of the city of Louisville must be according to the constitution and the general laws of the land, and that they are an example in the courts, and will stand or fall as they comport with the standards by which they must be regulated. But the power of the Legislature also is bounded by the Constitution; one of its general laws that violates the letter and spirit of the organic law of the State, has no obligatory force. I put the question: Has the Legislature of Kentucky the power to create the city of Louisville by charter, and after the people of Louisville have accepted such charter and bound themselves to the support of the city government, then the additional right to change the formation and mode of operating that city government without the consent of the corporators, holding them bound to obedience to such modified local government, against their will? If it possessed such right, can it combine strangers with the body coporate of the city, so as to nullify, practically, the will of the people in the administration of the city government, yet to visit the expense of maintaining the establishment of the city only? The law we are considering assumes this power, and I deny its constitutionality. For example: the voters of Jefferson county are wholly *strangers* to the corporation known as the city of Louisville. Yet, in the election of police commissioners the voters of Jefferson county have a voice in the election of these officers *for the city*, and it must be plain these Jefferson county voters may combine with a minority in the city, and in this way make an aggregate majority, *thus overcoming the Louisville majority*. In this way a minority in the city may install itself in power, and Jefferson county may control the majority in the city, through all range of powers vested in the Police Commissioners. If the county of Jefferson does not effect the object, why not add Oldham, Bullitt and Hardin counties?

The principle would be just the same. It will be observed that the city of Louisville has no security that any one of these commissioners shall be a citizen of Louisville; as at present the law stands, *they might all three be residents of the county of Jefferson*. Hereafter, when other counties are added for political effect, they may all be residents of other places, and their appointees, in like manner, may be permitted by law to come from the county to constitute the police force of the city, and draw livings from the city treasury. Has the General Assembly the power to pass such a law? Shall it be submitted to, unless by regular adjudication it is judicially established?

What is the city of Louisville? Not the Mayor and Council. These are but component parts of a city government. They are not *the* corporation nor *a* corporation. The inhabitants of a certain boundary of land designated by law constitute a body corporate, called "the city of Louisville." To them a common seal and succession of power are given by a charter. Among other things, they may levy taxes on their people and occupations, &c., and hold property, and make laws not inconsistent with the constitution and general laws of the land for the improvement and security of property, preservation of order and prosecution of their local prosperity. The expenses incident to this system of local government they bear in addition to the burdens imposed upon the people of the State by the general laws. Their local agents to carry out this system should be constitutionally elected by the corporators themselves, otherwise foreign elements will destroy the energy, security and value of the franchise chartered to the city.

It is time that the city of Louisville should understand the force of its charter, and the power over it of a legislature that fluctuates from year to year in opinion and purpose. Our people pledge the faith of the city to railroads and to enterprises of various kinds, relying upon the powers of their city government to meet obligations; but if it is the power of the assembly to obtrude other corporations into the affairs of this city in our branch of administration to a foreign constituency, thus subjecting the people of the city to the people around, then it is time it should be known there is no virtue in a city charter. If this can be done by a Police Commission, another commission may be created to manage the finances of the city, and another to attend to its grading and paving, and so on to the end of all the business of the city.

I am led to believe that the privilege of the corporators of the city of Louisville cannot be so easily abrogated.

It is worthy of your consideration that even if this act of the assembly may be beyond the power of the Legislature without the consent of the city, such consent may be implied from the conduct of the city, as well as by an express and direct vote. It will be argued, upon the least plausible excuse, that the city has accepted the act as a modification of the charter of the city so far as the act alters the mode of operating under the charter. I disapprove of your ordinance, because, by its passage, you may be furnishing the evidence of acceptance of the modified charter just referred to, from which acceptance may be implied. I should regard any act that possibly could have such a consequence as a great misfortune to the city. If the inhabitants within the boundary of the city of Louisville are willing to modify their charter so far as to substitute the police board for the Mayor and Council in the organization, discipline and management of their police force of the city, an ordinance to afford them an opportunity to express their acquiescence or dissent could be easily passed by the Council and their wishes ascertained in a very short time. Such an expedient would be preferable to any disturbance that might arise from an attempt to pass the act of assembly into practice against the will of citizens and in derogation of their chartered privileges. The second section of the act repeals the charter so far as the Mayor and Council have any connection with a responsibility for the police force, and should the people desire this modification they should have a fair opportunity to express their will. If they are *not* willing, the ability of the Legislature to compel them is a judicial question in which they have a right to be heard by the courts of this Commonwealth before their chartered privileges are taken from them, considering the importance of this act of the Assembly and the radical changes it must effect in our municipal administration. I have not felt myself at liberty to do any act which might be legally construed as an acceptance of the act by the department of the city of which I have the honor to be incumbent, but I expressed my willingness to bring the act before the courts with the least delay and expense in order to test its constitutionality. The gentlemen elected under the act have not seemed willing to pass the ordeal of a judicial inquiry into the sufficiency of their powers, and, I presume, have prepared the passage through the Council of the ordinance now returned to you. It will readily occur to your minds that as the people of the city, through delegates of their own choice, are about to revise the charter, and will have the new charter submitted for their approval when completed, it cannot be prudent to forestall their action by adopting a scheme which may hereafter prove a stumbling-block in their way. They who devised the scheme of the act of assembly have done their work artfully. They have defined the powers of the police board in general terms, yet still with sufficient perspicuity, to show that their interest was to supersede the General Council of the city in many branches of the public administration of city affairs, and to substitute for the Mayor another power in the executive branch in much of necessary administration. It is a new corporation substituted for the existing branch of the city government, and responsible to another constituency. The points of expenditures and official responsibility are fixed apparently, but not in fact or in law. The only thing certain is that power and patronage are concentrated in a few rather than diffused among the many, and this would seem to indicate the spirit of oligarchy, rather than of Democracy, to have been the genius of its framers. It is a principle well settled that there cannot be two corporations for the same purpose, with coextensive powers of government extending over the same district; therefore, either the repeal of one charter, as declared by said act, has taken place, or that act is void so far as it affects the city of Louisville, unless the corporators choose to accept the act in lieu of their charter.

Believing that the constitutionality of said act should be tested, I have done what has been considered prudent to bring it to a judicial test, and, regarding the ordinance you have passed as fraught with great injury to the city, I earnestly hope you will, on a reconsideration of it, decline to act in the premises in advance of the courts.

The design of the ordinance passed by you seems to be to cover or obviate the invalidity of the police act, should the courts adjudge it to be in contravention of the organic law. Its operations will be to impart validity to a law which is null, and to give efficiency to the agency contrived under that law, or it must raise up an antagonistic system proposed to be harmonized with its rival, by employing the same subordinate agents of execution. But if the police act is valid, the Police Commissioners must select, control, try, condemn and discharge all members of the police force. If it is *not* valid, it is not in your power to place the police selected by you, or by your sanction, under persons unknown to the municipal law, with authority to control, try, condemn or discharge them; and, if such authority is not intended to be, and is not given to the Police Commissioners by your ordinance, then it does not exist at all by the terms of the ordinance. The charter makes the Mayor the head of the police, and the act of September 20th, 1861, gives to him the power to remove any policeman for cause satisfactory to him. These powers of the municipal executive are conferred by our Legislature, and cannot be abrogated by any act of the Council.

This ordinance attempts to destroy my authority as the chief executive of the city over other affairs of said department. I am by virtue of my office entitled to control the police; this power is given me to enable me to enforce the execution of the laws; the charter makes it my duty to see that the laws are enforced. How can I do that without having the control of the other executive officers of the city? You propose in this ordinance to place all the other executive forces under the superintendent, created by the Commissioners and indorsed by you in this ordinance. You also indorse all their appointments, and place the city under their control, thus substantially repealing the charter and destroying all the vital powers of my office, leaving me responsible for the peace of the city, stripped of all power to maintain it. Can this be done without amending the charter? I think not. The charter authorizes me to remove any of the police for reasons satisfactory to myself. Suppose I, under said authority, should remove all this new police, embracing the superintendent, lieutenants, privates, &c., what confusion would ensue. I do not regard any of them legal officers and cannot regard them such until the law creating the police board for the county and city is decided to be constitutional. The old police are legally on duty and have possession of all police stations, &c., and ought to be allowed to retain the property until some other *legally* appointed is put on duty in this city. I do not think these men on the new police are bound to obey me or the Council. If the law is binding they are above us, and must obey the Commissioners who created them; they think the law valid, or they would not have accepted office or appointments from them and executed bonds to them and sworn in under them. How then can you expect this new police to *obey you strictly and promptly*? No police situated as these can, when put on duty by *you*, be relied upon to preserve the good order and peace of the city. Who has the legal power to control them ought to be settled before they are put on duty by the Council, and then they can be made to do their duty—and not before, in my judgment. This ordinance is passed as a compromise in name, because it has none of its elements in the provisions of the ordinance that I can discover. *It proposes* to destroy the old police and put the new one on duty. It is known that I consider the law under which this police is organized unconstitutional and void, and that the old police was legally elected, and are legally on duty in this city. The Commissioners, on the contrary, contend that the new police are the only legal police of this city, and that the law under which they operate as police is valid. This makes the issue between us. In this state of the case you pass an ordinance to legalize the new and destroy the old, to abolish the power of the Mayor, and transfer all his power over the police to the Superintendent, a creature of the Commissioners, whose power is denied by *me*, and partially denied by the City Attorney, and this done after consultation with the attorneys for the Commissioners, and without consultation with my attorneys. Such a compromise looks one-sided to me; my rights as Mayor are ignored, and the rights of the old police are overlooked.

This new organization of the police will increase the expenses of the city at least $50,000, if not $100,000, and placing them beyond the control of the city, will destroy its efficiency and leave the city to some extent under the control of strangers, and not under her own control. I therefore earnestly request the Council to reconsider their act in passing this ordinance, and refuse to make any payment or appropriation to support either of these police forces until the question is legally settled, whether the law creating the board for the city and county is binding or not.

Respectfully,

PHILIP TOMPPERT, Mayor.

The question then being upon the passage of the ordinance, the objections of the Mayor to the contrary notwithstanding, the same was passed by the following vote:

Yeas—President Bunce, and Messrs. Rubel, Krack, Gilpin, Barret, Rudd, Fox, Dulaney, Gies and Sheridan—10.

Nay—Mr. Story.

CLAIMS ALLOWED.

H. Wolford, $15 80, for gas; John C. King, $30, for coffins; King & Owen, $42, for coffins; W. L. Murphy & Co., $249 50, for coal.

The report of H. Wolford, Treasurer of the Commissioners of the Sinking fund, of receipts and expenditures during April, 1868, was ordered to be filed.

Mr. Dulaney submitted a Common Council resolution raising a joint committee to confer with the Canal Company in regard to the construction of a basin, which was adopted, and Mr. Dulaney was appointed said committee from this board.

Mr. Krack introduced a resolution directing the Street Commissioners to have the pond on the wharf, between Bullitt and Fifth streets, drained, which was rejected.

A Common Council resolution permitting Mr. A. B. Dean to have a frame chapel constructed on Broadway, above Clay street, was rejected.

A petition from residents asking permission to have a crossing constructed across Market street, between Third and Fourth, was referred to the Street Commissioners.

A resolution to meet again on Saturday evening, May 9th, 1868, at 8 o'clock, for the election of policemen, was adopted, and then the board adjourned.

OLIVER LUCAS, Clerk.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT, Friday Evening, May 8, 1868.

The New York gold market opened to-day at 139¾, above the closing quotation of yesterday. The fluctuations during the day were of little importance, and the 4 P. M. dispatch reported the market closing at 139¾.

The New York Herald, of the 6th, says:

"The steamer Germania took out a million dollars in specie, a larger amount than has been shipped by any one steamer for many months past. Many of the prominent operators still continue to express themselves bearishly with a view to producing temporary depression for the purpose of buying preparatory to a fresh upward movement. The probable result of the impeachment trial is much discussed, and opinions are now about equally divided as to the conviction or acquittal of the President. It is generally believed that his conviction would be followed by an advance in the premium, while his acquittal, by removing the prevailing apprehensions and suspense, would operate against an advance, while it would not necessarily involve a decline. The Treasury sold a small amount of gold and bought more than an equal amount of 7-30 notes to-day."

The New York market for Government securities opened to-day with a moderate demand and firmer.

The 2:25 dispatch quoted as follows: Coupons of '81 at 113⅝; '62, 108⅝; '64, 106¾; '65 107⅛; new issue 109½; do '67, 109½; 10-40s, coupons 103⅛; 7-30s, 2d and 3d issues, 107⅜. There is in the Eastern markets an active investment and speculative demand, and the tendency is to greater firmness.

In addition to the $23,927,000 of compound interest notes maturing on the 15th instant, and which the Assistant Treasurer in New York is now prepared to redeem on presentation, $512,000 mature on the 12th of August, $3,127,000 on the 1st of September; $1,181,000 on the 15th of September; $1,965,000 on October 1, and $3,300,000 on October 16. On the 1st of April there were $5,393,000 of overdue compound interest notes outstanding.

The offerings in this market continue light, and dealers are buying at about ½ under New York quotations.

The local money market is working quiet and easy to first-class borrowers and regular depositors. The demand is about equal to the supply of currency, but legitimate business is financially unembarrassed. Exchange was a shade lower to-day, and dealers were buying at 50c and selling at 1-10a⅛ premium.

Business in the various departments of trade is dull, though the volume of trade is about up to the expectation of dealers. Those who have studied well the probable influence of political complications upon business, have not been sanguine of a large season's business, and have reason to congratulate themselves for their caution, which has been a distinguishing feature of their operations. There can be no doubt that the immediate future is full of peril, and while the thoughtful are hopeful that the conviction of the President, if he is convicted, will be productive of no untoward convulsions, they are, nevertheless, watchful and apprehensive of trouble.

The provision market to-day was generally quiet, with a very limited demand on orders, some goods, however, were going forward, and we note sales by one house of 80 casks bacon, at 18½c for clear sides; 17½a17¾c for clear rib sides, and 14½c for shoulders. Mess pork is held at $28 75a29 00, and lard is steady at 20a20½c in tierces. Dealers are not pressing stocks upon the market nor are they anxious to realize, having the fullest confidence in the future of prices. In Chicago stocks are reduced to 45,000 bbls pork, 8,000,000 lbs bulk meats, including shoulders, and 25,000 tierces of lard. The bulk meats are in the hands of a few men who, with other parties in New York, calculate to control the market, and high figures for the balance of the season may be anticipated.

In grain there is nothing transpiring demanding special notice. Prices are quotably unchanged, and the demand is chiefly for local consumption.

The flour market is firm, with a fair local demand, and some inquiry for shipment South. Receipts of country butter are more liberal, and prices are weaker and lower.

Corn meal is quoted a fraction higher, and a fair demand is reported.

Groceries are quotably unchanged, and we note a fair business among jobbers.

In bagging and rope stocks are accumulating; there is some speculative transaction, and prices are fully maintained. According to the latest and most reliable published reports the stock of India bagging in New York and Boston is 40,000 bales; afloat and loading at Calcutta 3,083 bales, making the stock in Boston and New York and to arrive at those ports 43,083 bales. It is fair to estimate the stock in the country at 50,000 bales. If in estimate that 1 bale India bagging will cover 80 bales of cotton, then the stock, as above estimated, will suffice for 3,000,000 bales of cotton. With these figures before us it is fair to presume that the India commodity will exert a decided influence upon prices of every description of bagging in the market during the coming season. It should be borne in mind, however, that India bagging is now held at 22c in Boston, and cannot be laid down here at less than 24c, and a margin of 1c for profits will make it 25c, while hand loom bagging is held at say 16½a17c, making a difference in favor of No. 2 Kentucky bagging of about 8c, and from 5a6c in favor of Kentucky two pound bagging at present prices. Recent advices from the interior quote new at $160 per tun and scarce, with the probability that the product of the bagging factories will be light compared with last season, and that prices, notwithstanding stocks of India baggings, will be fully maintained.

LOUISVILLE COTTON MARKET.

Advices to-day were calculated to depress the market and induce caution on the part of buyers.

The 2 P. M. N. Y. dispatch reported the cotton market irregular; ordinary 28c; good 29¼c; low middling 30¼c; middling uplands 31½c; good 32¼c; middling Mobile 32c; middling Orleans 32¼; sales to-day 600 bales. The 4 P. M. dispatch reported the market dull and prices nominal.

The 11:15 Liverpool dispatch reported that the cotton market opened steadier; sales of 8,000 bales; uplands 12⅜d; Orleans 12⅝d; sales of the week 48,000 bales; sales for export 7,000 bales; sold to speculators 6,000 bales; the stock is 542,000 bales; the stock of American is 342,000 bales.

Receipts in this market continue light and unimportant.

The Louisville cotton warehouse, corner of Second and Washington streets, is still receiving and selling cotton, and the prices obtained are highly satisfactory.

In regard to the receipts of cotton in this market, we propose, from week to week, to keep our readers correctly posted, as future estimates of business in this important branch of trade depend for their accuracy upon reliable data.

RECEIPTS OF COTTON,

As shown by the books of Edgar Needham, Esq., Assessor:

		Bales.
Receipts by river and railroad for the month of April		761
Receipts previously, from October 1, 1867		17,459
Total to April 30, 1868		18,220
Receipts for May, by proprietors of the Louisville cotton warehouse, corner of Second and Washington streets	66	
By other parties	23	
		89
Total to May 7th		18,309

These figures have no reference to cotton that passes through the city en route to other markets, but include every bale of cotton consigned to parties in this city to be sold here, whether in bond or tax paid.

LOUISVILLE LEAF TOBACCO MARKET.

The market was buoyant to-day, with liberal offerings, and prices were fully maintained. We note sale of one hogshead Hart county light wrapper at Ninth-street house at $28 50. The offerings to-day amounted to 228 hogsheads, with rejection of bids on 19 hogsheads. Prices were as follows, viz: 1 hhd at $28 50; 1 at 23 25; 2 at 19a19 50; 2 at 16a16 25; 3 at 15a15 50; 7 at 14a14 75; 16 at 13a13 75; 21 at 12a12 75; 37 at 11a11 75; 34 at 10a10 75; 26 at 9a9 90; 25 at 8a8 90; 31 at 7a7 90; 22 at 6a6 90; 1 at 5 50.

Daily Review of the Market.

APPLES—Are in liberal supply for the season and prices are irregular, ranging from $5 50 to $8, according to quality.

BAGGING AND ROPE—There is some speculative demand and stocks are accumulating, with large receipts of fox bagging. We note heavy sales of rope to dealers at 8½a8¾c. We quote power-loom bagging at 25c; two-pound Kentucky bagging 20a21c; one and a half pound Kentucky bagging at 16a18c; flax bagging at 25c; machine rope, 8½a9½c; hand-rope, 7a8c; India bagging, 23a24c.

BEANS—Are scarce and nominal, ranging from $4 to $4 25 buying, and selling in a small way at $4 75 to $5 per bushel.

BEESWAX—The market is steady at 30a33c, according to quality.

BUTTER—Is in fair demand with improved receipts of country. W. R. is nominal and in light supply. We quote prime country at 35a40c; W. R. at 40a45c per lb.

BATTING—The market is firm at 28a30c for No. 1.

BROOM CORN—Is in demand at from $80 to $150 per tun, according to quality.

COTTON YARNS—Are quotably unchanged. We quote No. 500 at 21a23c; No. 600 at 19a21c; No. 700 at 17a19c.

CARPET-CHAIN—Prices are firm at quotations. We quote white at 45a50c; colored at 30a55c.

CORN SHUCKS—Are in demand at $13 per tun.

CANDLEWICK—We quote at 42a45c.

CORNMEAL—Is firm and dealers report a good demand at an advance for bolted. We quote kiln-dried at $5a5 25; bolted at $1a1 05; unbolted at 85a90c.

CHEESE—Stocks are light but ample to meet the demand. We quote new W. R. at 13½a14c; English dairy at 15a16c; old W. R. is nominal.

CANDLES—Prices are firm and an early advance may be expected. We quote full weight at 23½a24c; 13 oz, 19a20c; 12 oz, 17½a18½c.

DRIED FRUIT—Is in good demand and offerings are readily taken at full prices. We quote apples on arrival at 6a7c and selling at 7½a8c. Dried peaches are in good request at 8a9c for quarters and 9a12½c for halves.

EGGS—The market is moderately well supplied, at from 15 to 16c per dozen.

FLAXSEED—Is in good demand, and commands from $2 15 to $2 20 per bushel.

FEATHERS—The market is firm and a prime article is in good demand. Dealers are paying for a strictly prime article 75c in lots; mixed and inferior feathers are nominal; we quote prime at 70a75c.

FLOUR—The market is firm, with a slight advance in several grades. We quote fine at $7 50a7 75; superfine at $8 75a9 00; extra at $9 25a9 75; extra family at $10 50a11; A No. 1 at $11 75a12 50; fancy at $12 75a13 25; rye flour $10 75a11 00.

FISH—We quote No. 1 bbls $21a22 50; do ½ bbls $10 75a11 25; do kitts $2 50a2 75; No. 2 bbls $18; do ½ bbls $9 a9 50; do kitts $2 30a2 50. White fish, ½ bbls, $8 00.

FURS—Prices are quotably unchanged. The season for active operations is drawing to a close and prices are weak. We quote prime raccoon skins at 30a40c; mink $2 00a2 50; opossum 5a8c; gray fox 30a40c; otter $3a5; beaver $1a2; muskrat 10a20c; deer, per pound, 25a40c; sheep, wool on, 50ca$1; wild cat 25a30c. Inferior skins in proportion.

FOREIGN FRUITS—The market is steady. We quote oranges at $8 50a9; lemons at $6 50a7 00 per box; figs 18a20c per lb; layer raisins at $4 75a5 00 per box; cocoanuts $8 50a9 per 100.

GINSENG—The market is steady at 80a85c for prime.

GUNNY BAGS—We quote 21a21½c for bales, and 22a23c for resewed.

GRAIN—We have no change whatever to note, and the market is quiet, with a light local demand. We quote wheat at $2 50a2 60 for red and white, on arrival; barley nominal at $2 60a2 85 for spring and fall; malt at $2 80a3 00 for spring and fall; rye $2 15a2 17; corn in the ear at 80a85c on arrival and 90a95c from store; shelled corn in bulk at 90c, and at 93a96c, sacks included. Oats are 93a95c in bulk, and 83a85c, sacks included.

GRAIN BAGS—Are quotably unchanged. We quote 2-bushel cotton at 45a47c; 2½-bushel do at 53a55c; 3-bushel do at 61a65c; Union A 2-bushel at 35a37c, and Jute 25a28c.

GROCERIES—Prices are steady, with ample stocks, and a fair, though not large, consumptive demand. We quote New Orleans sugar, choice, 16½c; good 14½a15½c; common 13a13½c. Porto Rico, choice 15½a16c; good 14½a15c; common 14a14½c. Cuba, choice 14a14½c; good 13½a14c; common 12½a13c. Hard 17½a18½c. Coffee sugars, A's 16¾a17½c; A's 16½a17c; extra C's 16a16¾c; circle C's 15¾a16½c; yellows 15½a16c. Coffee—choice Rio 26a26½c; prime 25½a26c; good 24a25c; fair 23¼a24c; common 21½a22½c. Laguayra 25¾a26½c; Java, genuine 38a40c; Sangapore coffee 34a36c; Imitation Java 31a33c. Sirups—choice $1 10a1 25 according to size of packages. Baltimore sirups 75a90c, according to size of packages. Molasses sirups 55a65c. New Orleans molasses 80ca$1 for bbls and half bbls, according to quality.

HIDES—The market is firm. We quote green at 8a9c; dry salted at 16a17c; green salted at 9½a 10½c, and dry flint at 20a22c.

HAY—The market is firm at $12 50a13 on levee, and $14 00a16 from store.

HEMP—Prices range from $125 to $135 per tun for rough dressed.

HOPS—We quote Wisconsin at 60a65c; European, 50a60c; New York, 45a55c.

NAILS—We quote in 100 keg lots at $4 90 for 10d. Jobbing rates are from $5 15 to $5 25.

OFFAL—Is in good demand and firm. We quote bran at 25a28c; shorts, 30a32c; shipstuff, 35a37c; middlings, $40a42 per tun.

OIL—We quote linseed oil at 1 25a1 30.

PROVISIONS—The market was very quiet to-day, with a light demand on orders. Prices were evidently a shade weaker, though dealers were not disposed to make concessions to effect sales. We note sales 80 casks bacon at quotations. We quote clear sides at 18¼a18½c; clear rib sides at 17½a17¾c; shoulders at 14¼a14½c; mess pork $28 75a29 25; rump pork $25 00a25 50; sugar-cured hams at 20a21c; plain at 18½a18¾c. Breakfast bacon—sugar-cured 19a19½c. Lard in tierces at 20a20½c; lard in kegs at 21½a21¾c. Bulk meats are firm, and we quote shoulders at 13¼a13½c, clear rib sides at 16½a16¾c, clear sides at 17¼a17½c, packed.

POTATOES—The market is steady. We quote from store at $4 25a4 50 for peachblows, neshannocks and russets.

POULTRY—Dealers are paying as follows for poultry: Chickens $3 25a3 50 for old, and $3 50a4 00 per doz; turkeys $6 00a9 00 per doz; spring chickens $4a6 00 per doz.

POWDER—We quote rifle at $7; blasting, $4 25 per keg.

RAGS—Are steady at 4a5c for cotton, ½a1c per pound for woolen rags.

SEEDS—We quote sapling clover at $11a12 per bushel; red clover at $6 50a7 00; timothy seed at $2 50a2 75; bluegrass, clean, at $2 50a2 75; orchard grass, $1 50a1 75; onion sets $10 per bushel for white and $7a7 50 for red; top or button sets $6 per bushel; spring seed wheat $3a3 25; red top $1 75a2; Hungarian grass $2 50a2 75; millet $2 50a2 75. Seed sweet potatoes, $7a9 per bbl.

SHEETINGS—Standard brands are firm at 18½a19c.

STRAW—We quote at $10 per tun on the levee, and $14 by the bale from store.

STARCH—The market is steady, with liberal transactions at 7½a8½c.

SOAP—We quote German at 8¾a10c; resin, 6¾a7½c; palm, 6¼a7¼c.

SALT—Is quotably unchanged. We quote Kanawha salt at Henry Dent's agency at 40c per bushel—7 bushel barrels at $2 80; 280 pound barrels at $2 25.

SHOT—We quote patent at $3 10a3 15; buck, $3 25a3 40.

TIN PLATE—The market is lower. We quote I C at $14 00.

TALLOW—Sales are made to manufacturers at 11½a12c, with light sales on orders at from 12½a13c. Grease is selling to manufacturers at from 9 to 12c.

WOOL—Is steady at 28a30c for unwashed and 38a40c for prime washed.

WHISKY—There is a fair demand, and prices are steady. We quote raw, tax paid, in lots, firm at $2 25. We quote rectified, $2 00a2 40; new copper 65ca$1 00 in bond; pure copper $1a1 25 in bond; old copper $2a4 00 in bond.

State of the Markets.

By Telegraph to the Democrat.]

CINCINNATI, May 8.—Flour dull and unchanged; family at 11 00a11 25. Wheat dull and drooping; winter at 2 55a2 60. Corn declined to 90c for ear, and is dull. Oats in moderate demand, at 78c for No. 1, and 76c for No. 2. Rye dull at 1 90a1 95. Barley unchanged and quiet. Cotton dull and no demand, and prices are nominal at 30c for middling. Provisions dull. Mess pork declined to 28 00; nothing done in bulk meats; shoulders held at 13c, and sides at 15c. Bacon dull; shoulders at 14c, and clear rib and clear sides at 17a17¾c. Lard dull; it was offered at 19c, without finding buyers. Butter in better supply, but prices are unchanged at 45c. Linseed oil at 1 20, with moderate demand. Petroleum steady at 36a38c for refined, free. Tobacco in good demand, and prices firm; sales of 146 hhds.; lugs at 5 40 to 9 70; leaf at 11 74 to 32 60. Cheese steady; new at 8a12c, and old fall made at 14a16c. Nothing doing in seed; season over. Gold at 139¼, buying.

ST. LOUIS, May 8.—Tobacco active and slightly better; lugs, 4 50a8; common to medium leaf, 8a12 50; good shipping, $12 50a14 50; bright, 20a75. Cotton—Sales of St. Louis middling at 29¼c. Hemp active and buoyant at 140a148 for undressed and 165 for extra choice dressed. Flour very dull and business small; sales of extra at 8a9 25; XX, 9 50a10 50; XXX to fancy, 12 25a14 50. Wheat firm at full prices; prime to fancy red fall, 2 75a2 80; prime to choice white, 2 85a2 90; No. 2 spring, 2 12a2 15; No. 1 do, 2 15a2 18. Corn very firm at 92a94c. Oats lower at 78a81c. Rye buoyant and higher at 80a85c. Provisions dull, heavy and lower. Pork—Small sales at 29 50. Bulk meats; sales 200,000 lbs loose shoulders at Peoria at 12¾a13c. Bacon flat; small sales clear sides at 18¾c early and 17¾c later, closing without buyers at the latter price. Nothing doing in shoulders; sugar-cured hams sold at 21c. Lard quiet, with sales of 400 tierces at Peoria at 20c. Cattle are in fair demand at 5a8 50 gross. Sheep dull at 2 75a7 per head. Receipts—Flour, 560 bbls; wheat, 5,300 bushels; corn, 7,800; oats, 3,800 bushels. Weather cloudy and cool.

CHICAGO, April 8.—Flour quiet at 8 72a11 for low grades and choice spring extras. Wheat quiet and 1a1½c lower; sales of No 1 at 2 19a2 20; No 2 at 2 08a2 10, closing quiet at 2 09 for No 2. This evening No 2 was quiet at 2 08a2 10. Corn less active and 4¼a4½c lower; No 1 opened early at 95c, advanced to 95½c, declined to 92½c and closed with buyers at 92½c; sales of No 2 at 92a93c; new at 92½a93½c and rejected at 89½a90c. Oats in fair request at 2 14a2 14½ and lower; sales at 68a70½c, closing at 69a99½c. Rye inactive and nominal. Barley dull; sales of No 2 in store at 2 35. Provisions easier; mess pork 28 50a28 75. Lard nominal at 19¼a19½c. Bulk meats quiet; sales of shoulders at 13c, loose. Live hogs of light shipping weight in good request and firm; medium and good lots dull and weak; sales at 7 80a8 40 for light; 8 60a8 95 for prime to fair; 9a9 65 for good lots. Beef cattle firm and 15a20c higher; held at 8 25a8 40 for medium to good shipping steers. Freights dull at 3½c for corn to Buffalo. Receipts—7,336 bbls flour; 2,550 bush wheat; 25,377 do corn; 34,346 do oats; 4,376 live hogs. Shipments—7,860 bbls flour; 2,720 bush wheat; 48,906 do corn; 27,588 oats; 6,849 live hogs.

NEW YORK, May 8.—Cotton dull and drooping, sales 1,000 bales at 32c for middling uplands, with some sales reported as low as 31½c. Flour—Receipts 9,676 barrels. The market is irregular, unsettled and 5a10c lower; sales 10,800 barrels, at 8 60a9 20 for superfine State and western; 9 75a10 30 for extra State; 9 7;a10 75 for extra western; 11 90a13 40 for white wheat extra; 10a13 90 for round hoop Ohio; 11 00a12 50 for extra St. Louis and 12 50a16 00 for good to choice do, closing steady. California flour favors buyers; sales 2,600 sacks at 12 00a14 00. Rye flour quiet; sales 259 bbls at 8 00a9 80. Corn meal quiet; sales 250 bbls city and western at 5 65. Whisky nominal. Receipts of wheat 237,135 bushels. The market is about 1c lower with a good export demand; sales 135,000 bushels at 2 35a2 38 for No. 2 spring, chiefly at 2 36a2 37; 2 30 for inferior do; 2 48a2 50 for No. 1 spring; 2 58 for amber green bay spring; 2 74 for amber Pennsylvania; 3 10a3 22 for for white California, the latter price for very choice. Rye firmer, sales 1,800 bushels Canada at 1 95; 5,000 bushels State at 2 00, the latter an extreme price. Barley heavy; sales 8 000 bushels Canada West at 2 20. Barley malt quiet. Receipts of corn 60,281 bushels; corn opened 1a2c better and closed with the advance partly lost; sales 87,000 bushels at 1 20a1 22 for old mixed western in store and afloat; 1 21a1 23 for new do afloat; 1 27 for southern yellow and 1 20 for straw-colored southern. Receipts of oats 90,321 bus; 5,800 bushels at 37a88c for western afloat. Rice quiet at 10¾a11½c for Carolina. Coffee quiet and very firm. Sugar firm—Cuba 11¾a12½c. Molasses steady with sales 150 bbls Cuba at 49a51c. Hops 40a50c for American. Petroleum steady at 14a14½c for crude and 30c for refined bonded. Pork dull and lower, with sales 2,300 barrels at 28 50a28 75 for new mess, closing at 28 65 regular; 27 50a27 65 old do; closing at 27 65 regular; 23 50a24 25 prime and 25a15 50 prime mess. Beef steady with sales 270 barrels and 30 tierces at former prices. Beef hams dull with sales 100 barrels at 35a37c. Cut meats steady with sales 210 packages at 13¼a13¾c; shoulders 17½a18¼c. Hams and middles quiet and firm. Lard dull and heavy with sales 650 barrels at 18⅞a19⅜c, and small lots at 19⅝c. Butter lower at 38a40c for Ohio and 40a42c for State. Cheese steady at 12a17c. Freights to Liverpool are a shade firmer, with engagements 30,000 bushels grain per steamer at 6a6½d for wheat and 6d for corn.

The money market is fairly active and steady at 6a7c per cent. on call loans. Sterling exchange is steady at 110⅛a110¼ gold for first-class bills. American gold is firmer, opening at 139¼, declining 139⅝, and closing 139⅞. Government stocks are without decided change.

Latest—Flour closed rather more steady for low grades and very quiet for all other kinds. Wheat firm, with a good export demand; 2 37 for No. 2 and 4 49 for No. 1 spring. Rye scarce; 1 95 for Western. Oats firm; 87½a87¾c for Western afloat. Corn dull and heavy; 1 20a1 21 for new and old mixed Western afloat and in store. Pork dull and heavy; 28 62a28 75 for new mess cash and regular, and 29 25 buyer's June. Beef quiet and steady. Cut meats firm, with moderate inqury. Bacon quiet. Lard heavy and lower; sales 400 tierces prime steam at 19a19¼. Eggs 22a24c.

Dry Goods—The demand for cotton goods is increasing, but it is only for goods chiefly which are selling at low and unprofitable rates. Trade is slow and is being forced, and is far from being satisfactory. Indian Head heavy sheetings are selling as low as 17½c; Lawrence C 16½c; Laconia B 16½c; Cabala 16c; Bedford R 10½c. Printed delaines 16c per sample; Arumens 20c. Printed calicoes 13½a14c, and Geneva and home prints 7½c. The market for bleached muslins is steady. Woolens are languid and greatly depressed.

PHILADELPHIA, May 8.—Flour inactive. Wheat dull and drooping at 2 80a2 90 for red and 3a3 25 for white. Rye steady at 1 90. Corn—sales of 8,000 bushels at 1 24a1 25 for yellow, 1 18 for white and 1 24a1 25 for mixed Western. Oats 87a90. Western provisions less firm and less doing.

NEW YORK, May 8.—Money market quiet and steady at 6a7 per cent. on call, with the bulk of business at 6; prime discounts 6½a7½. Sterling steady at 110⅛a116¼ for prime bills. Gold firm and transactions within range; opening at 139⅝a139⅝, and closing at 139⅞a136⅞; firmness of exchange and the fact few produce bills are offering stiffens the market; cash gold more plenty and 5a7 per cent. paid to have it carried; the shipment to-morrow will probably exceed $1,000,000. Governments in good demand and firm, closing strong in '62s, '64s and old '65s. H. Clews & Co. furnish the annexed quotations at 4:30 P. M.: Coupons, '81, 113⅜a113½; '62, 108¼a108⅜; '64, 106⅝a106⅞, '65, 107⅛a107¼; new issue, 109⅛a109¼; '67, 109½a109⅝; 10-40s, 103¼a103¼; 7-30s, 107⅛a107¼. The Assistant Treasurer bought no 7-30s. Stocks weak on Erie and New York Central. It is reported that a dividend of 3 per cent. on stock and 2 per cent. cash will be declared on Central to-morrow. Western shares firm and rather higher than last evening. Miscellaneous shares better on Canton and Western Union, but lower on express stocks.

5:30 prices—Canton, 51¼a52; Cumberland, 31½a33; Wells' Ex, 23a23¼; American, 59¼a59¾; Adams', 61½a62; United States, 60¾a61; Merchants', 31⅛a31½; Quicksilver, 31⅛a31¾; Mariposa, 5½; Pacific Mail, 93¾a94; Atlantic, 34a35; Westn Un, 38¼; N Y Central, 128⅞a129; Erie, 68a68⅛; do, preferred, 74; Reading, 90⅞a91; Ohio and Miss, 31a31¼; Wabash, 52a52¼; St Paul, 63½a64; do, preferred, 76a76¼; Michn Cent, 117½a118; Michn Southn, 84⅛a84¼; Ill Cent, 146a146¼; Pittsburg, 84⅝a84¾; Toledo, 106¼a106½; Rock I, 94⅛a94¼; Northwestern, 66½; do, preferred, 77⅛a77¼; Ft Wayne, 107½a107⅝; Hartford and Erie, 14½a14⅞; Columb, 109; Burlington and Quincy, 149; Ashtabula, 109; Miss, 89¾; Tenn, 68¼. Mining shares quiet—Gregory, 290; S & P, 230; Quincy Hill, 90. Receipts Sub-Treasury, 3,653,964; payments, 2,915,618; balance, 100,296,930.

NEW ORLEANS, May 8.—Cotton dull and tending downward; middling at 30½a31c; sales 800 bales; receipts 1,266 bales; exports 6,760 bales; sales for the week, 7,400 bales; receipts for the week 5,916 bales; exports foreign 1,287 bales; coastwise 568 bales; stock 41,970 bales. Sterling at 151½a152. New York sight exchange ¾ premium. Sugar and molasses nominal. Flour firm; superfine at 9 25; treble extra at 11 00. Corn at 1 00a1 02. Oats firm at 80c. Pork at 29 50. Bacon easier; shoulders at 14½c; clear sides at 8¼a8½c. Lard firm; tierces at 20½a21c; keg at 21½a22c.

RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF LOUISVILLE.

FRIDAY, May 8, 1868.

ARRIVED.—America, Cincinnati; C. T. Dumont, Madison; Tarascon, Henderson; Westmoreland, Cincinnati; Glendale, Pittsburg; Dexter, New Orleans; W. F. Curtis, St. Louis.

DEPARTED—America, Cincinnati; C. T. Dumont, Madison; Tarascon, Henderson; Westmoreland, New Orleans; Glendale, St. Louis; Dexter, New Orleans; W. F. Curtis, Wheeling.

BOATS IN PORT LAST EVENINN—Pink Varble, Tempest and Palestine.

OUR DISPATCHES.

CINCINNATI, May 8.—River rose four and a half feet in the twenty-four hours preceding 6 o'clock this evening. There is thirty-eight feet water in the channel and sixty-four feet under the bridge for passing steamers. Business dull. Weather quite clear and cool. Arrivals—St. James, Maysville; Telegraph, Big Sandy; Belle Vernon, St. Louis; United States, Louisville; Blue Wing No. 3, Kentucky river; General Buell, Madison; Mary Ament, Chilo. Departures—St. James, Maysville; Telegraph, Big Sandy; Liberty No. 4, St. Louis; Belle Vernon, Pittsburg; United States, Louisville; Blue Wing No. 3, Kentucky river; General Buell, Madison; Mary Ament, Chilo; Potomac, Wheeling; Emma Floyd, Nashville.

ST. LOUIS, May 8.—Arrived, Great Republis, New Orleans; Muscatine, St. Paul; Shamrock, Cincinnati; Mary Davage, Pittsburg. Departed, Lady Gay and Mohawk and barges, New Orleans; Lady Grace, Cincinnati; Belle Memphis, Memphis; Key City, St. Paul. The river has risen about 6 inches. The Illinois, from Peoria down, and the Mississippi, below Keokuk, are out of their banks in many low places. Several towns on the latter river are entirely surrounded by water and communication with the back country is entirely cut off. The upper Mississippi is also rising slowly, and a slight swell is reported at Omaha. The weather is cloudy and cool but warmer than yesterday.

EVANSVILLE, May 8.—Weather very pleasant. The rain has ceased. River rising about ½ inch an hour. Port List—Clifton, Cincinnati to Memphis; Glendale, Pittsburg to St. Louis; Empire, from White river to Cincinnati, and Bermuda, from Louisville to Tennessee river.

NASHVILLE, May 8.—River rising; 13 feet on Harpeth shoals. Weather clear and cool. Arrived—Fanny Brandies, from Evansville; Talisman, from Cairo. Departed—Pine Grove, for Cincinnati; Fanny Brandies, for Evansville; Mayflour, for Cairo.

MEMPHIS, May 8.—Weather clear and pleasant. River fell 2 inches. Arkansas and White rivers falling, the former aapidly. Departed—Julia Kellogg and barges, for St. Louis; Richmond and Louisville, for Louisville; Continental, for New Orleans. In port—Sam. Hale and Belle St. Louis.

RIVER AND WEATHER.

The river at this point since our last has been swelling very fast, and last evening there was 13 feet 6 inches water in the canal by the mark and 10½ feet steamboat water on the falls. The rise since our last at the head of the falls was 3½ feet or over 10 feet at Portland. The rise continues to be very rapid, and the falls, which are now navigable for the largest class of boats, both ascending and descending, will remain so for ten days or two weeks to come. The late rains have been general along the entire Ohio and its courses, and, as the river is swelling at all points above, we would not be surprised if we were to have a freshet, if, indeed, not a flood. In view of this fact, it would be well for those living along the lower Ohio to be prepared for the same.

The weather here yesterday was clear and pleasant.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

Cincinnati	United States	3 P. M.
Madison	C. T. Dumont	9 A. M.
Madison	Mollie Gratz	1 P. M.
Kentucky river	Wren	3 P. M.
Henderson	Morning Star	4 P. M.
White river	Tempest	5 P. M.

PORT AND OTHER ITEMS.

Business at the city wharf looked rather more lively yesterday, though matters still remain very dull. The Henderson packet had a fair trip both ways, while the Dexter cleared for New Orleans with a fair trip of both freight and passengers for the season.

—The Meinotte, for St. Louis, and the New York, for Nashville, will both be found at the city wharf this morning.

—The City Council at Memphis are still fighting away to have the wharfboats removed from there.

—During the storm at St. Louis on Wednesday the Union docks were blown across the river and badly damaged.

—R. C. Edmonson, carpenter of the Dubuque, fell from the wheel of that boat at St. Louis Wenesday and was drowned.

—The following tow-boats left Pittsburg and went up the Allegheny, Wednesday, after tows of coal: Louisville, John Hanna, Oil Valley, Blue Lodge, Brilliant, Keystone, Gipsy and Wm. Barnhill.

FOR WHITE RIVER.—The Tempest is the regular White river packet to-day. She is a good staunch boat, furnishing the finest accommodations for passengers, her state rooms being neat and clean, while upon her tables will be found all that there is at a first-class hotel. The White river trade is a rich one to Louisville, and this regular packet should be sustained by our merchants. The Tempest leaves the city wharf at 5 o'clock in charge of Ike Shultz, a veteran boatman, assisted in the clerk's office by Mr. Hewitt, one of the most attentive clerks on the river.

—The towboat Warner, with seven barges, and the Fred. Wilson, with five barges and two flats of coal for this place, arrived yesterday.

COAL SUNK.—The Warner, on her trip down, sunk one of her barges, containing 10,000 bushels, just below the mouth of the Kanawha. The barge and coal will prove a total loss.

—The Richmond will arrive here Sunday. She will ascend the falls, and will leave the city wharf for New Orleans Tuesday.

—The great Belle Lee, for this port, leaves New Orleans to-day. She will arrive here Thursday, and return to New Orleans Saturday. She is running on schedule time, and parties may rely upon her leaving punctually as advertised.

—The Union Association of steamboat captains and owners, composed of delegates from the associations of New Orleans, St. Louis, Louisville, Pittsburg and Cincinnati, will meet in convention in this city on Monday next, unless the convention shall be postponed at the request of the New Orleans delegation.

—A warehouse, containing 400 bales of hay, on the Indiana shore, just below the mouth of Log Lick, on the Ohio river, was struck by lightning and burned, on Tuesday night.

—The towboat Home, bound for Little Rock, with a tow of ice, is laid up at Pine Bluff, being unable to stem the current.

LIST OF LETTERS

RECEIVED at the Louisville Postoffice up to 6½ o'clock P. M.

REPORTED DAILY FOR THE DEMOCRAT.

LADIES' LIST.

A
Agner miss Marion T
Abbott mrs Laura J
Adkins mrs M J

B
Bergen Eliza
Buckley miss Minnie
Brown mrs Mary (col)
Bell miss Emma
Buckner mrs Annie
Belman mrs Matilda
Burn mrs Elizabeth

C
Carter miss Amanda
Chase miss Theresa
Cown mrs Ann
Cox miss Anna
Crocher miss Addie

D
Donahue miss Mary 2
Duncan mrs Mattie
Donden mrs F N

E
Enderlin Henrietta R
Evans mrs Fraces F
Edgerly Anna R

F
Fisher miss Mollie
Fitch mrs Sallie P
Fenley mrs Mollie A
Flaherty miss mary F

G
Greeor mrs Sallie (col)
Griffin miss Sallie
Gorin mrs Amelia (col)
Galvan miss Bridget

H
Hessern Rose
Hutsonpiller miss Ella
Hart mrs Martha
Hatch mrs Catherine
Hashman mrs Harriet
Hynds miss Fannie

J
Johnson Emly
Johnson mrs Olive

K
Kendall mrs Sallie E
Kyle mrs Sarah J
Kester Maggie B

L
Larler Ester mrs
Lewes mrs Atlantic
Lemmon Julia mrs
Lucas mrs Dollie
Lancaster mrs Louisa
Lings miss Lizzie

M
Messeuger Sarah J
Miller mrs A E
Manning miss Mary A J

Mc
McDermott mrs
McElroy miss Sue C
McMurry mrs M J

O
O'Bryan miss Phoebe

R
Ricks Pauline (col)
Rittenhouse mrs M J

S
Sheadore Maggie
Shaw Adeline
Summer miss Sophie
Shanks miss Anna
Shanks mrs Lucinda
Saphronia miss P L
Stone mrs Dr Sidney
Shropshire mrs Lou
Sutherland Aarriet
Smith mrs Hattie F
Smith mrs Adelaide
Smith Harriet
Smith mrs Dianna
Smith miss Grace
Smith miss Lula
Sawtell mrs M
Snyder miss Hattie S

T
Talbert Elenora
Tydings mrs Sue W
Taulbort miss Elizabeth
Temple mrs Camilla

W
Winder mrs J M
Watson mrs Emma A
Wein mrs Nancy M
Willmer mrs Annie
Walters mrs Juliet
Watts mrs Louisa (col)

Y
Young Carrie

French.
Mlle Marie Claise
Loeta Mlle

Initials.
Miss J K

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

A
Applegate Sam T
Akery Frank
Archer J B Capt 2

B
Baker W N
Bence James
Butler Jno
Ball G R
Baker Jno W
Brenk S C
Barnard Sam'l
Barber Eli
Brindley Chas
Banks Chas
Black Jno A
Bowstead Wm
Barnett W A
Barrett Sandy (col)
Bell F R
Bullitt Austin
Bursley Chas
Berry H W Lt 10th Ky infty
Burton Wm
Black Jno F
Bowlin Edward
Brooks J M
Blankenbaker D W

C
Clifton C H
Comes E
Campbell And'w
Cline M C
Clark M
Chase Chas
Callahan John Capt
Calhand Jno
Charlet Lewis
Clark Andrew

D
Davenport J M
Danster H
De Mortague
Duggans Emmett
Davis Wm
Darrill J S
Dennis L C
Dolly H M
Dean John
Dillon Tim'thy M
Dodge & Deltz
Derrickson V B
Dean Albert

E
Estis Jno Lt 10th Ky infty
Evans H G

F
Fettis Jno
Foster Wm E
Ficklin J L
Farleigh Jno S
Fenley S S

G
Garrett Dock
Gardner Isaac W
Gordon Sam B
Grimes Wm
Gregory C
Glover Rufus
Gallagher Cushing 5
Gray Horace M

H
Hoagland Jas
Harbold W L
Hannis S
Harris Jeremiah C
Hankes D H 7
Hedges J H H
Hennebren A J
Harris Giles
Hall J F
Hooge W M
Helm Chas

J
Jones, Welbach & Co
Jones Thos
Johnson & Parsons

L
Lloyd W D C
Lawson John (minor)
Lane Orlando
Ledbetter D W W
Link Chas
Lawton J W
Livers Wm
Lowland G W
Long Jno
Lay Jas
Loy E W

M
Millen Dan
Mitchell A
Moss Chas LeR
Marrett Alex
Morton T G
Miles Jos (col)
Murrell Jas
Martin Wm
Morrison G R
Morgan Jas S
Milton Jacob H
Mitchell A J

Mc
McAlpine & Co M 5
McNichol Thos
McClenond Wm
McCartney Jos
McCurdy Jas
McLellan W J
McCormack Jno G

N
Nelson Geo W
Neal C S
Nichols J A Mc

O
Overstreet M R
Owen W E

P
Phillips Riley
Puffeman H H
Perry H T
Parker J E
Prune Joseph
Pelkins M
Prenticp Jas
Pogue Jas S
Paul J V
Proctor Sam'l
Phillips Richard
Palk J K
Park W T Dr

R
Reynolds J Lt 10th Ky infty
Ross Jas V
Richardson JnoJ
Ray L M
Richards Jno W
Robards Jos W

S
Scott G W
Shaffer Thos
Spinner Jno B
Shive M C
Smith G H
Schneibler Joe
Shrader T D
Stephens Walk'r
Summers Jno F
Shaffpr R G
Snyder Chas
Sanders Thos
Spain Abram
Scantlin J E
Smith V H

T
Tarbox J L
Thomas Jno H
Tally Jackson
Thompson Robertson
Todd H
Timmons John for Adline Schnell

V
Voorhees A L

W
Williams Nath'l
Wager S S
Wallace Jos H
Winter G
Wilson J J
Wilson Jas A
Woosley J H Dr 2
Wiggenton Sam
Wilson & Co J W
Whild W H
Wilkins J M

Y
Yager J W

Initials
S N

French.
Briswaldier F Mons

Italian.
Dalmazzo J W
Sarti G G

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say "advertised."

JOHN J. SPEED, Postmaster.

HOTEL ARRIVALS............May 8.

LOUISVILLE HOTEL.

C E Fullenwider, Ind	G Sarti, N Y
J M Shepherd, Mo	D C Gemble, Ill
Mrs Geo W Shaw, N Y	W H Hawkins, Tenn
Ben E Green, Baltimore	Mrs Hawkins, "
James Felts, Russellv,	M D Davie, "
Wm Henry, "	B R Cosbey, "
T A Gillum, "	Jas Burns & w, Nashv,
J E Jones & w, Macon	Miss Annie Holt, Macon
Henry Flad, St Louis	Jas S Andrews, St Louis
Thos J Whitman, St Lou	Wm H Woodford, Owensboro
E M Peters, Owensboro	
Geo P North, N Haven, Conn	T S Venable, Owensboro
	E H Wyant, N Y
Jno H Willett, Meade co	Thos McConnell, Ky
J N Lake, Wheeling, Va	Antonia DalMolin, N Y
J L Arguimbare, N Y	Allea Collins, Cin
D Kirkpatrick, Nashv	J B Graves, N Y
Jno M Berry, Gu	H Elton, N Y
J H Holcomb, N Y	Wm Childers, Princeton, Ky
W H Powell, Va	
T T Jones, Paducah	J N Maxey, Hawesville
H Hedrick, Buffalo	Jas Elder & w, Memphis
Mrs Griffing, Nashv	Miss Elder, "
Miss Griffing, "	C W Norton, Ala
J M Spurloch, Nashv	J D Johnson & w, Pittsb
G A Mayer, N Y	H Uhfelder, N Y
A Armstrong, Va	Z Shields, Va
W B Bosworth, Ark	A M Barnhash, Iowa
W W O'Neil, Pittsb	L V Fleming, Mo
N T Berry, Lebanon	J H Broughton, Ga
C A Patterson, Ky	Jno A Ward, Ky
J T Wyatt, Cin	P B Branham, Ky
A O Goshorn, Cin	M J Kennedy, Ky
W R Johnson, Ky	S K Sneed, Henderson
Jno F Smith, Ky	O Avery, N Y
Wm P Green & w, N Y	C F Smith & w, Memphis
Jno B Dovis, Memphis	Minor Merriwether, Mem
G W Bouse, Charleston, S C	W H H James, N Y
	Phil Hay, Ky
D B Smith, Ky	Dr M U Lind, Mansfield
Miss Lind, Ky	J M Minou, Galveston, Texas
Jno S Lacy, Ky	
W B Wilson, Ky	H C Uldrich, Baltimore
Jno J Chancellor, Balt	W B Grubbs & w, N Y
Jas Murphy, Pittsburg	W H Crutcher, Mercer co, Ky
McKinley Gibson, Lex	
Jno R Wilson, Henders'n	W M Jones, N C

WILLARD HOTEE.

P J Hute, Ind	W Cunningham, Dayton
F Huntington, Dayton	Geo Miller, Henderson
P Barbour, County	M Taylor, Ky
H J Taylor, Ky	F G Fromeyer, Cin
E J Fisbe, Ky	R F Nock, County
J H Maxwell, County	C C Faulds, Ohio
J W Adams & wife, Ky	S Jacques, Illinois
H Johnson, Tenn	S T Poston, New Orleans
J H Burton, Mass	D Wible, Nashville
H W Williams, Tenn	B Burton, Little Rock
S W Jarvis, Greencastle	S Thomas, Ky
E G Clarke, Auburn	J H Morton, Auburn
J Brakeman, D C	C Southworth, D C
W C Bush & wife, Altona	Miss Kate Lee, Altona
Miss M Bush, Altona	R Greathouse, Christ'n co
J W Straws, Chaplin Ky	J G Bryant, Indianapolis
C E Patterson, Ky	W P Melcher, St Louis
D Howard Smith, Ky	H J Klimper, Cin
D Bell, Hopkinsville	W B Bate, Nashville
J G Fessinger & wife, Ky	J R Rice, Ky
J R Witson, Henderson	C C Southerland, Chicago
L Sterling, Frankfort	Mrs Letcher & fam, Ky
C L Riddel, Tenn	Lee Head, Ky mil inst
W B Patch, Cin	H B Hervey, Ark
R H Morris, Russelville	W T McCrea, Frankfort
E W Randall, Smithfield	C G Edmonson, Madison
A P Gregory, Madison	E G Muntfort, Madison
G H Marvin, Maysville	Tim Dobson, Maysville
Chas E Granger, Kansas	L C Meyer, New York
Levi Blanksee, N Y	C G Munford, Baltimore
J C Dumont & wife, Ohio	Miss Munford, Baltimore
C W Armstrong & w, Ind	Miss D Armstrong, Ind
Miss M E Davis, Ind	M D Davis, Ind

UNITED STATES HOTEL.

L S Bledsoe, Columbus	John Ford, N Orleans
A Garrett, West Point	Mrs Ford, do
C M Doughters, Ind	V B Hall, Beard's Sta'tn
E B Davis, New York	R C Horde, Middletown
D Richardson, N Y	L Luin, Washington D C
O H Barnes, N Orleans	R G Hoyt, California
P W Sargeant, Conn	R H Briggs, Mo
S G Naly, Chicago	C W Fag, Ohio
L Duvall, Big Spring	M C Isaacs, Chicago
H McCord, Pittsburg	W Stedman, Tenn
B Nelson, Cincin	J B Woodward, Ky
M Norton, U S A	G D Blakey, do
J H Chrisman & l, N Y	A T Springer, do
H Verhoelf, do	P L Marshall, Indiana
N Swartz, Cosmopolite	

ALEXANDER HOUSE.

W Peeden, Miller's Creek	S Milner, Tenn
J E Sanders, Ky	J H Simpson, Ky
A T Kirk, Caseyville	J H Cunningham & l, Ky
A Taylor, Tenn	E Butler, Albany
Jno L Mitchell, Ky	J Johnston, Hart co
S M L Fry, Hart co	J Q Stanley, Madison, Ind
S B McEntire, Graves co	M McEntire, Graves co
J B Ford, New Albany	W J Schultz, L & N R R
J J Seay, Ga	Jo L Gilbert, Ga
J M Jordan, Glasgow	J T Hawkins, Ky
C H Hatcher, Tenn	Henry Bryan, Hart co
J R Wilborn, Tenn	S Dorin, Cincinnati
H J Hurt, Cincinnati	

NATIONAL HOTEL.

G Gardner, Ind	J W Newbank, Ind
A E Symmes, Ky	Jas Andurson, Penn
J Valentine, do	L Duvall, Big Spring
A Moreman, Brandenb	S J Skidmore, Fredonia
W C Culbertson, Covt'n	Mrs Brown & d, Covt'n
T H Boyd, N Y	J F Harrell, Ky
Mrs Walker, Brandenb	J W Bowling, Ky
H T Harris, Stanford	J R Rice, do
W Phelps, Bullitt co	A O Wilkes, do
L Hoglin, do	J W Russell, do
R H Cramp & l, Ky	J F White, do
W A Wannagan, U S A	Jas P Mead, Penn
J M Bossung, Ky	T H Jones, Nashville
J H Willett, Meade co	J S Calloway, Henry co
Z K Ashley, Trimble co	M H Comstock, Ill
R T Hardesty, county	

BOWLES HOUSE.

S H Harrison, Owensboro	A J Hutchison, Evansvle
J Gumbert, Pittsburg	B Stout, county
John Hunt, city	Chas Yoder, city
M Tucker, Spencer	P Starks & l, Spencer
C M Hubbard, Bloomfield	W A Hall, Bloomfield
W H Beymoth, city	Mat Boone, Fisherville
G W Welch, county	A G Lewis, Taylorsville
J E Mudd, Taylorsville	T F Carville, city
J W Wells, Taylorsville	J W Black, Taylorsville
M Reynolds, city	R A Hedges, Spencer
David Black, Taylorsville	

ST. CLOUD HOTEL.

A E Symmes county	R Huff O'Bannon's
D L Gregory county	Jas G Gregory county
Mrs Baker Cinn	John B Comes Cinn
Dr L L Pollock Fish'ville	J H Ward N Y
E L Tarbox Nash'lle	S M Powell city
G O Marsh N Albany	W W Foree Eminence
T Hartman Mt Clair	L Shackelford Caldwell Texas
J W McMichael city	
H Harned Boston Ky	W P Rodgers Ind'lis
S S Burgen Franklin Ind	Prof D Murry St Louis
Joseph Sullivan Ind	

SPURRIER HOUSE.

S R Carrigan, Meadesville	E Mulford, London
John Woodrow, Franklin	J M Jordon, Glasgow
T B Walder, Ky	J A Goodman, Ft Run
J S Johnson, Jefferson co	C E Turner, Crab Orchard
J Groves, Mitchelsville	C C Colmisnil, do
John R Knott, Tenn	J C Clifler, Tenn
J B Mayhew, Memphis	W S Johnson, Ky

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 985.

Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States, for the District of Kentucky, on the 17th day of March, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States, for the District of Kentncky, who prosecutes herein, in behalf of the United States, against 210 empty barrels, alleging in substance that the said barrels were seized on the 13th day of March, 1868, by E. L. Mottley, Collector of Internal Revenue, for a violation of section 22, Act of March 2d, 1867, of the internal revenue laws.

And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.

B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.

Dated March, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 1,016.

Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States, for the District of Kentucky, on the 4th day of May, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States, for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 1 wooden still, 1 copper worm, 1 copper cylinder heater, and 5 gallons distilled spirits, alleging in substance that the said articles were seized at Fulton county, by J. D. Kelley, Collector of Internal Revenue, for the First Collection District of Kentucky, on the 20th day of April, 1868, for a violation of the 23d section of the Act of the 13th of July, 1866, of the internal revenue laws.

And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemed as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.

B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.

Dated May, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 977.

Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 7th day of March, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against one engine, seven-inch cylinder; 1 engine, eight-inch cylinder; 1 grist-mill and machinery, 2 boilers, with necessary apparatus; 3 steam pumps, 2 mash tubs, 1 flake stand, 1 log still, 12 beer tubs, 1 cold-water tub, 1 hot-water tub, 1 car for drawing coal, two pumps, with pipes attached; 1 receiving cistern, 123 empty barrels, 19 barrels of whisky and 1,200 bushels of coal, alleging in substance that the said articles were seized by John R. Beckly, Collector of Internal Revenue, on the 6th day of March, 1868, for the following reasons, to-wit:

1st. For a violation of sections 23 and 24 of the act of 13th of July, 1866, of the Internal Revenue laws.

2d. For a violation of section 48 of the act of 30th June, 1864, of the Internal Revenue laws.

And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the motion under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for the said District, on the 1st day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf

W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.

B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.

Dated March, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 992.

Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States, for the District of Kentucky, on the 28th day of March, A. D., 1868, by H. B. Bristow, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 1 copper still, 2 wooden stills, 1 heater box and pipes, 2 large copper worms, 1 steam boiler and pipes, 42 tubs mash, 2 vats containing 2,340 pounds of mash, 1 lot low wines sufficient to make 40 gallons whisky, 50 bushels of meal, 50 mash tubs, 7 empty whisky barrels, 2 wooden pumps, 2 large troughs, 1 large receiving casks, 48 barrels whisky and 3 old branded barrels (empty), alleging in substance that the said articles were seized on the 23d of March, 1868, at Clark county, Ky., by R. M. Kelly, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Seventh Collection District of Kentucky, for the following reasons, to wit:

1st. For a violation of section 24 of the act of July 13th, 1866.

2d. For a violation of section 31 of the act of July 13th, 1866.

3d. For a violation of section 25 of the act of July 13th, 1866, of the internal revenue laws.

And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.

B. H. Bristow, United States Attorney.

Dated March, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 994.

Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 30th day of March, A. D. 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 4½ bbls whisky, and all the tools, implements, instruments and personal property appertaining or belonging to the distillery of Dorsel & Wulftange, in the city of Covington, Ky., more particularly specified in the information, alleging in substance that the said articles were seized by Jas. I. Hudnall, Collector of Internal Revenue, at Covington, on the 17th day of March, A. D., 1868, for the following reason, to-wit:

1st. For a violation of section 48 of the act of June 30th, 1864, as amended July 13th, 1866, of the internal revenue laws.

And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said district, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.

B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.

Dated March, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 982.

Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 13th day of March, A. D. 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States against 1 steam engine and boiler and fixtures; 115 mash-tubs filled with beer and mash, about 80 gallons each; 1 engine (old); 2 wooden troughs; 2 wooden stills, capacity 80 gallons each; 1 copper still, capacity 80 gallons; 1 flake-stand and worm; 1 18-inch corn mill; 1 flake-stand and copper worm; 1 wooden pump; 1 meal garner; 250 bushels corn; 4 bushels malt; 75 bushels rye; 6 barrels whisky, containing about 200 gallons; 33 empty whisky barrels, and 57 barrels whisky—alleging, in substance, the said articles were seized by John R. Beckley, Collector of Internal Revenue, in Washington county, on the 10th day of March, 1868, for the following reasons, to wit:

1st. For a violation of section 38 of the act of July 13, 1866, and of section 25 of the act of March 2, 1867.

2d. For a violation of section 34 of the act of July 13, 1866, of the internal revenue laws.

And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.

B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.

Dated March, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 909.

Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 7th day of February, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein, in behalf of the United States, against 4 bbls distilled spirits, 48 mash-tubs, 1 wooden still, 1 copper still, 1 ten-horse (Blandy) engine and boiler, 1 corn mill, 1 flake stand, 3 large water troughs, 60 feet gum hose, 1,000 bushels corn, 40 bushels rye, alleging in substance that the said articles were seized, on the 4th day of February, 1868, at Lincoln county, by R. M. Kelly, Collector of Internal Revenue, for the following causes, to-wit:

1st. For a violation of section 45 of the act of July 13th, 1866, internal revenue laws.

2d. For a violation of section 48 of the act of June 30, 1864, and of section 9, act of July 13th, 1866, internal revenue laws.

3d. For a violation of section 25 of the act of March 2d, 1867, and of section 31 of the act of July 13th, 1866, internal revenue laws.

And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give pubiic notice to all persons claiming said articles, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said district, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.

B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.

Dated ——, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 989.

Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 27th day of March, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 1 copper still, 1 wooden still, 1 steam boiler and pipes, 48 mash tubs filled with mash, 60 empty mash tubs, 20 bushels of meal, 25 gallons low wines, 19 barrels and 4 gallons distilled spirits, alleging in substance that the said articles were seized on the 18th March, 1868, by R. M. Kelly, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Seventh Collection District of Kentucky, for the following reasons, to-wit:

1st. For violation of section 25 of the act of 13th of July, 1866.

2d. For a violation of section 45 of the act of 13th of July, 1866.

And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said district, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.

B. H. BRISTOW, U. S. Attorney.

Dated March, 1868. my6

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 1,015.

Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 28th day of April, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 2 copper stills, 2 flake stands, 1 worm, 27 mash tubs and 1 heater box, alleging in substance that the said articles were seized at Jefferson county on the 25th April, 1868, by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fifth District of Kentucky, for a violation of section 28 of the act of 13th July, 1866, of the Internal Revenue laws.

And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.

B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.

Dated April, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, district of Kentucky—ss. No. 1,003.

Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 2d day of April, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 25 barrels of distilled spirits, alleging in substance that the said spirits were seized at Louisville, on the 2d day of April, 1868, by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue, for a violation of section 45 of the act of 13th July, 1866, of the Internal Revenue laws.

And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said district, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.

B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.

Dated, April, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 942.

Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 13th day of February, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 25 barrels of distilled spirits, alleging in substance that the said spirits were seized at Louisville on the 10th day of February, 1868, by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue, for a violation of section 45 of the act of July 13, 1866, of the internal revenue laws.

And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said district, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.

B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.

Dated February, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 910.

Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 13th day of February, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States against 16 barrels distilled spirits, alleging in substance that the said spirits were seized at Louisville on the 10th of February, 1868, by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue, for an alleged violation of section 45 of the act of July 13th, 1866, of the internal revenue laws.

And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.

B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.

Dated February, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 1,010.

Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 20th day of April, A. D. 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 1 still and worm, 1 flake stand, 6 tubs beer and 3 beer tubs, alleging in substance that the said articles were seized at Knox county, on the 15th day of April, 1868, by J. V. G. Brow, Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue, for the Eighth Collection District of Kentucky, for a violation of the 23d section of the act of 13th July, 1866, of the Internal Revenue laws.

And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held at the City of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.

B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.

Dated April, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 988.

Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 27th day of March, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 5 barrels (189 gallons) apple brandy, alleging in substance that the said brandy was seized at Manchester on the 4th day of February, 1868, by W. J. Landram, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Eighth District of Kentucky, for the following reasons, to-wit:

1st. That the said brandy, on which taxes were imposed, and which had not been paid, was found in the possession, custody and control of certain persons, to the attorney aforesaid unknown, for the purpose of being sold and removed by such persons in fraud of the Internal Revenue laws.

2d. That said brandy, on which taxes were imposed, was found in the possession of certain persons, to the said attorney unknown, for the purpose of being sold and removed by such persons with design to avoid payment of said taxes; and that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said district, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.

B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.

Dated March, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 1,014.

Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 25th day of April, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 5 barrels of distilled spirits, alleging in substance that the said spirits were seized at Louisville, on the 23d day of April, 1868, by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fifth District of Kentucky, for the following reasons, to-wit:

1st. For a violation of section 45 of the act of 13th July, 1866.

2d. For a violation of section 43 of the act of 13th July, 1866, as amended by section 10 of the act of March 20, 1867, of the internal revenue laws.

And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said district, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.

B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.

Dated April, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No. 1,007.

Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 6th day of April, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against 3 barrels of distilled spirits, alleging in substance that the said spirits were seized at Louisville on the 4th April, 1868, by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fifth District of Kentucky, for a violation of section 45 of the act of 13th July, 1866, of the Internal Revenue laws.

And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.

B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.

Dated April, 1868. my6

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of Kentucky—ss. No 1,011.

Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 27th day of April, A. D., 1868, by B. H. Bristow, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States, against three barrels of distilled spirits, alleging in substance that the said spirits were seized at Louisville, on the 25th day of April, 1868, by Philip Speed, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fifth District of Kentucky, for a violation of the 45th section of the act of the 13th of July, 1866, of the Internal Revenue laws.

And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next May term, the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in their behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.

B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney.

Dated April, 1868. my6